

COLORADO Department of Revenue

Marijuana Enforcement Division

DRAFT RULE REVISIONS

Colorado Marijuana Rules 1 CCR 212-3

Part 1 – General Applicability

Please Note: The following revised and new definitions stem from the adoption of SB 23-271. Not all definitions added in the bill are reflected in these proposed rules. Revised and new definitions reflected below represent those terms that are utilized in the rules throughout Parts 2 - 8. Additionally, terms like "industrial hemp" and "industrial hemp product" have been revised throughout the rules to remove "industrial" in accordance with SB 23-271. Revisions may also address other typographical errors identified by MED.

Basis and Purpose – 1-115

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-202(1)(j), and 44-10-103, C.R.S., and all of the Marijuana Code. The purpose of this rule is to provide necessary definitions of terms used throughout the rules. Defined terms are capitalized where they appear in the rules, to let the reader know to refer back to these definitions. When a term is used in a conventional sense, and is not intended to be a defined term, it is not capitalized. This Rule 1-115 was previously Rules M and R 103, 1 CCR 212-1 and 1 CCR 212-2.

1-115 - Definitions

<u>Definitions.</u> The following definitions of terms, in addition to those set forth in section 44-10-103, C.R.S., apply to all rules promulgated pursuant to the Marijuana Code, unless the context requires otherwise:

"Exit Package" means an Opaque bag or other similar Opaque covering provided at the point of sale, in which Regulated Marijuana already in a Container is placed. If Regulated Marijuana flower, trim, or seeds are placed into a Container that is not Child-Resistant, then the Exit Package must be Child-Resistant. The Exit Package is not required to be labeled in accordance with the 3-100<u>O</u> Series Rules.

"Genetic Material" means:

- a. Small amounts or fragments of the marijuana plant that are unusable and unrecognizable as marijuana or a consumable marijuana product that are:
 - i. Intended for use for the purposes of propagation of plants in an artificial environment, also known as tissue culture; or
 - ii. Intended for the purposes of genetic testing, such as a hop latent viroid testing or plant sex testing.
- b. Genetic Material does not mean:
 - i. Immature Plants;
 - ii. Marijuana seeds;

- iii. Marijuana plant material that is used for the extraction of cannabinoids or terpenes, or the production of any consumable product or ingredient;
- iv. Genetic Material not extracted directly from marijuana;
- v. Genetic Material derived from artificially genetically modified organisms;
- vi. Any substance derived from or intended for use in biosynthetic substances or processes.

"Hemp" means the plant Cannabis sativa L. and any part of the plant, including the seeds of the plant and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no more than three-tenths of one percent on a dry weight basis.

"Hemp Product" means a finished product that contains Hemp and that:

- a. Is a cosmetic, a dietary supplement, a food, a food additive, or an herb;
- b. Is intended for human use or consumption;
- c. Contains any part of the Hemp plant, including naturally occurring cannabinoids, compounds, concentrates, extracts isolates, or resins;
- d. Is produced from Hemp;
- e. Contains no more than 1.75 milligrams of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) per serving; and
- f. Contains a ratio of cannabidiol (CBD) to THC of greater than or equal to 15 to one (15:1).

"Industrial Hemp" means a plant of the genus Cannabis and any part of the plant, whether growing or not, containing a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) concentration of no more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry weight basis.

"Industrial Hemp Product" means a finished product containing Industrial Hemp that:

- a. Is a cosmetic, food, food additive, or herb;
- b. Is for human use or consumption;
- c. Contains any part of the hemp plant, including naturally occurring Cannabinoids, compounds, concentrates, extracts, isolates, resins, or derivatives; and
- d. Contains a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of no more than threetenths of one percent.

"Intoxicating Cannabinoid" means a cannabinoid that is classified as an intoxicating cannabinoid in section 44-10-209 or by the State Licensing Authority by rule, in coordination with the Department of Public Health and Environment.

"Retail Marijuana" means all parts of the plant of the genus cannabis whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds, or its resin, including but not limited

to Retail Marijuana Concentrate, that is cultivated, manufactured, distributed, or sold by a licensed Retail Marijuana Business. "Retail Marijuana" does not include industrial hemp, nor does it include fiber produced from stalks, oil, or cake made from the seeds of the plant, sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination, or the weight of any other Ingredient combined with marijuana to prepare topical or oral administrations, food, drink, or other product. If the context requires, Retail Marijuana includes Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product.

"Safe Harbor Hemp Product" means a hemp-derived compound or cannabinoid, whether a finished product or in the process of being produced, that is permitted to be manufactured for distribution, produced for distribution, packaged for distribution, processed for distribution, prepared for distribution, treated for distribution, transported for distribution, or held for distribution in Colorado for export from Colorado but that is not permitted to be sold or distributed in Colorado.

"Sample Increment Collection" means the gathering of Sample Increments to combine into a larger, composite Test Batch.

<u>"Sample Plan" means a written, documented plan generated by Designated Test Batch</u> <u>Collector(s) in line with the Regulated Marijuana Business' Standard Operating Procedure for</u> <u>Sample Increment Collection.</u>

"Sampling Manager" means an Owner Licensee or management personnel holding an Employee Licensee designated by a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer, Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility, or Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer to receive Transfers of Sampling Units pursuant to Rules 5-230, 5-320, 6-225, and 6-320.

"Sample Plan" means a written, documented plan generated by Designated Test Batch Collector(s) in line with the Regulated Marijuana Business' Standard Operating Procedure for Sample Increment Collection.

"Semi-synthetic Cannabinoid" means a substance that is created by a chemical reaction that converts one cannabinoid extracted from a cannabis plant 38 directly into a different cannabinoid.

- a. Semi-synthetic cannabinoid includes cannabinoids, such as cannabinol (CBN) that was produced by the conversion of cannabidiol (CBD).
- b. Semi-synthetic cannabinoid does not include cannabinoids produced via decarboxylation of naturally occurring acidic forms of cannabinoids, such as tetrahydrocannabinolic acid, into the corresponding neutral cannabinoid, such as THC, through the use of heat or light, without the use of chemical reagents or catalysts, and that results in no other chemical change.

"Synthetic Cannabinoid" means a cannabinoid-like compound that was produced by using chemical synthesis, chemical modification, or chemical conversion, including by using in-vitro biosynthesis or other bioconversion of such a method.

a. Synthetic cannabinoid does not include:

i. A compound produced through the decarboxylation of naturally occurring cannabinoids from their acidic forms; or

ii. A semi-synthetic cannabinoid.

Part 3 – Regulated Marijuana Business Operations

3-100 Series – General Privileges and Limitations

Basis and Purpose – 3-110

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(g), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-401(2), 44-10-701(1)(a), 44-10-701(3)(d), and 44-10-701(3)(f), C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to clarify that, except for in a Licensed Hospitality Business, it is unlawful for a Regulated Marijuana Business to allow consumption on the Licensed Premises.

3-110 – Regulated Marijuana Businesses: General Restrictions

- A. <u>Consumption Prohibited.</u>
 - 1. <u>Applicability</u>. This subparagraph (A) applies to all Regulated Marijuana Businesses, except Licensed Hospitality Businesses.
 - 2. Licensees shall not permit the consumption of marijuana or marijuana product on the Licensed Premises or in transport vehicles, including any Sampling Units Transferred to a Sampling Manager.
- B. <u>Alcohol Beverage License Prohibited</u>. A Person may not operate a license issued pursuant to the Marijuana Code and these rules at the same Licensed Premises as a license or permit issued pursuant to article 3, 4 or 5 of Title 44.
- C. Safe Harbor Hemp Products. A Regulated Marijuana Business may not possess or Transfer Safe Harbor Hemp Products.

3-300 Series – Health and Safety Regulations

Please Note: The following proposed rule revisions are the results of ongoing discussions with and proposals stakeholders through the MED-CDPHE Quarterly Science and Policy Forum. While MED has been actively engaged through stakeholder discussions and surveys to understand the decontamination methods being used in the industry today, we are continuing to evaluate, seeks feedback on, and will determine prior to the permanent rulemaking hearing whether to propose these revisions for final adoption. Specifically, MED is requesting feedback and input from stakeholders regarding the following questions related to all methods of decontamination (as relevant) that may be incorporated into rules:

- 1. Do any of the methods proposed introduce occupational or product safety concerns that should be flagged for discussion or otherwise addressed through proposed rule revisions?
- 2. Are there additional safety requirements that should be required for any of the methods proposed?
- 3. Do the proposed rule revisions adequately address concerns regarding the uniform treatment of Harvest Batches? Are there recommendations for additional language to ensure uniform treatment of Harvest Batches?
- 4. Should products that have been subject to decontamination following a failed test have any additional testing requirements such as potency because of potential impacts from the decontamination method?
- 5. Should products that have been subject to decontamination be required to include additional labeling?

Basis and Purpose – 3-320

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(g), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(2)(dd)(X), and 44-10-203(3)(c), C.R.S.

Authority also exists in the Colorado Constitution at Article XVIII, Subsection 16(5)(a)(VII). This rule prohibits a Regulated Marijuana Business from Transferring any contaminated Regulated Marijuana or Regulated Marijuana Product to any Person or another Regulated Marijuana Business. <u>Additionally, this rule provides permitted approved decontamination methods that a Licensee may utilize in the course of their business. These provisions outline the minimum requirements a Licensee must comply with to utilize approved decontamination methods and do not reflect an endorsement of these methods.</u>

3-320 – Contaminated Product & Approved Decontamination Methods

- A. A Regulated Marijuana Business shall not accept or Transfer to any Person any Regulated Marijuana that has failed required testing pursuant to Rule 4-120 or Rule 4-125, unless otherwise permitted in these rules. See Rule 4-135. If, despite the prohibitions in these rules, another Regulated Marijuana Business Transfers any Regulated Marijuana that has failed or subsequently fails required testing pursuant to Rule 4-120 or Rule 4-125, the receiving Regulated Marijuana Business shall ensure that all Regulated Marijuana that failed required testing are safely disposed of in accordance with Rule 3-230.
- B. Approved Decontamination Methods. Licensees are permitted to use only approved Decontamination techniques to treat an entire Harvest Batch or Production Batch. Licensees must not use a technique to treat a Test Batch alone. The following methods are approved for use as Decontamination:
 - 1. Ozone treatment.
 - a. Equipment requirements: Non-enclosed ozone generating equipment. A Licensee who seeks to use non-enclosed ozone generating equipment for Decontamination must comply with the following safety requirements, which must be documented in a standard operating procedure:
 - i. Sufficient air filtration and/or handling systems to protect worker safety, meet manufacturer safety recommendations, and comply with any federal, state, or local regulations pertaining to ozone generating equipment, exposure limits, and exhaust; and
 - ii. Review by an Industrial Hygienist that includes, at a minimum:
 - A. Consideration of volume and storage of chemicals;
 - B. Fire safety considerations;
 - C. Ambient levels of chemicals (e.g. ozone, etcetera);
 - D. Environmental monitoring;
 - E. Appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE); and
 - F. Any Material Change in the Licensee's standard operating procedures or processes requires subsequent Industrial Hygienist review and approval.
 - b.Equipment requirements: Sealed enclosure ozone generating equipment. ALicensee who seeks to use sealed enclosure ozone generating equipment forDecontamination must comply with the following safety requirements, which mustbe documented in a standard operating procedure:

- i. Sufficient air filtration and/or handling systems to protect worker safety, meet manufacturer safety recommendations, and comply with any federal, state, or local regulations pertaining to ozone generating equipment, exposure limits, and exhaust; and
- ii. To be considered a sealed enclosure, the equipment must have a device that degrades ozone into molecular oxygen (O₂) or other components that are safe for human exposure.
- 2. X-ray irradiation in a sealed enclosure instrument. A Licensee who uses x-ray irradiation in a sealed enclosure instrument for Decontamination must comply with the following safety requirements, which must be documented in a standard operating procedure:
 - a. Radiation survey and dosimeter badges for operators in compliance with manufacturer safety recommendations; and
 - b. Inspection by a Colorado registered qualified inspector and certification by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment X-ray Certification Unit.
- 3. Ultraviolet light (UV) irradiation. A Licensee who seeks to use UV light irradiation for Decontamination must have radiation survey and dosimeter badges for operators in compliance with manufacturer safety recommendations, which must be documented in a standard operating procedure:
- 4. Microwave. A Licensee who seeks to use microwave for Decontamination must comply with the following safety requirements, which must be documented in a standard operating procedure:
 - a. Radiation survey and dosimeter badges for operators in compliance with manufacturer safety recommendations; and
 - b. Microwave equipment used for Decontamination shall be constructed, inside and outside, in a manner that it may be adequately cleaned.
- 5. Vaporized hydrogen peroxide in a sealed enclosure instrument. A Licensee who seeks to use vaporized hydrogen peroxide in a sealed enclosure instrument for Decontamination must have sufficient air filtration and/or handling systems to protect worker safety, meet manufacturer safety recommendations, and comply with and federal, state or local regulations pertaining to reactive oxygen species generating equipment, exposure limits, and exhaust, which must be documented in a standard operating procedure.
- C. Required Safety Measures. A Licensee who seeks to use any of the above approved Decontamination methods must have standard operating procedures that also include:
 - 1. Proper training of personnel operating the equipment or working in the vicinity of the equipment;
 - 2. Proper use of appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) and requiring that PPE be worn by anyone working in the vicinity of the decontamination equipment;
 - 3. Compliance with all manufacturer safety recommendations; and
 - 4. Any additional safety mitigation measures recommended by the manufacturer.

- D. The Decontamination method must be accurately documented in the Inventory Tracking System for packages that have been decontaminated.
 - a. Uniform treatment of Harvest Batches prior to Sample Increment Collection is required. Storage of Test Batches after collection and prior to Transfer to a Licensed Marijuana Testing Facility shall be consistent with storage conditions of the Harvest Batch that they were pulled from, including but not limited to temperature, airflow, and humidity. Equipment used for Decontamination shall be located in a Limited Access Area of the Licensed Premises.
 - b. Equipment used for Decontamination shall be used exclusively for the purpose of Decontamination.
 - c. No other activity is permitted to be used including, but not limited to preparing food.
- D. Decontamination Methods Approval Process. A Licensee may submit a request to the Division to consider approval of a Decontamination method not permitted under this Rule. The request must include scientific data and evidence on the principles and efficacy of the method and detail all aspects of the Decontamination method including associated safety risks and appropriate safety mitigation steps including training requirements, use of personal protective equipment (PPE), and the appropriate occupational, environmental, and product/consumer safety precautions, including any safety-related manufacturer recommendations.

Basis and Purpose – 3-330

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(g), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(2)(i), 44-10-203(3)(c), 44-10-203(3)(e), and 44-10-1001, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to clarify the minimum health and safety requirements imposed on a Medical or Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility. The State Licensing Authority has determined the cultivation of Medical or Retail Marijuana requires the application of processes and procedures, and the use of materials, chemicals, and pesticides which, if improperly used, may be potentially harmful to employees and consumers. Therefore, the cultivation of Medical or Retail Marijuana must be performed in a manner that reduces the likelihood of exposure to such materials, chemicals and pesticides, or other microbials or molds. The State Licensing Authority intends for this rule to reduce any product contamination, which will benefit both the Licensees and consumers. The State Licensing Authority intends for Medical Marijuana and those adopted by the Colorado Department Revenue for Medical Marijuana businesses and the safety of the public.

3-330 – Cultivation of Regulated Marijuana: Specific Health and Safety Requirements

- A. <u>Additional Sanitary Requirements</u>. In addition to the general sanitary requirements in Rule 3-310, a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall take all reasonable measure and precautions to ensure the following:
 - 1. That all contact surfaces, including utensils and equipment used for the preparation of Regulated Marijuana, Physical Separation-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate, or Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana shall be cleaned and sanitized as frequently as necessary to protect against contamination. Equipment and utensils shall be so designed and of such material and workmanship as to be adequately cleanable and shall be properly maintained. Only sanitizers and disinfectants registered with the Environmental Protection Agency shall be used in a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility;

- 2. That the water supply shall be sufficient for the operations intended and shall be derived from a source that is a regulated water system. Private water supplies shall be derived from a water source that is capable of providing a safe, potable, and adequate supply of water to meet the Licensed Premises' needs. Reclaimed water may also be used only for the cultivation of Regulated Marijuana to the extent authorized under the Reclaimed Water Control Regulations (5 CCR 1002-84), and subject to approval of the Water Quality Control Division of the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and the local water provider;
- 3. That plumbing shall be of adequate size and design and adequately installed and maintained to carry sufficient quantities of water to required locations throughout the plant and that shall properly convey sewage and liquid disposable waste from the Licensed Premises. There shall be no cross-connections between the potable water, reclaimed water, and waste water lines; and
- 4. That any room used for the cultivation of Regulated Marijuana has measures to prevent the accumulation of dangerous levels of CO₂.
- B. <u>Pesticide Application</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only use Pesticide in accordance with the "Pesticide Act" sections 35-9-101 et seq., C.R.S., the "Pesticides Applicators' Act," sections 35-10-101 et seq., C.R.S., and all other applicable federal, state, and local laws, statutes, rules and regulations. This includes, but shall not be limited to, the prohibition on detaching, altering, defacing or destroying, in whole or in part, any label on any Pesticide. The Colorado Department of Agriculture's determination that the Licensee used any quantity of a Pesticide that would constitute a violation of the Pesticide Act or the Pesticide Applicators' Act shall constitute prima facie evidence of a violation of this Rule.
- C. <u>Application of Other Agricultural Chemicals</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only use agricultural chemicals, other than a Pesticide, in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, statutes, rules, and regulations.

Please Note: The following are stakeholder proposals from the Quarterly Science and Policy Forum that the MED is continuing to evaluate and provide feedback on. The Division continues to have questions, as expressed in previous Science & Policy Forums, related to the operability of these provisions and required resources the Division would need in order to implement, monitor, and manage compliance related to these revisions. For example, the Division urges stakeholders to consider more specific standards that are publicly available and measurable against that can assist both Licensees and the Division in evaluating overall compliance with Reduced Testing Allowance. Additionally, if this proposal moves forward for the State Licensing Authority's consideration, there may be additional terms requiring definitions (e.g. Biological Hazard, Critical Control Point, etc.)

- D. <u>Required Documentation</u>.
 - 1. <u>Standard Operating Procedures</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility must establish written standard operating procedures for the cultivation, harvesting, drying, curing, trimming, packaging, storing, and sampling for testing of Regulated Marijuana, and the processing, packaging, storing, and sampling for testing of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and the processing, rolling, filling or similar process, packaging, storing and sampling for testing of Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana made from Physical Separation-Based Concentrate. A copy of all standard operating procedures must be maintained on the Licensed Premises of the Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility.
 - a. The standard operating procedures must include when, and the manner in which, all Pesticide and other agricultural chemicals are to be applied during its cultivation process.

- b. The standard operating procedures must also include any methods and processes related to Decontamination of Harvest Batches.
 - i. The standard operating procedures must also include detailed descriptions of any methods and processes related to Decontamination of Harvest Batches including steps to meet safety mitigation requirements associated with the Decontamination method in use. This documentation must demonstrate that appropriate occupational, environmental, and product / consumer safety procedures are in place, including any safety-related manufacturer recommendations. Standard operating procedures must also document steps to ensure uniformity of treatment of the entire Harvest Batch or Production Batch during the Decontamination process.
 - ii. Use of Decontamination and Remediation techniques must be accurately documented in the Inventory Tracking System.
- c. If a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility produces Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana made from Physical Separation-Based Concentrate, the standard operating procedures must include all methods and processes related to the creation of each type of Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana product, including but not limited to, the strains used, where strains are sourced, which parts of Harvest Batches are used (e.g. flower, shake, trim), the size of the product (e.g. 1 gram pre-rolls), and how much and what type of Regulated Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana it produces.
- d. Provide adequate training to every Owner Licensee and Employee Licensee who performs a task or set of tasks that are referenced in the standard operating procedures. Adequate training must include, but need not be limited to, providing a copy of the standard operating procedures for that Licensed Premises detailing at least all of the topics required to be included in the standard operating procedures.
- e. Effective July 1, 2024, a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility may achieve a Reduced Testing Allowance for microbial contaminant testing if the Licensee has a Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) System containing elements defined in ASTM D8250-19: "Standard Practice for Applying a Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points (HACCP) System for Cannabis Consumable Products" that addresses each product type to receive Reduced Testing Allowance for microbial contaminant testing. This HACCP System must address biological hazards at minimum, and may also address additional hazards such as chemical hazards and physical hazards.
 - If a Critical Control Point (CCP) is found to be outside of the Critical Limits (CLs) established in the HACCP plan during the production of a Harvest Batch(es) then this Harvest Batch(es) shall be submitted for microbial contaminant testing.
 - A. If the Harvest Batch passes microbial contaminant testing, then there is no effect on the Reduced Testing Allowance and the Harvest Batch may be Transferred.
 - B. If the Harvest Batch fails microbial contaminant testing, then the Licensee shall follow Rule 4-120(F)(2) to reauthorize the Reduced Testing Allowance for microbial contaminants.

<u>ii.</u>	The HACCP System shall be documented as per ASTM D8250-	
		12. The following records must be kept during the time that a ted Marijuana Cultivation Facility qualifies for and maintains a
	Reduced Testing Allowance for microbial contaminants and for	
		e Reduced Testing Allowance expires for any reason:
	<u>A.</u>	List of the HACCP team, including relevant experience;
	В.	Product description and intended use for each product type
		receiving a Reduced Testing Allowance for microbial
		contaminants;
	<u>C.</u>	Verified Process Flow Diagram, including Critical Control Points
		<u>(CCPs);</u>
	D.	Hazard Analysis;
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	<u>E.</u>	List of CCPs and reasoning as to how they were identified;
	<u>F.</u>	List of Critical Limits (CLs) and reasoning as to how they were
		selected;
	<u>G.</u>	List of Monitoring Procedures for CCPs;
	<u>H.</u>	List of pre-planned Corrective Actions in case of deviations;
	<u>l.</u>	List of verification procedures;
	<u>J.</u>	HACCP system summary page that includes:
		<u>1. CCPs;</u>
		2. Critical Limits (CLs);
		3. Monitoring Procedures;
		4. Corrective Actions related to specific CCPs;
		5. Verification procedures; and
		6. Record Titles associated with the CCP activities (i.e. The
		Water Activity Monitoring Logbook, etc.);
	<u>K.</u>	Support documentation of the CCP validation (i.e. microbial
		contaminants testing results for Reduced Testing Allowance
		gualification and maintenance periods); and
	<u>L.</u>	Documents generated during operational activities related to the
		HACCP system, including at minimum: Verified Monitoring Logs
		for CCPs, Corrective and Preventive Actions documentation related to CCPs, and Material Changes related to HACCP
		system.

2. <u>Material Change</u>. If a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility makes a Material Change to its cultivation procedures, it must document the change and revise its standard

operating procedures accordingly. Records detailing the Material Change must be maintained on the relevant Licensed Premises.

- 3. <u>Safety Data Sheet</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility must obtain a safety data sheet for any Pesticide or other agricultural chemical used or stored on its Licensed Premises. A Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility must maintain a current copy of the safety data sheet for any Pesticide or other agricultural chemical on the Licensed Premises where the product is used or stored.
- 4. <u>Labels of Pesticide and Other Agricultural Chemicals</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility must have the original label or a copy thereof at its Licensed Premises for all Pesticide and other agricultural chemicals used during its cultivation process.
- 5. <u>Pesticide Application Documentation</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility that applies any Pesticide to any portion of a Regulated Marijuana plant during cultivation or generally within the Licensed Premises must document, and maintain a record on its Licensed Premises of, the following information:
 - a. The name, signature, and Employee License number of the individual who applied the Pesticide;
 - b. Applicator certification number if the applicator is licensed through the Department of Agriculture in accordance with the "Pesticides Applicators' Act," sections 35-10-101 et seq., C.R.S.;
 - c. The date and time of the application;
 - d. The EPA registration number of the Pesticide applied;
 - e. Any of the active ingredients of the Pesticide applied;
 - f. Brand name and product name of the Pesticide applied;
 - g. The restricted entry interval from the product label of any Pesticide applied;
 - h. The RFID tag number of the Regulated Marijuana plant(s) that the was applied to or if applied to all plants, a statement to that effect; and
 - i. The total amount of each Pesticide applied.
- E. <u>Adulterants</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility may not treat or otherwise adulterate Regulated Marijuana with any chemical or other compound whatsoever to alter its color, appearance, weight, or smell.

Please Note: The Division is considering rule revisions related to semi-synthetic and synthetic cannabinoid production, as permitted or prohibited under the authority granted in SB 23-271. In considering whether or not to allow semi-synthetic or synthetic cannabinoid production, the Division has the following questions (also included in the Work Group #1 Agenda):

- 1. What are the range of semi-synthetic or synthetic cannabinoids that regulated marijuana products manufacturers are interested in producing?
- 2. Is there data on demand for these products derived from marijuana?
- 3. What are the scope of risks that we can anticipate if manufacturers are allowed to produce semisynthetic cannabinoids? Synthetic cannabinoids?

- 4. What public health and safety considerations (consumer, occupational, environmental, hazardous waste, etcetera) should any rules that allow or prohibit production of semi-synthetic or synthetic cannabinoids cover?
- 5. What additional testing requirements should be included in rule if the State Licensing Authority adopts rules that allow manufacturers to produce semi-synthetic cannabinoids? Synthetic cannabinoids?

Basis and Purpose - 3-335

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(f), 44-10-203(2)(g), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(2)(i), 44-10-202(2)(y), 44-10-203(3)(b), 44-10-203(3)(c), 44-10-203(3)(d), 44-10-203(3)(e), 44-10-203(3)(g), and 44-10-1001, C.R.S. The State Licensing Authority has determined the manufacturing of Medical or Retail Marijuana Infused Products involves the application of processes and procedures, materials, chemicals, and additives, which, if improperly applied, may cause harm to employees and consumers. Therefore, the purpose of this Rule is to clarify the minimum and specific health and safety requirements imposed on a Medical or Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturing Facility. This Rule clarifies which Edible Medical or Retail Marijuana Products, due to their specific composition, are *per se* practicable to mark with the Universal Symbol but exempts certain Liquid Products from the Universal Symbol requirements. Additionally, the Rule imposes manufacturing and production requirements (e.g. prohibiting products from being shaped like fruit or humans), identifies the standard THC portion, prohibits licensees from using commercial food products to remanufacture Medical or Retail Marijuana Products, and prohibits the use of toxic additives.

3-335 – Production of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate and Regulated Marijuana Products: Specific Health and Safety Requirements

- A. <u>Training</u>.
 - 1. Prior to engaging in the manufacture of any Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product each Owner Licensee or Employee Licensee must:
 - a. Have a currently valid Food Handler Certificate obtained through the successful completion of an online assessment or print exam; or
 - b. Take a food safety course that includes basic food handling training and is comparable to, or is a course given by, the Colorado State University extension service or a state, county, or district public health agency, and must maintain a status of good standing in accordance with the course requirements, including attending any additional classes if necessary. Any course taken pursuant to this rule must last at least two hours and cover the following subjects:
 - i. Causes of foodborne illness, highly susceptible populations and worker illness;
 - ii. Personal hygiene and food handling practices;
 - iii. Approved sources of food;
 - iv. Potentially hazardous foods and food temperatures;
 - v. Sanitization and chemical use; and
 - vi. Emergency procedures (fire, flood, sewer backup).

- 2. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer, an Accelerator Manufacturer, or Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer must obtain documentation evidencing that each Owner Licensee or Employee Licensee has successfully completed the examination or course required by this Rule and is in good standing. A copy of the documentation must be kept on file at any Licensed Premises where that Owner Licensee or Employee Licensee is engaged in the manufacturing of an Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product.
- B. <u>Other State and Local Health and Safety Standards Apply</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer, an Accelerator Manufacturer, or Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer that manufactures Edible Medical Marijuana Products or Edible Retail Marijuana Products shall comply with all kitchen-related health and safety standards of the relevant Local Licensing Authority or Local Jurisdiction and, to the extent applicable, with all Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment health and safety regulations applicable to retail food establishments, as set forth in 6 CCR 1010-2.
- C. <u>Additional Sanitary Requirements</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer, an Accelerator Manufacturer, or Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall take all reasonable measures and precautions to ensure the following:
 - 1. That there is sufficient space for placement of equipment and storage of materials as is necessary for the maintenance of sanitary operations for production of Regulated Marijuana or Regulated Marijuana Products;
 - 2. That all contact surfaces, including utensils and equipment used for the preparation of Regulated Marijuana or Regulated Marijuana Product, shall be cleaned and sanitized as frequently as necessary to protect against contamination. Equipment and utensils shall be so designed and of such material and workmanship as to be adequately cleanable and shall be properly maintained. Only sanitizers and disinfectants registered with the Environmental Protection Agency shall be used by a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer, an Accelerator Manufacturer, or Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer, and used in accordance with labeled instructions;
 - 3. That the water supply shall be sufficient for the operations intended and shall be derived from a source that is a regulated water system. Private water supplies shall be derived from a water source that is capable of providing a safe, potable, and adequate supply of water to meet the Licensed Premises needs;
 - 4. That plumbing shall be of adequate size and design and adequately installed and maintained to carry sufficient quantities of water to required locations throughout the plant and that shall properly convey sewage and liquid disposable waste from the Licensed Premises. There shall be no cross-connections between the potable and waste water lines; and
 - 5. That storage and transport of finished Regulated Marijuana Product shall be under conditions that will protect products against physical, chemical, and microbial contamination as well as against deterioration of any Container.
- D. Product Safety.
 - 1. A Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer that manufactures Edible Regulated Marijuana Product shall create and maintain standard production procedures and detailed manufacturing processes for each Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product it manufactures. These procedures and processes must be

documented and made available on the Licensed Premises for inspection by the Division, the Colorado Department of Public Health & Environment, and local licensing authorities.

- 2. <u>Universal Symbol Marking Requirements</u>.
 - a. The following categories of Edible Medical Marijuana Products and Edible Retail Marijuana Products are considered to be per se practicable to mark, and shall be marked, stamped, or otherwise imprinted with the Universal Symbol directly on the Regulated Marijuana Product:
 - i. Chocolate;
 - ii. Soft confections;
 - iii. Hard confections or lozenges;
 - iv. Consolidated baked goods (e.g. cookie, brownie, cupcake, granola bar);
 - v. Pressed pills and capsules.
 - b. The Universal Symbol marking shall:
 - Be marked, stamped, or otherwise imprinted in its entirety on at least one side of the Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product. The shape of the product shall not be included or take place of any part of the Universal Symbol;
 - ii. Be centered either horizontally or vertically on the Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product;
 - iii. If centered horizontally on the Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product, the height and width of the Universal Symbol shall be of a size that is at least 25% of the product's height, but not less than ¼ inch by ¼ inch.
 - iv. If centered vertically on the Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product, the height and width of the Universal Symbol shall be of a size that is at least 25% of the product's height, but not less than ¼ inch by ¼ inch.
 - c. The following categories of Edible Medical Marijuana Product and Edible Retail Marijuana Product are considered to be per se impracticable to mark with the Universal Symbol marking requirements, provided that they comply with labeling and Container requirements of 3-1000 Series Rules.
 - i. Loose bulk goods (e.g. granola, cereals, popcorn);
 - ii. Powders;
 - iii. Liquid Edible Medical Marijuana Products;
 - iv. Liquid Edible Retail Marijuana Products.
- 3. <u>Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer Specific Requirements</u>.

- a. <u>Standard Portion of THC</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may determine a standard portion of THC for each Edible Medical Marijuana Product it manufactures. If a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer determines a standard portion for an Edible Medical Marijuana Product, that information must be documented in the product's standard production procedure.
- b. <u>Documentation</u>. For each Edible Medical Marijuana Product, the total amount of active THC contained within the product must be documented in the standard production procedures.
- c. If a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer elects to determine standard portions for an Edible Medical Marijuana Product, then the Universal Symbol shall be applied to each portion in accordance with the requirements of subparagraph (D)(2)(b) of this Rule 3-335. Except that the size of the Universal Symbol marking shall be determined by the size of the portion instead of the overall product size and shall not be less than ¼ inch by ¼ inch.
- d. <u>Medical Marijuana Concentrate Recommended Serving Size and Visual</u> <u>Representation</u>.
 - i. The recommended serving size for Medical Marijuana Concentrate in Vaporized Delivery Devices should not exceed one (1) inhalation lasting two (2) seconds per serving.
 - ii. The recommended serving size for Medical Marijuana Concentrate intended to be inhaled in any manner other than a Vaporizer Delivery Device is a sphere identified in the tangible educational resource required to be provided to a patient pursuant to Rule 5-125(D) and Rule 5-115(C.5).
- 4. <u>Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer Specific Requirements.</u>
 - a. <u>Standardized Serving of Marijuana</u>. The size of a Standardized Serving of Marijuana shall be no more than 10mg of active THC. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer or an Accelerator Manufacturer that manufactures Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall determine the total number of Standardized Servings of Marijuana for each product that it manufactures. No individual Edible Retail Marijuana Product unit packaged for Transfer to a consumer shall contain more than 100 milligrams of active THC.
 - b. <u>Documentation</u>. The following information must be documented in the standard production procedures for each Edible Retail Marijuana Product: the amount in milligrams of Standardized Serving of Marijuana, the total number of Standardized Servings of Marijuana, and the total amount of active THC contained within the product.
 - c. Notwithstanding the requirement of subparagraph (D)(2)(b), an Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall contain no more than 10 mg of active THC per Container and the Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer or an Accelerator Manufacturer must ensure that the product is packaged in accordance with the Rules 3-1005(C)(1) and 1010(D)(1), when:
 - i. The Edible Retail Marijuana Product is of the type that is impracticable to mark, stamp, or otherwise imprint with the Universal Symbol directly on

the product in a manner to cause the Universal Symbol to be distinguishable and easily recognizable; or

- ii. The Edible Retail Marijuana Product is of the type that is impracticable to clearly demark each Standardized Serving of Marijuana or to make each Standardized Serving of Marijuana separable.
- d. Liquid Edible Retail Marijuana Product.
 - i. Pursuant to 44-10-603(4)(b), C.R.S., Liquid Edible Retail Marijuana Products are impracticable to mark with the Universal Symbol and are exempt from the provision in subparagraph (D)(4)(c) of this Rule 3-335 that requires Edible Retail Marijuana Products that are impracticable to mark with the Universal Symbol to contain 10mg or less active THC per Container.
 - ii. This exemption permits the manufacture and Transfer of Multi-Serving Liquid Edible Retail Marijuana Products so long as the product is packaged in accordance with Rules 3-1005(C)(1) and 3-1010(D)(1)(c)(ii).
- e. <u>Multiple-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product</u>.
 - i. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer or an Accelerator Manufacturer must ensure that each single Standardized Serving of Marijuana of a Multiple-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product is physically demarked in a way that enables a reasonable person to intuitively determine how much of the product constitutes a single serving of active THC.
 - ii. Each demarked Standardized Serving of Marijuana must be easily separable in order to allow an average person 21 years of age and over to physically separate, with minimal effort, individual servings of the product.
 - iii. Each single Standardized Serving of Marijuana contained in a Multiple-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall be marked, stamped, or otherwise imprinted with the Universal Symbol directly on the product in a manner to cause the Universal Symbol to be distinguishable and easily recognizable. The Universal Symbol marking shall comply with the requirements of subparagraph (D)(2)(b) of this Rule 3-335.
 - iv. A Multiple-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product that is a Liquid Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall comply with the requirements in subparagraph (D)(4)(d)(ii) of this Rule 3-335 and is exempt from subparagraphs (i)-(iii) of this subparagraph (D)(4)(e)(iv).
- f. <u>Retail Marijuana Concentrate Recommended Serving Size and Visual</u> <u>Representation</u>.
 - i. The recommended serving size for Retail Marijuana Concentrate in Vaporized Delivery Devices should not exceed one (1) inhalation lasting two (2) seconds per serving.
 - ii. The recommended serving size for Retail Marijuana Concentrate intended to be inhaled in any manner other than a Vaporizer Delivery

Device is a sphere identified in the tangible educational resource required to be provided to a patient-consumer pursuant to Rule 6-110(C.5) and Rule 6-1110(C.5).

- E. <u>Remanufactured Products Prohibited</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall not utilize a commercially manufactured food product as its Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product. The following exceptions to this prohibition apply:
 - 1. A food product that was commercially manufactured specifically for use by a Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer to infuse with Regulated Marijuana shall be allowed. The Licensee shall have a written agreement with the commercial food product manufacturer that declares the food product's exclusive use by the Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer.
 - 2. Commercially manufactured food products may be used as Ingredients in an Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product so long as: (1) they are used in a way that renders them unrecognizable as the commercial food product in the final Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product, and (2) the Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer does not state or advertise to the consumer that the final Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product contains the commercially manufactured food product.
- F. <u>Trademarked Food Products</u>. Nothing in this Rule alters or eliminates a Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer's responsibility to comply with the trademarked food product provisions required by the Marijuana Code per section 44-10-503(9)(a-c), C.R.S.
- G. Edibles Prohibited that are Shaped like a Human, Animal, or Fruit.
 - 1. The production, Transfer, and donation of Edible Medical Marijuana Products or Edible Retail Marijuana Products in the following shapes is prohibited:
 - i. The distinct shape of a human, animal, or fruit; or
 - ii. A shape that bears the likeness or contains characteristics of a realistic or fictional human, animal, or fruit, including artistic, caricature, or cartoon renderings.
 - 2. The prohibition on human, animal, and fruit shapes does not apply to the logo of a licensed Regulated Marijuana Business. Nothing in this subparagraph (G)(2) alters or eliminates a Licensee's obligation to comply with the requirements of the 3-1000 Series Rules Labeling, Packaging, and Product Safety.
 - 3. Edible Medical Marijuana Products and Edible Retail Marijuana Products that are geometric shapes and simply fruit flavored are not considered fruit and are permissible; and
 - 4. Edible Medical Marijuana Products and Edible Retail Marijuana Products that are manufactured in the shape of a marijuana leaf are permissible.
- H. Inactive Ingredients.
 - 1. Only non-cannabis derived inactive Ingredients listed in the Federal Food and Drug Administration Inactive Ingredient Database <u>https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/cder/iig/index.cfm</u>, or approved by another equivalent international government agency, may be used in the manufacture of Audited

Product and Regulated Marijuana Concentrate intended for use through a Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler.

- 2. All non-cannabis derived inactive Ingredients contained in any Audited Product or in any Regulated Marijuana Concentrate intended for use through a Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler must be less than or equal to the concentration listed in the Federal Food and Drug Administration Inactive Ingredient Database, or approved by another equivalent international government agency for:
 - a. The inhalation route of administration for any Audited Product to be used in a metered dose nasal spray, or any Regulated Marijuana Concentrate to be used in a Vaporizer Delivery Device or pressurized metered dose inhaler;
 - b. The vaginal route of administration for any Audited Product to be used for vaginal administration; or
 - c. The rectal route of administration for any Audited Product to be used for rectal administration.
- I. <u>Other Permitted Ingredients</u>. Nothing in paragraph H above prohibits a Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer from using marijuana-derived ingredients or Botanically Derived Compounds and/or terpenoids.
- J. <u>Processing Aids and Additives</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall not include any Processing Aid or Additive that is toxic, prohibited, or present at levels over the acceptable limits pursuant to Rule 4-115(D) within a Regulated Marijuana Product; nor include any Additive for the purposes of making the product more addictive, appealing to children, or misleading to patients or consumers.
- K. <u>Prohibited Ingredients</u>.
 - 1. A Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall not use the following Ingredients in the production or Transfer of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate and Regulated Marijuana Product for which the inhaled product is the intended use in accordance with Rule 3-1015:
 - a. Polyethylene glycol (PEG);
 - b. Vitamin E Acetate;
 - c. Medium Chain Triglycerides (MCT Oil);
 - 2. A Licensee authorized to manufacture Regulated Marijuana Concentrate or Regulated Marijuana Product shall not use ingredients, other than Regulated Marijuana, with over 0.3% combined D8-THC, D9-THC, D10-THC, Exo-THC or other THC isomers, salts, or salt isomers of tetrahydrocannabinol in the manufacture, production, or Transfer of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate or Regulated Marijuana Product.
- L. <u>Standard Operating Procedures</u>.
 - 1. A Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer must have written standard operating procedures for each category and type of Medical Marijuana Product or Retail Marijuana Product that it produces.

- a. All standard operating procedures for the production of a Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Concentrate must follow the requirements in Rules 5-315 and 6-315.
- b. A copy of all standard operating procedures must be maintained on the Licensed Premises of the Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer.
- c. If a Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer produces Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana, the standard operating procedures must include all methods and processes related to the creation of each type of Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana product, including but not limited to, the strains used, where strains are sourced, which parts of Harvest Batches are used (e.g. flower, shake, trim), the size of the product (e.g. 1 gram pre-rolls), and how much and what type of Regulated Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana it produces.
- d. Provide adequate training to every Owner Licensee and Employee Licensee who performs a task or set of tasks that are referenced in the standard operating procedures. Adequate training must include, but need not be limited to, providing a copy of the standard operating procedures for that Licensed Premises detailing at least all of the topics required to be included in the standard operating procedures.
- 2. If a Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer makes a Material Change to its standard Medical Marijuana Product production process or Retail Marijuana Product production process, it must document the change and revise its standard operating procedures accordingly. Records detailing the Material Change must be maintained on the relevant Licensed Premises.
- M. Expiration Date for Vaporizer Delivery Devices and Pressurized Metered Dose Inhalers. Effective July 1, 2022, a Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer that produces a Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler shall establish an expiration date upon which the Vaporized Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler will no longer be fit for consumption. The Licensee shall determine the expiration date by conducting potency and contaminant testing pursuant to Rules 4-120 and 4-125 on the final Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler rotor Transfer to ensure the Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler prior to Transfer to ensure the Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler can pass potency and contaminant testing prior to the established expiration date.
 - 1. When determining the expiration date for a Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler pursuant to this rule, the Licensee shall also consider the following:
 - i. Any expiration dates of additives used to produce the Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler;
 - ii. The interaction with hardware;
 - iii. The final formulation within the Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler; and
 - iv. The ideal storage conditions for the Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler.

- 2. The License may, but is not required to, use accelerated stability tests to demonstrate compliance with this rule.
- 3. Expiration date determinations, along with any data used to establish the expiration date, shall be documented and maintained in the Licensee's business records pursuant to these rules.
- N. <u>DMSO</u>. Except for R&D Licensees, the use of Dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) in the production of Regulated Marijuana Product and possession of DMSO upon the Licensed Premises is prohibited.

3-800 Series – Inventory Tracking Requirements

Basis and Purpose – 3-810

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections, 44-10-201, 44-10-202(1)(a), 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(n), 44-10-501(1)(b), 44-10-502(2), 44-10-503(1)(b), 44-10-505(3), 44-10-601(1)(d), 44-10-601(4), 44-10-602(1), 44-10-602(6)(f), 44-10-603(1)(b), and 44-10-605(3), C.R.S. Authority also exists in the Colorado Constitution at Article XVIII, Subsection 16(5)(a)(VII). The purpose of this rule is to maintain a system that will allow the State Licensing Authority and the industry to jointly track Regulated Marijuana from either seed or immature plant stage until the Regulated Marijuana is sold to the patient or consumer or destroyed.

3-810 – Minimum Tracking Requirements

- A. Requirement to Track Regulated Marijuana From Seed-to-Sale.
 - 1. Licensees must use the Inventory Tracking System to ensure Regulated Marijuana is identified and tracked from the point the Regulated Marijuana is Propagated from seed or cutting to the point when it is Transferred to another Regulated Marijuana Business, the Medical Marijuana Transporter or Retail Marijuana Transporter takes control of the Regulated Marijuana by removing it from the originating Licensee's Licensed Premises and placing the Regulated Marijuana in the transport vehicle, or it is Transferred to a Sampling Manager as a designated Sampling Unit, and through the delivery, point-of-sale, or the Regulated Marijuana is otherwise disposed of. See Rule 3-805 Inventory Tracking System.
 - 2. Licensees must immediately input any Genetic Material that is received in accordance with Rules 5-305 and 6-305 into the Inventory Tracking System as an Immature Plant batch.
- B. <u>Ability to Reconcile Required</u>. Licensees must have the ability to reconcile transported and onhand Regulated Marijuana inventory with the Inventory Tracking System and the associated transaction history and transportation order receipts. See Rule 3-905 – Business Records Required.
- C. Decontamination. Licensees must input any Decontamination method utilized into the Inventory Tracking System.

Basis and Purpose – 3-825

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(a), 44-10-203(2)(d)(I), 44-10-504, and 44-10-604 The Purpose of this rule is to establish reporting standards for Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities and Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities.

3-825 – Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities and Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities Specific Tracking Requirements

- A. <u>Required Procedures</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility must establish procedures to ensure that results are accurate, precise, and scientifically valid prior to reporting such results.
- B. <u>Reports</u>. Every final report, whether submitted to the Division, to a Regulated Marijuana Business, or to any other Person authorized to receive the report, must include the following:
 - 1. Report quantitative results that are only above the lowest concentration of calibrator or standard used in the analytical run;
 - 2. Verify results that are below the lowest concentration of calibrator or standard and above the LOQ by using a blank and a standard that falls below the expected value of the analyte in the sample in duplicate prior to reporting a quantitative result;
 - 3. Qualitatively report results below the lowest concentration of calibrator or standard and above the LOD as either trace or using a non-specific numerical designation;
 - 4. Adequately document the available external chain of custody information;
 - 5. Ensure all final reports contain the name and location of the Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility that performed the test, name, and unique identifier of Sample, submitting client, Sample received date, date of report, type of Sample tested, test result, units of measure, and any other information or qualifiers needed for interpretation when applicable to the test method and results being reported, to include any identified and documented discrepancies; and
 - 6. Provide the final report to the Division, as well as the Regulated Marijuana Business, and/or any other Person authorized to receive the report in a timely manner.
- C. <u>Inventory Tracking System</u>. Each Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility shall:
 - Report all test results to the Division as part of daily reconciliation by the close of business and in accordance with all Inventory Tracking System Procedures under Rule 3-805 – All Regulated Marijuana Businesses: Inventory Tracking System. The requirement to report all test results includes:
 - a. Both positive and negative test results;
 - b. Results from both mandatory and voluntary testing; and
 - c. For quantitative tests, a quantitative value.
 - 2. As part of Inventory Tracking System reporting, when results of tested Samples exceed maximum levels of allowable potency or contamination, or otherwise result in failed potency, homogeneity, or contaminant testing, the Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility shall, in the Inventory Tracking System, indicate failed test results for the Inventory Tracking System package associated with the failed Sample. This requirement only applies to testing of Samples that are comprised of Regulated Marijuana.
 - 3. Report all Transfers of Genetic Material to a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility in the Inventory Tracking System.

D. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

3-900 Series – Business Records

Basis and Purpose – 3-905

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-301, and 44-10-1001(1), C.R.S. This rule explains what business records a Licensee must maintain and clarifies that such records must be made available to the Division on demand. This Rule 3-905 was previously Rules M and R 901, 1 CCR 212-1 and 1 CCR 212-2.

3-905 – Business Records Required

A. <u>General Requirements</u>.

- 1. A Regulated Marijuana Business must maintain the information required in this Rule in a format that is readily understood by a reasonably prudent business person and may be stored electronically.
- 2. Each Regulated Marijuana Business shall retain all books and records necessary to fully account for the business transactions conducted under its license for the current year and three preceding calendar years.
 - a. <u>On premises records</u>: The Regulated Marijuana Business's books and records for the preceding six months (or complete copies of such records) must be maintained on the Licensed Premises at all times. Electronic records that are accessible from, but not physically located at, a Licensee's Licensed Premises may also satisfy the requirements of this Rule 3-905.
 - b. <u>On- or off-premises records</u>: Books and records associated with older periods may be archived on or off of the Licensed Premises.
- 3. Books and records necessary to fully account for the business transactions conducted under its License shall be made available to the State Licensing Authority or Division upon request.
- B. The books and records must fully account for the transactions of the business and must include, but shall not be limited to:
 - 1. Secure Facility Information For its Licensed Premises and any associated permitted offpremises storage facility, a Regulated Marijuana Business must maintain the business contact information for vendors that maintain video surveillance systems and Security Alarm Systems.
 - 2. Security Alarm Systems documents required by Rule 3-220(A)(3).
 - 3. Advertising Records All records related to Advertising and marketing, including, but not limited to, audience composition data.
 - 4. Child Resistance Certificates A copy of the certificate that each Container into which a Licensee places Regulated Marijuana is Child Resistant.
 - 5. Diagram for the Licensed Premises Diagram of all approved Limited Access Areas, Restricted Access Areas, and any permitted off-premises storage facilities.

- 6. Visitor Log List of all visitors entering Limited Access Areas or Restricted Access Areas.
- 7. All records normally retained for tax purposes.
- 8. Waste Log and Fibrous Waste Records Comprehensive records regarding all waste and Fibrous Waste material that accounts for, reconciles, and evidences all waste and Fibrous Waste activity related to the disposal of marijuana.
- Consumer Waste Records All contracts, standard operating procedures, and receipts relating to collection and Transfer of Marijuana Consumer Waste as required by Rule 3-240.
- 10. Surveillance Logs Surveillance logs identify all authorized employees and service personnel who have access to the surveillance system and maintenance and activity log as required by Rule 3-225.
- 11. Every Licensee shall maintain a record of its identity statement and Standardized Graphic Symbol. A Licensee may elect to have its Identity Statement also serve as its Standardized Graphic Symbol for purposes of complying with this rule.
- 12. Testing Records Required to be Maintained by Regulated Marijuana Testing Facilities:
 - a. All testing records required by Rule 5-450 and Rule 6-450.
 - b. Digital photographs of each Test Batch.
 - c. Any delegation of responsibilities from the laboratory director to a qualified supervisory analyst as permitted by Rule 5-240(B)9 or 6-240(B).
- 13. Testing Records Required to be Maintained by Regulated Marijuana Businesses and Accelerator Licensees:
 - a. Documentation of Designated Test Batch Collector Training required by Rule 4-110(C)(3).
 - b. Records regarding wet whole plant that was not tested for microbials pursuant to Rule 4-121(F)(3).
 - c. Evidence of any achieved Reduced Testing Allowance If a Licensee utilizes any Reduced Testing Allowances, then they must maintain documentation demonstrating how it was obtained and maintained throughout the allowance with all applicable rules.
- Sampling Unit Records All records related to designated Sampling Managers, identified Sampling Units, and Transfers of Sampling Units. See Rules 3-810, 5-230, 5-320, 6-225, 6-320. This includes, but is not limited to, standard operating procedures that explain the requirements of sections 44-10-502(5), 44-10-503(10), 44-10-602(6) and 44-10-603(10), C.R.S., the personal possession limits pursuant to section 18-18-406, C.R.S., and the requirements imposed by Rules 5-230, 5-320, 6-225, 6-320. 6-725, and 6-280.
- 15. License Application Records All records provided by the Licensee to both the state and local licensing authorities in connection with an application for licensure pursuant to the Marijuana Code and these Rules.

- 16. Standard Operating Procedures All standard operating procedures as required by these Rules, including up-to-date records of employee training, as follows:
 - a. Identification of required training of employees;
 - b. Documentation of training topic, training method, date of initial training, date of any necessary re-training, name and signature of trainer, and name and signature of employee;
 - c. Competency and effectiveness of employee training shall be adequately assessed in an appropriate manner determined by the Licensee that is described in the standard operating procedures.
- 17. Audited Product and/or Alternative Use Product Records All records required to demonstrate compliance with Rule 5-325 and 6-325.
- 18. Corrective Action and Preventive Action records required by Rules 5-115, 5-210, 5-310, 6-110, 6-210, 6-310.
- 19. Certificates of analysis or other records demonstrating the full composition of each Ingredient used in the manufacture of Vaporizer Delivery Devices or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhalers as required by Rule 5-310(F).
- 20. Records required to be maintained by Delivery Permit holders including delivery order requirements and contracts for delivery pursuant to Rule 3-615.
- 21. Recall records required by Rule 3-336 including the recall plan, recall notice, and results of any action taken pursuant to the recall plan.
- 22. All records related to Material Changes as required by Rules 3-330(D) and 3-335(L).
- 23. Records related to Adverse Health Events as required by Rule 3-920.
- 24. Internal Security Controls Licensees must establish and maintain a security plan for each Licensed Premises, including at a minimum:
 - a. Protocols for the end-of-day handling of Regulated Marijuana and cash;
 - b. Protocols for reporting theft or burglaries when they are discovered to Local Law Enforcement, the Division, and Local Licensing Authority or Local Jurisdiction;
 - c. Protocols for reconciling inventory after a theft or burglary has been discovered;
 - d. Identification of exterior lighting of the Licensed Premises and any exterior camera angles, and protocols for maintenance of the lighting and cameras; and
 - e. Identification of ingress and egress routes for the property and identification of any access control measures taken outside of the Licensed Premises.
- 25. Patient Documents Documents required for a patient to register a primary Medical Marijuana Store as required by Rule 5-115(D).
- 26. Regulated Marijuana Concentrate Production Records All records required by Rules 5-315, 6-315, and 6-815 regarding production of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate.

- 27. Marijuana Research and Development Facility Records Documents and correspondence sent to or received from an independent reviewer or the Scientific Advisory Council and any testing records if required by Rule 5-725.
- 28. Documents Related to Pesticide Manufacturers Affidavit from a Pesticide Manufacturer that it meets the requirements of the Rule and the written agreement between the Licensee and the Pesticide Manufacturer as required by Rule 7-115.
- 29. Expiration date <u>and use-by date</u> documents required by Rules <u>3-330(F) and</u> 3-335(M), <u>3-1005, and 3-1015</u>.
- 30. Written report of change of management personnel as required by Rule 3-920(A)(2).
- 31. Current Owner and Employee List This list must provide the full name and License number of all Owner Licensees and every employee who works for a Regulated Marijuana Business. The list shall include all employees who work for the Regulated Marijuana Business, whether or not they report to the Licensed Premises as part of their employment. A Regulated Marijuana Business can fulfill the requirements of this Rule by listing all employees in the Inventory Tracking System for each Licensed Premises. If a Regulated Marijuana Business does not use the Inventory Tracking System to list all employees, it must maintain a separate record for employees who do not report to the Licensed Premises.
- 32. Documentation required to demonstrate valid responsible vendor designation(s).
- 33. <u>Source Genetic Material Records Licensees receiving Genetic Material in accordance</u> with Rules 5-305 and 6-305 must, at a minimum, maintain the following records:
 - a. The name, address, and license/registration/permit identification of the source of the Genetic Material;
 - b. All certificates of analysis associated with the Genetic Material; and
 - c. Any other records that clearly document the chain of custody of the Genetic Material.
- <u>34.</u> All other records required by these Rules.
- C. <u>Records Required to be Maintained in the Inventory Tracking System</u>. The following records must be maintained by Licensees in the Inventory Tracking System:
 - 1. Records Related to Inventory Tracking. A Regulated Marijuana Business must maintain accurate and comprehensive inventory tracking records that account for, reconcile, and evidence all inventory activity for Regulated Marijuana from either seed or Immature Plant stage until the Regulated Marijuana is destroyed or Transferred to another Regulated Marijuana Business, a consumer, a patient, or a Pesticide Manufacturer.
 - Records Related to Transport. A Regulated Marijuana Business must maintain adequate records for the transport of all Regulated Marijuana. See Rule 3-605 – Transport: All Regulated Marijuana Businesses.
 - 3. Employees Required to be Listed in the Inventory Tracking System. A Regulated Marijuana Business must use the Inventory Tracking System to list all employees who report to the Licensed Premises. The employee list in the Inventory Tracking System must include the full name and Employee License number of every employee who works

on the premises. The Regulated Marijuana Business is responsible for updating its list of employees who work at the Licensed Premises in the Inventory Tracking System within 10 days of an employee commencing or ceasing employment.

- 4. Testing results.
- D. <u>Loss of Records and Data</u>. Any loss of electronically-maintained records shall not be considered a mitigating factor for violations of this Rule. Licensees are required to exercise due diligence in preserving and maintaining all required records.
- E. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Violation of this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.
- F. <u>Provision of Any Requested Record to the Division</u>. A Licensee must provide on-demand access to on-premises records following a request from the Division during normal business hours or hours of apparent operation, and must provide access to off-premises records within three business days following a request from the Division.

3-1000 Series – Labeling, Packaging, and Product Safety

Basis and Purpose – 3-1005

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(a), 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-202(6), 44-10-203(2)(f), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(3)(a)-(b), 44-10-601(2)(a), 44-10-601(5), 44-10-603(1)(d), 44-10-603(4)(a), and 44-10-603(8), C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to define minimum packaging and labeling requirements for Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product Transferred between Regulated Marijuana Businesses. The State Licensing Authority finds it essential to regulate and establish labeling requirements for Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product and that this is in the interest of the health and safety of the people of Colorado. This rule identifies information that is required on all labels to provide information necessary for the Division to regulate the cultivation, production, and sale of Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product. This rule also seeks to minimize, to the extent practicable, the burden of labeling compliance to Licensees. The labeling requirements in this rule apply to all Containers immediately containing Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Product. This Rule 3-1005 was previously Rules M and R 1001-1, 1 CCR 212-1 and 1 CCR 212-2.

3-1005 - Packaging and Labeling: Minimum Requirements Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business, except to a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility

- A. <u>Applicability</u>. This Rule establishes minimum requirements for packaging and labeling Regulated Marijuana prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business, except to a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility. See Rule 3-1025 for minimum requirements for packaging and labeling Regulated Marijuana prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility. The labeling requirements in this Rule apply to all Containers immediately containing Medical Marijuana, Retail Marijuana, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, Retail Marijuana Concentrate, Medical Marijuana Product, and Retail Marijuana Product.
- B. <u>Packaging and Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Flower, Trim, Wet Whole Plant, and Regulated</u> <u>Marijuana Concentrate, Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Business shall comply with the following minimum packaging and labeling requirements prior to Transferring Medical Marijuana flower, trim, wet whole plant, or Medical Marijuana Concentrate to another Medical Marijuana Business, or Retail Marijuana flower, trim, wet whole plant, or Retail Marijuana Concentrate to another Retail Marijuana Business:

1. <u>Packaging of Regulated Marijuana Flower and Trim, and Regulated Marijuana</u> <u>Concentrate</u>.

- a. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business, Regulated Marijuana flower, trim, wet whole plant, or Regulated Marijuana Concentrate shall be placed into a Container. The Container may but is not required to be Child-Resistant.
- b. Each Container of Regulated Marijuana flower or trim that is Transferred to a Regulated Marijuana Business shall not exceed 50 pounds of Regulated Marijuana flower or trim, but may include pre-weighed units that are within the sales limit in Rules 5-115(C),6-110(C), and 6-925(G).
- c. A Container of wet whole plant that is Transferred to a Regulated Marijuana Business may exceed 50 pounds, but shall not exceed 100 pounds.
- d. Each Container of Medical Marijuana Concentrate that is Transferred to a Medical Marijuana Business, or Retail Marijuana Concentrate that is Transferred to a Retail Marijuana Business, shall not exceed 50 pounds of Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Concentrate, but may include pre-weighed units that are within the applicable sales limit in Rules 5-115(C),6-110(C), and 6-925(G).
- 2. <u>Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Flower, Trim, Wet Whole Plant, and Regulated</u> <u>Marijuana Concentrate</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business, every Container of Regulated Marijuana flower, trim, wet whole plant, or Regulated Marijuana Concentrate shall be affixed with a label that includes at least the following information:
 - a. The license number of the Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility where the Medical Marijuana was grown, the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility where the Retail Marijuana was grown, or the Accelerator Cultivator where the Retail Marijuana was grown;
 - b. The Harvest Batch Number(s) assigned to the Regulated Marijuana or the Production Batch Number(s) assigned to the Regulated Marijuana Concentrate;
 - c. If applicable, the license number of the Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility(ies) that produced the Physical Separation-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate, the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility(ies) that produced the Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate, or the license number of the Accelerator Cultivator;
 - d. If applicable, the license number of the Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer(s) where the Medical Marijuana Concentrate was produced, the Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer(s) where the Retail Marijuana Concentrate was produced, or the Accelerator Manufacturer(s) where the Retail Marijuana Concentrate was produced;
 - e. The net contents, using a standard of measure compatible with the Inventory Tracking System, of the Regulated Marijuana or Regulated Marijuana Concentrate prior to its placement in the Container; and
 - f. Potency test results as required to permit the receiving Regulated Marijuana Business to label the Medical Marijuana, Retail Marijuana, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, or Retail Marijuana Concentrate as required by these rules.

- g. <u>Vaporizer Delivery Devices and Pressurized Metered Dose Inhalers</u>. A list of all Ingredients, including Additives, used to manufacture the Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler.
- h. <u>Expiration/Use-By Date</u>. Beginning January 1, 2024, the expiration or use-by date as required in Rule 3-1015.
- i. <u>Storage Conditions</u>. Beginning January 1, 2024, if a Licensee establishes a useby date that is longer than nine months based on shelf stability testing in accordance with Rule 3-1015(B)(2)(a.5), then the label for the Regulated Marijuana shall include storage conditions as determined by the Regulated Marijuana Business that cultivated or manufactured the Regulated Marijuana.
- C. <u>Packaging and Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Product Prior to Transfer to a Regulated</u> <u>Marijuana Business</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Business shall comply with the following minimum packaging and labeling requirements prior to Transferring Medical Marijuana Product to another Medical Marijuana Business, or Transferring Retail Marijuana Product to another Retail Marijuana Business:
 - 1. <u>Packaging of Regulated Marijuana Product.</u>
 - a. <u>Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business Other Than a Medical Marijuana</u> <u>Store or Retail Marijuana Store</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business other than a Medical Marijuana Store or Retail Marijuana Store, Regulated Marijuana Product shall be placed into a Container. The Container may but is not required to be Child-Resistant.
 - b. <u>Transfer to a Medical Marijuana Store or Retail Marijuana Store</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Medical Marijuana Store or Retail Marijuana Store, all Regulated Marijuana Product shall be packaged in a Child-Resistant Container that is ready for sale to the patient or consumer as required by the Rule 3-1010(D).
 - 2. Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Product.
 - a. <u>Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business other than a Medical Marijuana</u> <u>Store or Retail Marijuana Store</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business other than a Medical Marijuana Store or Retail Marijuana Store, every Container of Regulated Marijuana Product shall be affixed with a label that includes at least the following information:
 - i. The license number of the Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility(ies) where the Medical Marijuana or Retail Marijuana was grown;
 - The license number of the Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer that produced the Medical Marijuana Product or Retail Marijuana Product;
 - iii. The Production Batch Number(s) assigned to the Regulated Marijuana Product;
 - iv. The net contents, using a standard of measure compatible with the Inventory Tracking System, of the Regulated Marijuana Product prior to its placement in the Container; and

- v. Potency test results as required to permit the receiving Regulated Marijuana Business to label the Regulated Marijuana Product as required by these rules.
- b. <u>Transfer to a Medical Marijuana Store or Retail Marijuana Store</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Store, every Container of Regulated Marijuana Product shall be affixed with a label ready for sale to the patient or consumer including all information required by Rules 3-1010(D)(2) and 3-1015(B).
- D. Packaging and Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Seeds, and Immature Plants, and Genetic Material Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business. A Regulated Marijuana Business shall comply with the following minimum packaging and labeling requirements prior to Transferring Regulated Marijuana seeds, or Immature <u>Pplants</u>, or <u>Genetic Material</u> to another Regulated Marijuana Business:
 - 1. <u>Packaging of Regulated Marijuana Seeds</u>.
 - a. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business, Regulated Marijuana seeds shall be placed into a Container. The Container may but is not required to be Child-Resistant.
 - b. Each Container of Regulated Marijuana seeds that is Transferred to a Regulated Marijuana Business shall not exceed 10 pounds of Regulated Marijuana seeds.
 - Packaging of Immature Plants and Genetic Material. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business, Immature pPlants and Genetic Material shall be placed into a receptacle. The receptacle may but is not required to be Child-Resistant.
 - 3. <u>Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Seeds and Immature Plants</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Business, every Container of Regulated Marijuana seeds and all receptacles holding an Immature <u>pP</u>lant shall be affixed with a label that includes at least the license number of the Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility where the Regulated Marijuana that produced the seeds or the Immature <u>pP</u>lant was grown.
 - 4. Labeling of Genetic Material. Prior to Transfer to another Regulated Marijuana Business, every receptacle of Genetic Material shall be affixed with a label that includes at least the license number of the Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility Transferring the Genetic Material and must be accompanied with records required in Rule 3-905.
- E. <u>Packaging and Labeling of Sampling Units</u>. Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facilities and Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturers shall comply with the following minimum packaging and labeling requirements prior to Transferring any Sampling Unit to a Sampling Manager.
 - 1. <u>Packaging of Sampling Units</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Sampling Manager, a Sampling Unit must be placed in a Container. If the Sampling Unit is Regulated Marijuana flower, trim, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, or Retail Marijuana Concentrate, the Container may, but is not required to, be Child-Resistant; however, the Container shall be placed into a Child-Resistant Exit Package at the point of Transfer to the Sampling Manager. If the Sampling Unit is composed of Regulated Marijuana Product, the Sampling Unit shall be packaged in a Child-Resistant Container.
 - 2. <u>Labeling of Sampling Units</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Sampling Manager, every Container for a Sampling Unit shall be affixed with a label that includes at least the following information:

- a. <u>Required License Number</u>. The license number for the Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility, Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer or Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer Transferring the Sampling Unit.
- b. <u>Batch Number(s)</u>. The relevant Harvest Batch number and/or Production Batch number from which the Sampling Unit was designated.
- c. <u>Universal Symbol</u>. The Universal Symbol on the front of the Container and any Marketing Layer, no smaller than ½ of an inch by ½ of an inch, with the following statement directly below the Universal Symbol: "**Contains Marijuana. Keep away from children.**"
- d. <u>Required Potency Statement</u>.
 - i. For a Sampling Unit composed of Regulated Marijuana, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, or Retail Marijuana Concentrate, the potency of the Sampling Unit's active THC and CBD expressed as a percentage.
 - ii. For a Sampling Unit composed of Regulated Marijuana Product, the potency of the Sampling Unit's active THC and CBD expressed in milligrams. If the potency of the Sampling Unit's active THC or CBD is less than 1 milligram, the potency may be expressed as "<1 mg."
 - iii. The required potency statement shall be displayed either: (1) In a font that is bold, and enclosed within an outlined shape such as a circle or square; or (2) highlighted with a bright color, such as yellow.
- e. <u>Date of Transfer</u>. The label shall include the date of Transfer to the Sampling Unit.
- f. <u>Patient Number</u>. If the Sampling Unit contains Medical Marijuana, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, or Medical Marijuana Product, the label must also include the patient registration number of the recipient Sampling Manager.
- g. <u>Required Warning Statements</u>. Either the label affixed to the Container or the Marketing Layer shall include the following information:
 - i. "This product was received as a Sampling Unit and may have been produced with undisclosed allergens, solvents, or pesticides, and may pose unknown physical or mental health risks. This product is not for resale and should not be used by anyone else."
- F. <u>Prohibited Transfers All Regulated Marijuana Businesses</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Business shall not Transfer to a Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, Accelerator Store, or Retail Marijuana Hospitality and Sales Business—and a Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, Accelerator Store, or Retail Marijuana Store, Accelerator Store, or Retail Marijuana Store, Accelerator Store, or Retail Marijuana Hospitality and Sales Business—and a Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, Accelerator Store, or Retail Marijuana Hospitality and Sales Business shall not accept nor offer for sale—any Regulated Marijuana that is not packaged and labeled in conformance with the requirements of these rules or that does not provide all information necessary to permit the Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, Accelerator Store or Retail Marijuana Hospitality and Sales Business to package and label the Regulated Marijuana prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer. However, a Medical Marijuana Store or Retail Marijuana Store is not required to open any tamper evident Marketing Layer received from a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility, Medical Marijuana

Products Manufacturer, or a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer to verify the Container is Child-Resistant or labeled.

- G. <u>Shipping Containers</u>. Licensees may Transfer multiple Containers of Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product to a Regulated Marijuana Business in a Shipping Container.
 - 1. <u>RFID Tag Required</u>. Licensees shall ensure that either the multiple Containers placed within a Shipping Container each have an RFID tag, or the Shipping Container itself must have an RFID tag. If the Licensee elects to place the RFID tag on the Shipping Container, the Shipping Container shall contain only one Harvest Batch of Regulated Marijuana, one Production Batch of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, or one Production Batch of Regulated Marijuana Product. If a Shipping Container consists of more than one Harvest Batch or Production Batch, then each group of multiple Containers shall be affixed with an RFID tag. See Rule 3-805 Inventory Tracking System; Rule 3-605 Transport: All Regulated Marijuana Businesses.
 - 2. <u>Labeling of Shipping Containers</u>. Any Shipping Container that will not be displayed to the consumer is not required to be labeled according to these rules.
- H. <u>Packaging and Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Flower and Trim Prior to Transfer to a Pesticide</u> <u>Manufacturer or a Marijuana Research and Development Facility</u>. The packaging and labeling requirements in these 3-1000 Series Rules also apply to any Transfer of Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, or Regulated Marijuana Product to a Pesticide Manufacturer or a Marijuana Research and Development Facility.
- I. <u>Marijuana Research and Development Facility Transfers to Persons as Part of an Approved</u> <u>Research Project</u>. Any Marijuana Research and Development Facility conducting research as part of an approved Research Project involving human subjects shall comply with all packaging and labeling requirements that are applicable to a Medical Marijuana Store prior to Transfer to a patient, unless the Marijuana Research and Development Facility requests and receives in advance a waiver of specific packaging or labeling requirements in connection with the approved Research Project.
- J. <u>Research Transfers Prohibited</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, or Accelerator Store shall not Transfer any Medical Marijuana, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, Medical Marijuana Product, Retail Marijuana, Retail Marijuana Concentrate, or Retail Marijuana Product to a Pesticide Manufacturer or a Licensed Research Business.
- K. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. A violation of any rule in these 3-1000 Series Rules may be considered a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose – 3-1010

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(a), 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-202(6), 44-10-203(2)(f), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(3)(a)-(b), 44-10-601(2)(a), 44-10-601(5), 44-10-603(1)(d), 44-10-603(4)(a), and 44-10-603(8), C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to define general packaging and labeling requirements for Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer. The labeling requirements in this rule apply to all Containers immediately containing Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product. The State Licensing Authority finds it essential to regulate and establish labeling requirements for Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product and that this is in the interest of the health and safety of the people of Colorado. This rule identifies information that is required on all labels to provide necessary information to patients and consumers to make informed decisions and first responders in the event of accidental

ingestion, over ingestion or allergic reaction. This rule also seeks to minimize, to the extent practicable, the burden of labeling compliance to Licensees. This Rule 3-1010 was previously Rules M and R 1002-1, 1 CCR 212-1 and 1 CCR 212-2.

3-1010 – Packaging and Labeling: General Requirements Prior to Transfer to a Patient or Consumer

- A. <u>Applicability</u>. This Rule establishes general requirements for packaging and labeling Regulated Marijuana prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer. The labeling requirements in this Rule apply to all Containers immediately containing any Regulated Marijuana. The labeling requirements based on intended use in Rule 3-1015 are in addition to, not in lieu of, the requirements in this Rule.
 - 1. <u>Exemption for Transfers to Consumers by a Retail Marijuana Hospitality and Sales</u> <u>Business</u>. Unless otherwise provided by these rules, a Retail Marijuana Hospitality and Sales Business Transferring Retail Marijuana to consumers in compliance with the packaging and labeling requirements of Rule 3-1020 is exempt from the requirements of this Rule.

B. <u>Labeling Requirements – All Regulated Marijuana</u>.

- 1. <u>Font Size</u>. Required labeling text on the Container and any Marketing Layer must be no smaller than 1/16 of an inch.
- 2. <u>Labels Shall Not Be Designed to Appeal to Children</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Business shall not place any content on a Container or the Marketing Layer in a manner that reasonably appears to target individuals under the age of 21, including but not limited to, cartoon characters or similar images.
- 3. <u>False or Misleading Statements</u>. Label(s) on a Container and any Marketing Layer shall not include any false or misleading statements.
- 4. <u>Trademark Infringement Prohibited</u>. No Container or Marketing Layer shall be intentionally or knowingly labeled so as to cause a reasonable consumer confusion as to whether the Regulated Marijuana is a trademarked product or labeled in a manner that violates any federal trademark law or regulation.
- 5. <u>Health and Benefit Claims</u>. The label(s) on the Container and any Marketing Layer shall not make any claims regarding health or physical benefits to the patient or consumer.
- 6. <u>Use of English Language</u>. Labeling text on the Container and any Marketing Layer must be clearly written or printed and in the English language. In addition to the required English label, Licensees may include an additional, accurate foreign language translation on the label that otherwise complies with these rules.
- 7. <u>Unobstructed and Conspicuous</u>. Labeling text on the Container and any Marketing Layer must be unobstructed and conspicuous. A Licensee may affix multiple labels to the Container, provided that none of the information required by these rules is obstructed and permanently hidden from view. For example and not by means of limitation, labels may be accordion, expandable, extendable or layered to permit labeling of small Containers.
- 8. <u>Use of the Word "Candy" and/or "Candies" Prohibited</u>.
 - a. Licensees shall not use the word(s) "candy" and/or "candies" on the label of any Container holding Regulated Marijuana, or of any Marketing Layer.

- b. Notwithstanding the requirements of this subparagraph, a Regulated Marijuana Business whose identity statement contains the word(s) "candy" and/or "candies" may place its Identity Statement on the label of the Container holding Regulated Marijuana, or of any Marketing Layer.
- 9. <u>Child Resistant Certificate(s)</u>. A Licensee shall maintain a copy of the certificate showing that each Child-Resistant Container into which the Licensee places Regulated Marijuana is Child-Resistant and complies with the requirements of 16 C.F.R. 1700.15 (1995) and 16 C.F.R. 1700.20 (1995) in accordance with the requirements of Rule 3-905(A).
 - a. Note that this Rule does not include any later amendments or editions to the Code of Federal Regulations. The Division has maintained a copy of 16 C.F.R. 1700.15 (1995) and 16 C.F.R. 1700.20 (1995), which is available to the public for inspection and copying during the Division's regular business hours.
- 10. <u>Containers and Marketing Layers</u>. The Container and any Marketing Layer shall have a label with all information required by these 3-1000 Series Rules. Any intermediary packaging between the Container and the Marketing Layer is not required to be labeled in accordance with these rules.
- 11. Exit Packages.
 - a. <u>Exit Packages Permitted for Child-Resistant Containers</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, or Accelerator Store may but is not required to place a Child-Resistant Container into an Opaque Exit Package at the point of Transfer to the patient or consumer.
 - b. <u>Exit Packages Required for Regulated Marijuana Flower, Trim, and Seeds</u>. Any Regulated Marijuana flower, trim, or seeds in a Container that is not Child-Resistant shall be placed into a Child-Resistant Exit Package at the point of Transfer to a patient or consumer. The Exit Package is not required to be labeled but may include the Medical Marijuana Store's, Retail Marijuana Store's, or Accelerator Store's Identity Statement and/or Standardized Graphic Symbol.
- C. <u>Packaging and Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Flower and Trim, and Regulated Marijuana</u> <u>Concentrate Prior to Transfer to a Patient or Consumer</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, or Accelerator Store shall comply with the following minimum packaging and labeling requirements prior to Transferring Medical Marijuana flower and trim, Retail Marijuana flower and trim, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, or Retail Marijuana Concentrate to a patient or consumer:
 - <u>Packaging of Regulated Marijuana Flower and Trim</u>. Prior to Transfer to a patient or a consumer, Regulated Marijuana flower and trim shall be in a Container that does not exceed the sales limit in Rules 5-115(C) and 6-110(C). The Container may but is not required to be Child-Resistant. Any Regulated Marijuana flower and trim in a Container that is not Child-Resistant shall be placed into a Child-Resistant Exit Package at the point of Transfer to a patient or consumer.
 - 2. <u>Packaging of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate</u>. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate shall be in a Child-Resistant Container that does not exceed the sales limit in Rules 5-115(C) and 6-110(C).
 - a. A Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler, Vaporizer Delivery Device, or syringe-type device that is within an intended use that is listed in Rule 3-1015(B) and is not an

Alternative Use Product need not itself be Child-Resistant but must be placed into a Child-Resistant Container prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer.

- b. A Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler, Vaporizer Delivery Device, or syringe-type device with an intended use that is listed in Rule 3-1015(B) and that is not an Alternative Use Product must be labeled with at least the Universal Symbol, but is not required to include "**Contains Marijuana. Keep away from children.**", prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer. The Universal Symbol shall be legible and no smaller than ¼ of an inch by ¼ of an inch.
- c. A Marketing Layer or Container for a Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler or Vaporizer Delivery Device must be affixed with a label that states "**Not approved by the FDA.**"
- d. Nothing in this Rule authorizes the use of a syringe for any type of injection involving a needle piercing the skin.
- 3. <u>Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Flower and Trim, and Regulated Marijuana</u> <u>Concentrate</u>. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, every Container of Regulated Marijuana flower and trim, or Regulated Marijuana Concentrate and any Marketing Layer shall be affixed with a label that includes at least the following information:
 - a. <u>Required License Number(s)</u>. The license number for each of the following:
 - i. The Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility where the Regulated Marijuana was grown;
 - ii. If applicable, the Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility(ies) where the Physical Separation-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate was produced;
 - iii. If applicable, the Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer where the Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Concentrate was produced; and
 - iv. The Regulated Marijuana Store that sold the Medical Marijuana, Retail Marijuana, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, or Retail Marijuana Concentrate to the patient or consumer, except the Regulated Marijuana Store may affix its license number to the Container or Marketing Layer.
 - v. Retail Marijuana that was designated as Medical Marijuana pursuant to Rule 5-235, 6-230, 6-730 must be labeled with the license number of the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility.
 - vi. Retail Marijuana Concentrate that was designated as Medical Marijuana Concentrate pursuant to Rule 5-335, 6-335, 6-830 must be labeled with the license number of the Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer.
 - b. <u>Batch Numbers</u>. The Harvest Batch Number(s) assigned to the Regulated Marijuana or the Production Batch Number(s) assigned to the Regulated Marijuana Concentrate.
 - c. <u>Statement of Net Contents</u>. The statement of net contents must identify the net weight of the Regulated Marijuana or net weight or volume of Regulated

Marijuana Concentrate prior to its placement in the Container, using a standard of measure compatible with the Inventory Tracking System.

- d. <u>Universal Symbol</u>. The Universal Symbol on the front of the Container and any Marketing Layer, no smaller than ½ of an inch by ½ of an inch, with the following statement directly below the Universal Symbol: "**Contains Marijuana. Keep away from children.**"
- e. <u>Required Potency Statement</u>.
 - i. The potency of Regulated Marijuana flower or trim shall be expressed as: (1) the percentage of total THC and CBD from the test results for that Harvest Batch, or (2) if the Harvest Batch is not required to be tested, either as: (i) a range of percentages of total THC and CBD that extends from the lowest percentage to the highest percentage for each cannabinoid listed, from every test conducted on that strain of Regulated Marijuana cultivated by the same Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility during the preceding six months or (ii) an average for each cannabinoid listed, from every test conducted on that strain of Regulated Marijuana cultivated by the Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility during the preceding six months. If CBD is not detected in Harvest Batch, then Total CBD potency is not required.
 - ii. The potency of Medical Marijuana Concentrate's or Retail Marijuana Concentrate's Total THC and CBD shall be expressed as a percentage.
 If CBD is not detected in the Production Batch, then Total CBD potency is not required. The potency of Regulated Marijuana, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, and Retail Marijuana Concentrate shall be displayed either:
 (i) In a font that is bold, and enclosed within an outlined shape such as a circle or square; or (ii) Highlighted with a bright color such as yellow.
- f. <u>Date of Sale</u>. The Regulated Marijuana Store shall affix the date of sale to the patient or consumer to the Container or Marketing Layer.
- g. <u>Patient Number</u>. The Medical Marijuana Store shall affix the patient's registration number to the Container or Marking Layer at the time of Transfer to the patient.
- h. <u>Solvent List</u>. A list of any solvent(s) used to produce any Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate.
- i. <u>Ingredient List Including Major Allergens</u>. If applicable, a list of all Ingredients used to manufacture the Regulated Marijuana Concentrate including identification of any major allergens contained in the Regulated Marijuana Concentrate in accordance with the Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act of 2004, 21 U.S.C. § 343 (2010). The Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act of 2004, 21 U.S.C. § 343 (2010) requires disclosure of the following major food allergens: milk, eggs, fish, crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, peanuts, wheat, and soybeans.
 - Note that this Rule does not include any later amendments or editions to the United States Code. The Division maintains a copy of 21 U.S.C. § 343 (2010), which is available to the public for inspection and copying during the Division's regular business hours.

- j. <u>Required Warning Statements</u>. Either the label affixed to the Container or the Marketing Layer shall include the following information:
 - i. "This product was produced without regulatory oversight for health, safety, or efficacy."
 - ii. "There may be long term physical or mental health risks from use of marijuana including additional risks for women who are or may become pregnant or are breastfeeding. Use of marijuana may impair your ability to drive a car or operate machinery."
- k. Vaporizer Delivery Devices and Pressurized Metered Dose Inhalers.
 - i. <u>Ingredient List.</u> A list of all Ingredients, including Additives, used to manufacture the Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler.
 - ii. <u>Expiration Date. Effective July 1, 2022, a</u> Marijuana Products Manufacturer that produces a Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler shall include an expiration date pursuant to Rule 3-335(M).
 - iii. <u>Storage Conditions</u>. Effective July 1, 2022, a Marijuana Products Manufacturer that produces a Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler shall include ideal storage conditions for the Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler pursuant to Rule 3-335(M).
- D. <u>Packaging and Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana, and Audited Product</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer, Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer, Accelerator Manufacturer, Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, and an Accelerator Store shall comply with the following minimum packaging and labeling requirements prior to Transferring Regulated Marijuana Product:
 - 1. <u>Packaging of Regulated Marijuana Product</u>. Every Regulated Marijuana Product shall be in a Child-Resistant Container at the time of Transfer to a Medical Marijuana Store or Retail Marijuana Store in accordance with the following packaging limits:
 - Regulated Marijuana Product Other than Edible Medical Marijuana Product or a. Edible Retail Marijuana Product. Medical Marijuana Product that is not Edible Medical Marijuana Product and Retail Marijuana Product that is not Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall be placed into a Child-Resistant Container that does not exceed the sales limit in Rule 5-115(C) and 6-110(C). A Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler, Vaporizer Delivery Device, or syringe-type device that is within the intended use that is listed in Rule 3-1015(B) and is not an Alternative Use Product need not itself be Child-Resistant but must be placed into a Child-Resistant Container prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer. A Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler, Vaporizer Delivery Device, or syringe-type device within an intended use that is listed in Rule 3-1015(B) and that is not an Alternative Use Product must be labeled with at least the Universal Symbol, but is not required to include "Contains Marijuana. Keep away from children.", prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer. The Universal Symbol shall be legible and no smaller than ¹/₄ of an inch by ¹/₄ of an inch. Nothing in this Rule authorizes the use of a syringe for any type of injection involving a needle piercing the skin.

- b. <u>Edible Medical Marijuana Product</u>. Every Edible Medical Marijuana Product including Liquid Edible Medical Marijuana Product shall be in a Child-Resistant Container. If the Edible Medical Marijuana Product contains multiple portions then it shall be placed into a Child-Resistant Container that is Resealable.
- c. <u>Edible Retail Marijuana Product</u>. Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall be in a Child-Resistant Container as follows:
 - i. <u>Single-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product</u>. Every Single-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product must be placed into a Child-Resistant Container.
 - ii. <u>Bundled Single-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product</u>. Single-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Products that are placed into a Child-Resistant Container may be bundled into a larger Marketing Layer so long as the total amount of active THC per Marketing Layer does not exceed 100 milligrams.
 - iii. <u>Multiple-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product</u>. Every Multiple-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall be placed into a Child-Resistant Container that is Resealable and shall not exceed 100 milligrams of active THC per Container.
- d. <u>Liquid Edible Medical Marijuana Product and Liquid Edible Retail Marijuana</u> <u>Product</u>. Liquid Edible Medical Marijuana Product and Single-Serving Liquid Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall be packaged in a Child-Resistant Container:
 - i. Repealed.
 - ii. <u>Multiple-Serving Liquid Edible Retail Marijuana Product</u>. Each Liquid Edible Retail Marijuana Product that is a Multiple-Serving Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall be:
 - a. Packaged in a structure that uses a single mechanism to achieve both Child-Resistant properties and accurate pouring measurement of each liquid serving in increments equal to or less than 10 milligrams of active THC per serving, with no more than 100 milligrams of active THC total per Container; and
 - b. The measurement component is within the Child-Resistant cap or closure of the bottle and is not a separate component.
 - iii. <u>Multiple-Serving Liquid Edible Medical Marijuana Product</u>. Each Liquid Edible Medical Marijuana Product that is a Multiple-Serving Edible Medical Marijuana Product shall be:
 - a. Packaged in a structure that uses a single mechanism to achieve both Child-Resistant properties and accurate pouring measurement of each liquid serving; and
 - b. The measurement component is within the Child-Resistant cap or closure of the bottle, and is not a separate component.

- e. <u>Audited Product</u>. The Container containing Audited Product for administration by: (i) metered dose nasal spray or (ii) vaginal administration must be Child Resistant and labeled. A Container holding Audited Product for rectal administration need not be Child-Resistant but must be placed into a Child-Resistant Container prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer.
 - i. A metered dose nasal spray must be affixed with a label that states: "**Not approved by FDA.**"
 - ii. The Container holding Audited Product for vaginal administration and rectal administration must be affixed with a label that states: "**Not approved by FDA.**"
 - iii. For example and not by means of limitation, labels may be affixed using the following methods: accordion, expandable, extendable, layered, tags, or stickers.
- 2. <u>Labeling of Regulated Marijuana Product</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Store and a patient or consumer, every Container of Regulated Marijuana Product and any Marketing Layer shall be affixed with a label that includes at least the following information:
 - a. <u>Required License Number(s)</u>. The license number for each of the following:
 - i. The Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility where the Medical Marijuana or Retail Marijuana was grown;
 - ii. The Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer where the Medical Marijuana Product or Retail Marijuana Product was produced; and
 - iii. The Regulated Marijuana Store that sold the Medical Marijuana Product to a patient or consumer, except the Regulated Marijuana Store may affix its license number to the Container or Marketing Layer.
 - b. <u>Batch Numbers</u>. The Production Batch Number(s) assigned to the Regulated Marijuana Product.
 - c. <u>Statement of Net Contents</u>. The statement of net contents must identify the net weight, volume, or number of Regulated Marijuana Products prior to its placement in the Container, using a standard of measure compatible with the Inventory Tracking System.
 - d. <u>Universal Symbol</u>. The Universal Symbol on the front of the Container and any Marketing Layer, no smaller than ½ of an inch by ½ of an inch, with the following statement directly below the Universal Symbol: "**Contains Marijuana. Keep** away from children."
 - Ingredient List Including Major Allergens. A list of all Ingredients used to manufacture the Regulated Marijuana Product including identification of any major allergens contained in the Regulated Marijuana Product in accordance with the Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act of 2004, 21 U.S.C. § 343 (2010). The Food Allergen Labeling and Consumer Protection Act of 2004, 21 U.S.C. § 343 (2010) requires disclosure of the following major food allergens: milk, eggs, fish, crustacean shellfish, tree nuts, peanuts, wheat, and soybeans.

- Note that this Rule does not include any later amendments or editions to the United States Code. The Division maintains a copy of 21 U.S.C. § 343 (2010), which is available to the public for inspection and copying during the Division's regular business hours.
- f. <u>Required Potency Statement</u>. The Target Potency or potency value determined from testing by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility of the Regulated Marijuana Product's active THC and CBD expressed in milligrams. If the Regulated Marijuana Product's Target Potency or potency value of THC or CBD is less than 1 milligram, the potency may be expressed as "<1 mg." If CBD is not detected in the Regulated Marijuana Product, then active CBD potency is not required. The Target Potency or potency value, shall be displayed either:
 - i. In a font that is bold, and enclosed within an outlined shape such as a circle or square; or
 - ii. Highlighted with a bright color such as yellow.
- g. <u>Solvent List</u>. A list of any solvent(s) used to produce any Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate used as a production input in any Medical Marijuana Product, or Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate used as a production input in any Retail Marijuana Product.
- h. <u>Date of Sale</u>. The Regulated Marijuana Store shall affix the date of sale to the Container or Marketing Layer at the time of Transfer to the patient or consumer.
- i. <u>Patient Number.</u> The Medical Marijuana Store shall affix the patient's registration number to the Container or Marking Layer at the time of Transfer to the patient.
- j. <u>Required Warning Statements</u>. Either the label affixed to the Container or the Marketing Layer shall include the following information:
 - i. "This product was produced without regulatory oversight for health, safety, or efficacy."
 - ii. "There may be long term physical or mental health risks from use of marijuana including additional risks for women who are or may become pregnant or are breastfeeding. Use of marijuana may impair your ability to drive a car or operate machinery."
- 3. <u>Labeling of Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana</u>. Prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Store and to a patient or consumer, every Container of Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana and any Marketing Layer shall be affixed with a label that includes at least the following information:
 - a. <u>Required License Number(s)</u>. The license number for each of the following:
 - i. The Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility where the Medical Marijuana or Retail Marijuana was grown;
 - ii. The license number of the Regulated Marijuana Business where the Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana was produced; and
 - iii. The Regulated Marijuana Store that sold the Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana to a patient or consumer, except the

Regulated Marijuana Store may affix its license number to the Container or Marketing Layer.

- b. <u>Batch Numbers</u>. The Production Batch Number(s) assigned to the Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana.
- c. <u>Statement of Net Contents</u>. The statement of net contents must identify the net weight (excluding the paper, wrapper, filter and/or equivalent) of each Pre-Rolled Marijuana joint or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana joint prior to its placement in the Container and the number of joints in each Container of Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana, using a standard of measure compatible with the Inventory Tracking System.
- d. <u>Universal Symbol</u>. The Universal Symbol on the front of the Container and any Marketing Layer, no smaller than ½ of an inch by ½ of an inch, with the following statement directly below the Universal Symbol: "**Contains Marijuana. Keep** away from children."
- e. <u>Solvent List</u>. If applicable, a list of any solvent(s) used to produce any Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate used in the creation of Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana.
- f. Required Potency Statement. The potency of Pre-Rolled Marijuana shall be expressed as: (1) the percentage of total THC and CBD from the test results of each Production Batch, or (2) if each Production Batch is not required to be tested, either as: (i) a range of percentages of total THC and CBD that extends from the lowest percentage to the highest percentage for each cannabinoid listed, from every test conducted for a particular type of Pre-Rolled Marijuana produced by the same Regulated Marijuana Business during the preceding six months or (ii) an average for each cannabinoid listed, from every test conducted for a particular type of Pre-Rolled Marijuana produced by the same Regulated Marijuana Business during the preceding six months. If CBD is not detected in the Production Batch, then Total CBD potency is not required. The potency of Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana shall be expressed as the percentages of total THC and CBD from the test results of each Production Batch. If CBD is not detected in the Production Batch, then Total CBD potency is not required. The potency of Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana shall be displayed either:
 - i. In a font that is bold, and enclosed within an outlined shape such as a circle or square; or
 - ii. Highlighted with a bright color such as yellow.
- g. <u>Date of Sale</u>. The Regulated Marijuana Store shall affix the date of sale to the Container or Marketing Layer at the time of Transfer to the patient or consumer.
- h. <u>Patient Number</u>. The Medical Marijuana Store shall affix the patient's registration number to the Container or Marking Layer at the time of Transfer to the patient.
- i. <u>Required Warning Statements</u>. Either the label affixed to the Container or the Marketing Layer shall include the following information:
 - i. "This product was produced without regulatory oversight for health, safety, or efficacy."

- ii. "There may be long term physical or mental health risks from use of marijuana including additional risks for women who are or may become pregnant or are breastfeeding. Use of marijuana may impair your ability to drive a car or operate machinery."
- E. <u>Packaging and Labeling of Seeds and Immature Plants Prior to Transfer to a Patient or</u> <u>Consumer</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, or Accelerator Store shall comply with the following minimum packaging and labeling requirements prior to Transferring seeds or Immature <u>pP</u>lants to a patient or consumer:
 - 1. <u>Packaging of Regulated Marijuana Seeds</u>. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, Regulated Marijuana seeds shall be in a Container. The Container may but is not required to be Child-Resistant. Any Regulated Marijuana seeds in a Container that is not Child-Resistant shall be placed into a Child-Resistant Exit Package at the point of Transfer to a patient or consumer.
 - <u>Packaging of Immature Plants</u>. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, Immature <u>pP</u>lants shall be placed into a receptacle. The receptacle may but is not required to be Child-Resistant.
 - 3. <u>Labeling of Seeds and Immature Plants</u>. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, every Container holding Regulated Marijuana seeds and any receptacle containing an Immature <u>PP</u>lant must be affixed with a label that includes at least the following information:
 - a. <u>Required License Number(s)</u>. The license number for each of the following:
 - i. The Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility where the Medical Marijuana that produced the seeds or Immature pPlant was grown, the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility where the Retail Marijuana that produced the seeds or the Immature pPlant was grown, or the Accelerator Cultivator where the Retail Marijuana that produced the seeds or the Immature pPlant was grown; and
 - ii. The Medical Marijuana Store that sold the seeds or Immature pPlant to the patient, the Retail Marijuana Store that sold the seeds or Immature pPlant to the consumer, or the Accelerator Store that sold the seeds or Immature pPlant to the consumer.
 - b. <u>Universal Symbol</u>. The Universal Symbol on the front of the Container holding seeds and the receptacle containing each Immature plant, no smaller than ½ of an inch by ½ of an inch, with the following statement directly below the Universal Symbol: "**Contains Marijuana. Keep away from children.**"
 - c. <u>Statement of Net Contents for Seeds</u>. A statement of net contents identifying the number of seeds in the Container.
 - d. <u>Date of Sale</u>. The Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Store, or Accelerator Store shall affix the date of sale to the patient or consumer to the Container or receptacle.
 - e. <u>Patient Number</u>. The Medical Marijuana Store shall affix the patient's registration number to the Container or receptacle at the time of Transfer to the patient.
 - f. <u>Required Warning Statements</u>:

- i. "This product was produced without regulatory oversight for health, safety, or efficacy."
- ii. "There may be long term physical or mental health risks from use of marijuana including additional risks for women who are or may become pregnant or are breastfeeding. Use of marijuana may impair your ability to drive a car or operate machinery."

F. <u>Permissive Information</u>.

- 1. <u>Identity Statement</u>. A label affixed to a Container of Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product or any Marketing Layer may include, but is not required to include, the Identity Statement and/or Standardized Graphic Symbol for:
 - a. The Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility(ies) where the Medical Marijuana or Retail Marijuana was grown;
 - b. The Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer that manufactured the Regulated Marijuana Product or Regulated Marijuana Concentrate; and/or
 - c. The Regulated Marijuana Store that sold the Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, or Regulated Marijuana Product.
- <u>Nutritional Fact Panel</u>. Label(s) may include, but are not required to include, a nutritional fact panel or dietary supplement fact panel in substantial conformance with 21 CFR 101.9 (2016) or 21 C.F.R. 101.36 (2016) as follows:
 - a. For Edible Medical Marijuana Products or Edible Retail Marijuana Products other than pills, capsules, and tinctures and Food-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Food-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate the nutritional fact panel shall be in substantial conformance with the requirements of 21 C.F.R. 101.9(C) (2016) which provides the FDA's nutritional labeling requirements for food;
 - b. For pills, capsules, and tinctures, the dietary supplement fact panel shall be in substantial conformance with the requirements of 21 C.F.R. 101.36 (2016) which provides the FDA's nutritional labeling requirements for dietary supplements.
 - Note that this Rule does not include any later amendments or editions to the Code of Federal Regulations. The Division maintains copies of 21 C.F.R. 101.9(C) (2016) and 21 C.F.R. 101.36 (2016), which are available to the public for inspection and copying during the Division's regular business hours.
- 3. <u>Other Permissive Information</u>. The labeling requirements in the 3-1000 Series Rules provide only the minimum labeling requirements. Licensees may include additional information on the label(s) so long as such information is consistent with the requirements of these Rules.

Basis and Purpose – 3-1015

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(a), 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-202(6), 44-10-203(2)(d)(IV)(A)-(C), 44-10-203(2)(f), 44-10-203(2)(w), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-601(2)(a), 44-10-603(4)(a), and 44-10-603(8), C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to define additional

labeling requirements for Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and/or Regulated Marijuana Product (except Regulated Marijuana seeds and Immature pPlants) based on its intended use. These labeling requirements are in addition to, not in lieu of, the labeling requirements in Rule 3-1010. This Rule 3-1015 was previously Rules M and R 1003-1, 1 CCR 212-1 and 1 CCR 212-2. The Division and State Licensing Authority intend to monitor data regarding Regulated Marijuana use-by dates following implementation of these rules, and will make any necessary changes, including but not limited to, reducing the nine months use-by date if Licensees choose not to conduct stabilization studies.

3-1015 – Additional Labeling Requirements Prior to Transfer to a Patient or Consumer

- A. <u>Applicability</u>. This Rule establishes additional labeling requirements for Regulated Marijuana (except seeds and Immature <u>pP</u>lants), Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer. The labeling requirements in this Rule apply to all Containers immediately containing Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, and Regulated Marijuana Product. These labeling requirements based on intended use are in addition to, not in lieu of, the requirements in Rule 3-1010.
 - 1. <u>Exemption for Transfers to Consumers by a Retail Marijuana Hospitality and Sales</u> <u>Business</u>. Unless otherwise provided by these rules, a Retail Marijuana Hospitality and Sales Business Transferring Retail Marijuana to consumers in compliance with the packaging and labeling requirements of Rule 3-1020 is exempt from the requirements of this Rule.
- B. <u>Additional Information Required on Every Container (Except Seeds and Immature Plants) Prior to</u> <u>Transfer to a Patient or Consumer</u>. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, every Container of Regulated Marijuana (except seeds and Immature <u>pP</u>lants), Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, or Regulated Marijuana Product and any Marketing Layer must have a label that includes at least the following additional information.
 - 1. <u>Statement of Intended Use</u>. The Container and any Marketing Layer shall identify one or more intended use(s) for Medical Marijuana, Retail Marijuana, Medical Marijuana Concentrate, Retail Marijuana Concentrate, Medical Marijuana Product, and Retail Marijuana Product from the following exclusive list:
 - a. Inhaled Product:
 - i. Flower, shake, or trim;
 - ii. Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused-Pre-Rolled Marijuana;
 - iii. Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate;
 - iv. Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate;
 - v. Physical Separation-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate;
 - vi. Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate;
 - vii. Heat/Pressure-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate;
 - viii. Heat/Pressure-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate;
 - ix. Vaporizer Delivery Device;
 - x. Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler.

- b. For Oral Consumption:
 - i. Food or drink infused with Regulated Marijuana;
 - ii. Regulated Marijuana Concentrate intended to be consumed orally;
 - iii. Pills and capsules;
 - iv. Tinctures.
- c. <u>Skin and Body Products</u>:
 - i. Topical;
 - ii. Transdermal.
- d. <u>Audited Product</u>:
 - i. Metered Dose Nasal Spray;
 - ii. Vaginal Administration;
 - iii. Rectal Administration.
- 2. <u>Inhaled Product</u>. The "Inhaled Product" intended use may be used only for products intended for consumption by smoking or Vaporizer Delivery Device where the product is heated or burned prior to consumption, or through use of a Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler. The label(s) on all inhaled product intended use shall also include:
 - a. The potency statement required by Rule 3-1010 for: (1) flower, shake, or trim, (2) Pre-Rolled Marijuana, (3) Infused-Pre-Rolled Marijuana, (4) Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate, (5) Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate, (6) Physical Separation-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate, (7) Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate, (8) Heat/Pressure-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate, (9) Heat/Pressure-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate shall be stated as the percentage of Total THC and CBD. If CBD is not detected, then total CBD potency is not required.
 - Use-By Date. Effective January 1, 2024, a product use-by date, upon which the a.5. Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, or Regulated Marijuana Product will no longer be fit for consumption, or upon which the Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, or Regulated Marijuana Product will no longer be optimally fresh. Once a label with a use-by date has been affixed to a Container containing Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, or Regulated Marijuana Product and any Marketing Layer, a Licensee shall not alter that use-by date or affix a new label with a later use-by date. The use-by date shall not be longer than nine months from the harvest or production date, unless shelf stability testing, including but not limited to potency, microbial, and water activity testing, supports a longer shelf life. All use-by dates must be entered into the Inventory Tracking System prior to Transfer. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, a Regulated Marijuana Store or Accelerator Store must inform the patient or consumer if the Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, or Regulated Marijuana Product is past its use-by date.

- b. The potency statement required by Rule 3-1010 for Vaporizer Delivery Devices and Pressurized Metered Dose Inhalers shall be stated as either the percentage of Total THC and CBD, or the number of milligrams of Total THC and CBD, per cartridge, pen, or inhaler. If the potency value for Total THC or CBD of the Vaporizer Delivery Devices or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhalers is less than one milligram, the potency may be expressed as "<1 mg." If CBD is not detected in the Vaporizer Delivery Device or Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler, then total CBD potency is not required.
- c. <u>Additional Labeling Requirement for Regulated Marijuana Concentrate to</u> <u>Promote Consumer Health and Awareness</u>: Effective January 1, 2023, if a Regulated Marijuana Concentrate that is an Inhaled Product cannot easily be measured or separable to the recommended serving size established under Rule 3-335(D)(3)(d) and (4)(f), the Regulated Marijuana Manufacturer that manufacturers the Regulated Marijuana Concentrate must:
 - i. Affix the Container of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate with a measuring device that permits the patient or consumer to measure each serving in a manner consistent with the recommended serving established under Rule 3-335(D); or
 - ii. Include a label on the Container of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate that provides instructions to allow the patient or consumer to measure each recommended serving pursuant to Rule 3-335(D).
- 3. <u>For Oral Consumption</u>. The label(s) on all Edible Medical Marijuana Products and Edible Retail Marijuana Products, including but not limited to confections, liquids, pills, capsules and tinctures, shall also include:
 - a. <u>Potency Statement</u>. The potency statement required by Rule 3-1010 shall be stated as: (1) milligrams of active THC and CBD per serving and (2) milligrams of active THC and CBD per Container where the Container contains more than one serving. The Target Potency may be used to fulfill the requirement of this Rule. If CBD is not detected, then active CBD potency is not required.
 - If the Edible Medical Marijuana Product's or Edible Retail Marijuana Product's Target Potency or potency value of active THC or CBD is less than one milligram per serving, the potency may be expressed as "<1 mg." If "<1 mg" was used to display the active THC or CBD per serving, then a corresponding statement regarding the total THC or CBD content for the entire Container shall be included on the Container. For example, if there are five servings in the Container, "<5 mg" should be displayed for the active THC or CBD statement that was represented as "<1 mg" per serving.
 - b. <u>Additional Warning Statement Required</u>. The following additional warning statement shall be included on the label on the Container or Marketing Layer for all Edible Medical Marijuana Product and Edible Retail Marijuana Product: **"The intoxicating effects of this product may be delayed by up to 4 hours."**
 - c. <u>Expiration/Use-By Date</u>. A product expiration date, upon which the Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product will no longer be fit for consumption, or a use-by-date, upon which the Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product will no longer be optimally fresh. Once a label with an expiration or use-by date has been affixed to a Container containing an Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana

Product and any Marketing Layer, a Licensee shall not alter that expiration or use-by date or affix a new label with a later expiration or use-by date. All expiration or use-by dates must be entered into the Inventory Tracking System prior to Transfer. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, a Regulated Marijuana Store or Accelerator Store must inform the patient or consumer if the Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product is past its expiration or use-by date.

- d. <u>Production Date</u>. The date on which the Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product was produced which may be included in the Batch Number required by Rule 3-1010.
- e. <u>Statement Regarding Refrigeration</u>. If an Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product is perishable, a statement that the product must be refrigerated.
- 4. <u>Skin and Body Products (Topical and Transdermal)</u>. The "Skin and Body Products" intended use may be used only for products intended for consumption by topical or transdermal application, and must be intended for external use only. The label(s) on all skin and body products shall also include:
 - a. <u>Topical Product Potency Statement</u>. For topical product the potency statement required by Rule 3-1010 shall be stated as the number of milligrams of active THC and CBD per Container. The Target Potency may be used to fulfill the requirement of this Rule. If CBD is not detected, then active CBD potency is not required. If the THC or CBD comprises less than one percent of the total cannabinoids, the potency may be expressed as less than one percent of the total cannabinoids.
 - b. <u>Transdermal Product Potency Statement</u>. For transdermal product, the potency statement required by Rule 3-1010 shall be stated as the number of milligrams of active THC and CBD per transdermal product, and the total number of milligrams of active THC and CBD per Container. The Target Potency may be used to fulfill the requirement of this Rule. If CBD is not detected, then active CBD potency is not required.
 - i. If the transdermal product's Target Potency or potency value of active THC or CBD is less than one milligram per transdermal product, the potency may be expressed as "<1 mg." If "<1 mg" was used to display the active THC or CBD per transdermal product, then a corresponding statement regarding the total THC or CBD content for the entire Container shall be included on the Container. For example, if there are five servings in the Container, "<5 mg" should be displayed for the active THC or CBD statement that was represented as "<1 mg" per serving.
 - c. <u>Expiration/Use-By Date</u>. A product expiration or use-by date, after which the skin and body product will no longer be fit for use. Once a label with an expiration or use-by date has been affixed to any Container holding a skin and body product and any Marketing Layer, a Licensee shall not alter that expiration or use-by date or affix a new label with a later expiration or use-by date. All expiration or use-by dates must be entered into the Inventory Tracking System prior to Transfer. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, a Regulated Marijuana Store or Accelerator Store must inform the patient or consumer if the skin and body product is past its expiration or use-by date.

- d. <u>Production Date</u>. The date on which the skin and body product was produced which may be included in the Batch Number required by Rule 3-1010.
- 5. <u>Audited Product</u>. Packaging and labeling for all Audited Products: (i) metered dose nasal spray, (ii) vaginal administration, or (iii) rectal administration shall include:
 - a. All packaging and labeling requirements required by this 3-1000 Series for Regulated Marijuana Products; except Rules 5-325 and 6-325 control where the context otherwise clearly requires.
 - b. Audited Product shall be packaged and labeled for Transfer to a patient or consumer prior to Transfer from a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer or Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer.
 - c. <u>Expiration/Use-By Date</u>. A product expiration date that is appropriate for the Audited Product when stored at room temperature as verified by testing required by Rules 5-325 and 6-325. Once a label with an expiration date has been affixed to a Container containing an Audited Product, a Licensee shall not alter that expiration date, or affix a new label with a later expiration date. All expiration or use-by dates must be entered into the Inventory Tracking System prior to Transfer. Prior to Transfer to a patient or consumer, a Regulated Marijuana Store or Accelerator Store must inform the patient or consumer if the Audited Product is past its expiration or use-by date.
 - d. <u>Production Date</u>. The date on which the Audited Product was produced, which may be included in the Batch Number required by Rule 3-1010.
- C. <u>No Other Intended Use Permitted</u>. No intended use other than those identified in this Rule shall be identified on any label, except as permitted by an Alternative Use Designation approved by the State Licensing Authority pursuant to Rules 5-325 and 6-325. Licensees shall accurately identify all intended use(s) from the exclusive list of intended uses in this Rule, or as required by the Alternative Use Designation, on the label.
 - 1. <u>Alternative Use Product</u>. No Regulated Marijuana Business shall Transfer or accept an Alternative Use Product unless the Alternative Use Product received an Alternative Use Designation in accordance with Rules 5-325 and 6-325 and complied with all the requirements of Rules 5-325, 6-325, and 3-1005 through 3-1015, and with any additional packaging and labeling requirements identified in the Alternative Use Designation. At a minimum the label(s) on all Alternative Use Products shall include:
 - a. All packaging and labeling requirements applicable to the Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer or Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer by these 3-1000 Series Rules unless inconsistent with the Alternative Use Designation in which case the Alternative Use Designation shall control.
 - b. <u>Expiration/Use-By Date</u>. A product expiration date that is appropriate for the Alternative Use Product when stored at room temperature as verified by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility. Once a label with an expiration date has been affixed to a Container containing Alternative Use Product, a Licensee shall not alter that expiration date, or affix a new label with a later expiration date.
 - c. <u>Production Date</u>. The date on which the Alternative Use Product was produced, which may be included in the Batch Number required by Rule 3-1010.
 - d. All other requirements identified by the Alternative Use Designation.

D. <u>Multiple Intended Uses</u>. Any Regulated Marijuana having more than one intended use shall identify every intended use on the label and shall comply with all labeling requirements for each intended use. If there is any conflict between the labeling requirements for multiple intended uses, the most restrictive labeling requirements shall be followed. Licensees shall not counsel or advise any patient or consumer to use Regulated Marijuana other than in accordance with the intended use(s) identified on the label.

Part 4 – Regulated Marijuana Testing Program

Basis and Purpose – 4-110

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(g), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(f), 44-10-203(3)(d), 44-10-203(3)(e), 44-10-501(6), 44-10-502(3), 44-10-503(8), 44-10-504(1)(b), 44-10-504(2), 44-10-601(4), 44-10-602(4), 44-10-603(6), 44-10-604(1)(b), and 44-10-604(2), C.R.S. Authority also exists in the Colorado Constitution at Article XVIII, Subsection 16(5)(a)(VII). The purpose of this rule is to protect the public health and safety by establishing sampling procedures and rules for the Division's Regulated Marijuana sampling and testing program. This Rule 4-110 was previously Rules M and R 1504, 1 CCR 212-1 and 1 CCR 212-2.

4-110 – Regulated Marijuana Testing Program: Sampling Procedures

- A. <u>Collection of Samples</u>.
 - 1. <u>Sample Increment Collection</u>. All Samples submitted for testing pursuant to this Rule must be collected by Division representatives or in accordance with the Division's sampling policy reflected in the marijuana laboratory testing reference library available at the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment's website. This reference library may be continuously updated as new materials become available in accordance with section 25-1.5-106(3.5)(d), C.R.S.
 - 2. <u>Sample Increment Selection</u>. The Division may elect, at its sole direction, to assign Division representatives to collect Sample Increments, or may otherwise direct Sample Increment selection, including, but not limited to, through Division designation of a Harvest Batch or Production Batch in the Inventory Tracking System from which a Regulated Marijuana Business shall select Samples for testing. A Regulated Marijuana Business, its Controlling Beneficial Owners, Passive Beneficial Owners, and employees shall not attempt to influence the Sample Increments selected by Division representatives. If the Division does not select the Harvest Batch or Production Batch to be tested, a Regulated Marijuana Business must collect and submit Sample Increments that are representative of the Harvest Batch or Production Batch being tested.
 - 3. <u>Adulteration or Alteration Prohibited</u>. Pursuant to section 44-10-701(3)(b) and (9), C.R.S., it is unlawful for a Licensee or its agent to knowingly adulterate or alter, or attempt to adulterate or alter, any Sample Increments or Test Batches of Regulated Marijuana. The Sample Increments collected and submitted for testing must be representative of the Harvest Batch or Production Batch being tested. A violation of this sub-paragraph (A)(3) shall be considered a license violation affecting public safety and the person who commits adulteration or alteration of Sample Increments or Test Batches commits a class 2 misdemeanor and may be punished as provided in section 18-1.3-501, C.R.S.
 - 4. <u>Timing of Sample Increments for Harvest Batches and Production Batches</u>. A Licensee shall not collect Sample Increments or submit Test Batches for testing until the Test Batch has completed all required steps and is in its final form as outlined in the standard

operating procedures of the Licensee submitting the Test Batch, with the exception of packaging and labeling requirements which shall comply with Rule 3-1025.

- a. The following examples illustrate various methods, which are not limited to those listed herein, that a Licensee's standard operating procedures may include to verify a Test Batch completed all required steps and is in its final form pursuant to this Rule:
 - i. The Licensee's standard operating procedures may include procedures that ensure the addition of all Ingredients or Additives has occurred and that the Harvest Batch or Production Batch associated with the Test Batch is completely ready to be packaged pending results of testing required by these Rules. This also includes creating Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana;
 - ii. For a Production Batch of Concentrate, the Licensee's standard operating procedure may include procedures that ensure the entire Production Batch associated with the Test Batch has completed all sifting, extracting, purging, winterizing, and steps to remove plant pigments and ensuring the addition of all Ingredients and Additives has occurred.
 - iii. For a Production Batch of Regulated Marijuana Product, the Licensee's standard operating procedure may include procedures that ensure the addition of all Ingredients and Additives has occurred and the Production Batch associated with the Test Batch is completely ready to be packaged pending results of testing required by these Rules.
- b. A Test Batch from a Harvest Batch or Production Batch shall be packaged and labeled according to Series 3-1025 prior to Transfer to a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility.
- c. This Rule 4-110(A)(4) does not apply for the submission of Test Batches submitted for R&D testing.
- 5. <u>Vaporizer Delivery Device</u>. This subsection (A)(5) is effective January 1, 2022. Retail Marijuana Concentrate that has been placed into a Vaporizer Delivery Device must be sampled and tested using a methodology that allows the laboratory to analyze the emission of the contents of the Vaporizer Delivery Device.
- B. <u>Designated Test Batch Collector Training, Documentation, and Designation</u>.
 - 1. <u>Required Sample Increment Collection Training</u>. To become a Designated Test Batch Collector an Owner Licensee or Employee Licensee involved in the Sample Increment Collection of Regulated Marijuana must be designated by a manager or Owner Licensee as such and must also complete either in-house training provided by the Regulated Marijuana Business or training from a third-party vendor. Nothing in this rule requires a Designated Test Batch Collector to be employed by the Regulated Marijuana Business making the designation.
 - 2. <u>Designated Test Batch Collection Training Required Topics</u>. The training required to become a Designated Test Batch Collector must include at least the following topics:
 - a. Part 4–100 Series Rules Regulated Marijuana Testing Program;

- b. The Marijuana Business's standard operating procedures on creating a Sampling Plan and Test Batches, and the CDPHE's Sampling Procedures.
- c. "Guidance on Marijuana Sampling Procedures" Training Video or an equivalent training covering the following subjects:
 - i. Introduction to Sample Increment Collection:
 - A. Cross contamination as it relates to Sample Increment Collection;
 - B. Sample Increment Collection and how it works;
 - C. Sample Increment Collection documentation and record keeping requirements;
 - D. Penalties for Sample Increment or Test Batch adulteration or alteration;
 - E. Use of and disinfection of the Designated Test Batch Collection Area; and
 - F. Use of the Sample Plan.
- 3. <u>Documentation of Designated Test Batch Collector Training</u>. Any individual receiving the Designated Test Batch Collector training must sign and date a document which shall be maintained by the Regulated Marijuana Business as a business record pursuant to Rule 3-905. The document must acknowledge the following:
 - a. The identity of the Person that created the training, such as the Regulated Marijuana Business or a third-party vendor; and
 - b. That all required topics of the training identified in this Rule have been reviewed and understood by the Owner Licensee or Employee Licensee.

C. <u>Test Batch Collection Requirements</u>.

- 1. <u>Required Minimum of Two Test Batch Collectors</u>. At a minimum, two Designated Test Batch Collectors shall be involved in the collection of Sample Increments such that at least one Designated Test Batch Collector is responsible for collecting the Sample Increments and another Designated Test Batch Collector is responsible for reviewing documentation associated with the collection of Sample Increments in a timely manner and prior to any Transfer of the Production Batch or Harvest Batch from which Sample Increments were collected. This review can be completed in person or may be completed remotely by reviewing image(s) of the Test Batch and associated documentation.
- 2. <u>Sample Plan Required</u>. A Designated Test Batch Collector must establish a Sample Plan consistent with the Regulated Marijuana Business's Standard Operating Procedure for Sample Increment Collection. At a minimum, a Sample Plan must include the following:
 - a. The date, amount or weight, and specific location for each Sample Increment collected;
 - b. Identification of and acknowledgements from all Designated Test Batch Collectors involved in the Sample Increment Collection; and

- c. If applicable, the strain name(s) for each Harvest Batch from which Sample Increments are collected.
- D. <u>Minimum Number of Sample Increments Per Test Batch Submission.</u> These sampling rules shall apply until such time as the State Licensing Authority revises these rules to implement a statistical sampling model. Unless a greater amount is required to comply with these rules or is required by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility to perform all requested testing, each Test Batch of Regulated Marijuana must contain at least the number of Sample Increments prescribed by this Section.
 - 1. A Test Batch of Regulated Marijuana must be packaged and labeled according to Rule 3-1025.
 - 2. The minimum number of Sample Increments required to be collected for each Test Batch from a Harvest Batch of Retail Marijuana or Medical Marijuana shall be determined by Table 4-110.D.2.T.
 - 3. The minimum number of Sample Increments required to be collected for each Test Batch from a Production Batch of Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana, Audited Product and Alternative Use Product shall be determined by Table 4-110.D.2.T.
 - a. The Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer or Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall determine what constitutes a "Serving" and thus how many Servings are contained in a Production Batch of Regulated Marijuana Product, except that no serving of Edible Retail Marijuana Product can contain more than 10mg of active THC
 - b. Because all Test Batches of Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana are required to be submitted for testing in their final form, in the event the required number of Sample Increments does not match up within a finished package, the manufacturer must increase the number of Sample Increments collected for the Test Batch such that only finished packages of Regulated Marijuana Products, Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana are submitted for testing. For example, if a Production Batch of 4000 chocolate bars is manufactured, with each bar containing 100 mg THC and 10 servings per bar, the Production Batch would contain 40,000 Sample Increments which would require collection of at least 33 Sample Increments per Test Batch. But in this case, the manufacturer would have to collect 40 Sample Increments for testing (4 complete chocolate bars in final form).
 - c. No matter how small the Production Batch of Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana a minimum of two finished packages in final form must be submitted for a Test Batch.
 - 4. The minimum number of Sample Increments required to be collected for each Test Batch from a Production Batch of Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Medical Marijuana Concentrate shall be determined by Table 4-110.D.2.T.
 - a. Because all Test Batches of Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Medical Marijuana Concentrate are required to be submitted for testing in their final form, in the event the required number of Sample Increments does not match up with the number of Sample Increments in a finished package, the manufacturer must increase the number of Sample Increments collected for the Test Batch such that

only finished packages of Marijuana Concentrate are submitted for testing. For example, if a Production Batch of 4,000 Vaporizer Delivery Devices is manufactured, with each Vaporizer Delivery Device containing 500 milligrams of Marijuana Concentrate, the Production Batch would contain 2,000 grams of Marijuana Concentrate, which would require collection of at least 15 Sample Increments per Test Batch. But in this case, the manufacturer would have to collect 16 Sample Increments for testing (8 vaporizer Delivery Devices in final form).

b. No matter how small the Production Batch of Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Medical Marijuana Concentrate, a minimum of two finished packages must be submitted for a Test Batch.

Table 4-110.D.2.T

Minimum Number of Sample Increments	Regulated Marijuana (Sample Increment = 0.5 grams)				
Required to be Collected per Test Batch	Total Weight of Harvest Batch (lbs)	Total Weight of Harvest Batch (grams)	Minimum Weight of Test Batch (grams)		
5	0.000 -0.999	0.0 -453.5	2.50		
8	1.00 -9.999	453.6 -4535.9	4.00		
15	10.000 -19.999	4536.0 - 9071.8	7.50		
22	20.000 -39.999	9071.9 - 18143.6	11.00		
33	40.000 -99.999	18143.7 - 45359.2	16.50		
43	100.000 - 199.999	45359.3 - 90718.4	21.50		
53	200.000 - 499.999	90718.5 -226796.1	26.50		
80	500 or more	226796.2 or more	40.00		

Minimum Number of Sample Increments	Regulated Marijuana Concentrate (Sample Increment = 0.25 g)				
Required to be Collected per Test Batch	Total Weight of Production Batch (lbs)	Total Weight of Production Batch (grams)	Minimum Weight of Test Batch (grams)		
5	0.000 -0.999	0.0-453.5	1.25		
8	1.00 - 1.999	453.6-907.1	2.00		
15	2.00 - 4.999	907.2-2267.9	3.75		
22	5.000 - 14.999	2268.0-6803.8	5.50		

33	15.000 – 49.999	6803.9-22679.6	8.25
43	50.000 – 99.999	22679.7-45359.2	10.75
53	100.000 – 249.999	45359.3-113398.0	13.25
80	250 or more	113398.1 or more	20.00

Minimum Number of Sample	Regulated Marijuana Products (Sample Increment = 1 Serving)				
Increments Required to be Collected per Test Batch	Number of Servings within Production Batch	Minimum Number of Units for a Test Batch for a 5- Serving Unit*	Minimum Number of Units for a Test Batch for a 10-Serving Unit*	Minimum Number of Units for a Test Batch for a 20- Serving Unit	Minimum Number of Units for a Test Batch for a 100-Serving * Unit*
5	0 - 99	2	2	2	2
8	100 - 999	2	2	2	2
15	1000 - 4999	3	2	2	2
22	5000 - 9999	5	3	2	2
33	10000 - 49999	7	4	2	2
43	50000 - 99999	9	5	3	3
53	100000 - 249999	11	6	3	3
80	250000 or more	16	8	4	4

*Other serving amounts per unit are acceptable. These are provided as examples.

	Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana							
Minimum Number of	Number of Pre- Rolls within the	Minimum	Number o	of Pre-Rol	Is for a Tes	t Batch whe	n each Pre-l	Roll is
Sample Increments Required to be Collected per Test Batch	Production Batch	< or = 0.39 g	0.40g to 0.50g	0.51g to 0.75g	0.76g - 1.00g	1.01g - 2.00g	2.01g - 3.00g	3.01g +
5	0 - 99	5	4	3	2	2	2	2

8	100 - 999	8	5	4	3	2	2	2
15	1000 - 4999	15	10	8	5	4	2	2
22	5000 - 9999	22	14	11	8	6	3	2
33	10000 - 49999	33	21	17	11	9	5	3
43	50000 - 99999	43	27	22	15	11	6	4
53	100000 - 249999	53	34	26	18	14	7	5
80	250000 or more	80	50	40	27	20	10	7

- E. <u>Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility Selection</u>. Unless otherwise restricted or prohibited by these rules or ordered by the State Licensing Authority, a Regulated Marijuana Business may select which Medical Marijuana Testing Facility or Retail Marijuana Testing Facility will test a Test Batch made up of Sample Increments collected pursuant to this Rule. However, the Division may elect, at its sole discretion, to assign a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility to which a Regulated Marijuana Business must submit for testing any Test Batch made up of Sample Increments collected pursuant to this Rule.
- F. <u>Industrial Hemp Product Sampling Procedures</u>. Absent sampling and testing standards established by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment for the sampling and testing of Industrial Hemp Product, a Person Transferring an Industrial Hemp Product to a Licensee pursuant to the Marijuana Code and these Rules shall comply with the sampling and testing standards set forth in these 4-100 Series Rules – Regulated Marijuana Testing Program and as required by these Rules.
- G. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose – 4-115

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(g), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(f), 44-10-203(3)(d), 44-10-203(3)(e), 44-10-501(6), 44-10-502(3), 44-10-503(8), 44-10-504(1)(b), 44-10-504(2), 44-10-601(4), 44-10-602(4), 44-10-603(6), 44-10-604(1)(b), and 44-10-604(2), C.R.S. Authority also exists in the Colorado Constitution at Article XVIII, Subsection 16(5)(a)(VII). The purpose of this rule is to establish the portion of the Division's mandatory testing and sampling program that is applicable to Regulated Marijuana Businesses, and specifically Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities and Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities. While the Marijuana Code requires the State Licensing Authority to establish acceptable limits of potential contaminants, it also requires the State Licensing Authority to enact a plus or minus 15 percent potency variance, which is also included in this rule. This Rule 4-115 was previously Rules M and R 712, 1 CCR 212-1 and 1 CCR 212-2.

4-115 – Regulated Marijuana Testing Program: Sampling and Testing Program

A. <u>Division Authority</u>. The Division may require that a Test Batch be submitted to a specific Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility for testing to verify compliance, perform investigations, compile data or address a public health and safety concern.

- 1. <u>Independent Third Party Review</u>. The Division may require Regulated Marijuana to undergo an independent third-party review to verify that the Regulated Marijuana does not pose a threat to public health and safety when the Division, in consultation with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, has objective and reasonable grounds to believe and finds, upon a full investigation, one of the following:
 - a. The Regulated Marijuana contains one or more substances known to cause harm; or
 - b. The Regulated Marijuana contains one or more substances that could be toxic as consumed or applied in accordance with the intended use.
- 2. The fact that Regulated Marijuana contains marijuana shall not constitute grounds to require an independent third-party review. Ingredients Generally Recognized as Safe by the U.S. Food & Drug Administration or that are regulated by the U.S. Food & Drug Administration under the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994 that are included in Edible Medical Marijuana Product or Edible Retail Marijuana Product shall not constitute grounds to require an independent third-party review.
- Quarantine. In addition to any other remedies provided by law, the Division may immediately quarantine Regulated Marijuana pursuant to Rule 4-135(A) in any one of the following circumstances:
 - a. The Division has objective and reasonable grounds to believe and finds, upon a full investigation, that a Regulated Marijuana Business has been guilty of deliberate and willful violations of these rules;
 - b. The Regulated Marijuana or Alternative Use Product poses a potential threat to public health and safety;
 - c. The Division has received one or more reports of an adverse event related to Regulated Marijuana or Alternative Use Product. For purpose of this Rule, adverse event means any untoward medical occurrence associated with the use of Regulated Marijuana or Alternative Use Product—this could include any unfavorable and unintended sign (including hospitalization, emergency department visit, doctor's visit, abnormal laboratory finding), symptom, or disease temporally associated with the use of a Regulated Marijuana or Alternative Use Product;
 - d. The Division determines the independent third-party audit submitted pursuant to Rules 5-325(B) or 6-325(B) does not meet the requirements of Rules 5-325 or 6-325; or
 - e. The Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer has violated or is not in compliance with all of the requirements in Rules 5-325 or 6-325.
- 4. Any quarantine pursuant to subparagraph (A)(3) above shall remain in effect unless the Regulated Marijuana undergoes an independent third-party review to verify the Regulated Marijuana does not pose a risk to public health and safety.
- 5. For the purpose of this Rule, full investigation means a reasonable ascertainment of the underlying facts on which the agency action is based.
- B. <u>Standard Minimum Weight of Test Batches and Photo Documentation.</u>

- 1. <u>Standard Minimum Weight of Test Batches.</u>
 - a. <u>Regulated Marijuana and Regulated Marijuana Concentrate</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility must establish a standard minimum weight of Medical Marijuana and Medical Marijuana Concentrate, and a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility must establish a standard minimum weight of Retail Marijuana and Retail Marijuana Concentrate that must be included in a Test Batch for every type of test that it conducts.
 - b. <u>Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, and Infused Pre-Rolled</u> <u>Marijuana</u>. Regulated Marijuana Testing Facilities must establish a standard number of Samples required to be included in each Test Batch of Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana for every type of test that it conducts. *See* Rule 4-110 – Regulated Marijuana Testing Program – Sampling Procedures.
- 2. <u>Photo Documentation of Test Batches.</u>
 - a. A Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility shall digitally photograph each Test Batch it receives to document the Sample Increments collected, condition of the Test Batch, and compliance with these rules.
 - b. The Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility must maintain the digital photographs of each Test Batch as business records. See Rule 3-905 Required Business Records.
 - c. Upon request by the Division, a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility must provide copies of the digital photographs of Test Batches within seven days of the request unless a different deadline is agreed to.
- C. <u>Rejection of Test Batches</u>.
 - 1. A Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility shall not accept a Test Batch that is smaller than its standard minimum amount.
 - 2. A Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility shall not accept a Test Batch that does not contain the minimum number and weight of Sample Increments, or the Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility has reason to believe it was not collected in accordance with Test Batch collection requirements in Rule 4-110.
 - 3. Effective July 1, 2023, if a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility suspects or has reason to suspect a Sample Increment or Test Batch has been adulterated, the Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility must:
 - a. Notify the Division; and
 - b. Quarantine the Sample Increment or Test Batch for a minimum of 48 hours from the time of notification to the Division before proceeding with any testing.
- D. <u>Permissible Levels of Contaminants.</u> If Regulated Marijuana is found to have a contaminant in levels exceeding those established as permissible under this Rule, then it shall be considered to have failed contaminant testing. Notwithstanding the permissible levels established in this Rule, the Division reserves the right to determine, upon good cause and reasonable grounds, that a particular Test Batch presents a risk to the public health or safety and therefore shall be considered to have failed a contaminant test.

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1. <u>Microbials (Bacteria, Fungus)</u>

Substance	Acceptable Limits	Product to be Tested
-Shiga-toxin producing Escherichia coli (STEC)*- Bacteria Salmonella species* – Bacteria Aspergillus (A. fumigatus, A. flavus, A. niger, A. terreus)** Total Yeast and Mold	Absent in 1 g Absent in 1 g < 1.0 x 10 ⁴ Colony Forming Unit (CFU) per 1 ml or 1 g	 Regulated Marijuana flower, shake, and trim (other than wet whole plant allocated for extraction); Regulated Marijuana Products (other than Audited Product); Pre-Rolled Marijuana; Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana; Physical Separation-Based, Heat/Pressure-Based, and Food-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate; Physical Separation-Based, Heat/Pressure-Based, and Food-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate; Industrial-Hemp Products; Pressurized Metered Dose Inhalers; Vaporizer Delivery Device; Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate produced through Remediation; Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate produced through Remediation; Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate produced from Regulated Marijuana wet whole plant that was not tested for microbials; Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate produced from Regulated Marijuana wet whole plant that was not tested for microbials; Re-testing of Regulated Marijuana flower, shake, and trim that has undergone Decontamination.
	≤ 1.0 x 10 ¹ CFU/ml or ≤ 1.0 x 10 ¹ CFU/g	Audited Product: administration by metered dose nasal spray or vaginal administration
	≤ 1.0 x 10 ² CFU/ml or ≤ 1.0 x 10 ² CFU/g	Audited Product: rectal administration

Total aerobic microbial count	\leq 1.0 x 10 ² CFU/ml or \leq 1.0 x 10 ² CFU/g	Audited Product: administration by metered dose nasal spray or vaginal administration
	≤ 1.0 x 10 ³ CFU/ml or ≤ 1.0 x 10 ³ CFU/g	Audited Product: rectal administration
Staphylococcus aureus	Absent in 1 ml or 1 g	Audited Product: administration by metered dose nasal spray or vaginal administration
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Absent in 1 ml or 1 g	Audited Product: administration by metered dose nasal spray or vaginal administration
Bile tolerant gram negative bacteria	Absent in 1 ml or 1 g	Audited Product: administration by metered dose nasal spray
Candida albicans	Absent in 1 ml or 1 g	Audited Product: vaginal administration

*The Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility shall contact the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment when STEC and Salmonella are detected beyond the acceptable limits.

** Regulated Marijuana Products with intended use for oral consumption or skin and body products are exempt from required aspergillus testing.

1.5 Water Activity

<u>Substance</u>	Acceptable Limits	Product to be Tested
Water Activity	0.65 aW	 Regulated Marijuana flower shake, and trim (other than wet whole plant); Retesting of Regulated Marijuana flower, shake, and trim that has undergone Decontamination; Pre-Rolled Marijuana; Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana.

2. <u>Mycotoxins</u>

<u>Substance</u>	Acceptable Limits	Product to be Tested
Aflatoxins (B1, B2, G1, and G2)	< 20 Parts Per Billion (PPB) (total of B1 + B2 + G1 + G2)	 Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate manufactured from Medical Marijuana flower or trim that
Ochratoxin A	< 20 PPB	failed microbial testing;
		 Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate manufactured from Retail Marijuana flower or trim that failed microbial testing;

 Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate produced from Regulated Marijuana wet whole plant that was not tested for microbials;
 Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate produced from Regulated Marijuana wet whole plant that was not tested for microbials;
 Regulated Marijuana flower, shake, and trim that has undergone Decontamination.

3. <u>Residual Solvents</u>

Substance	Acceptable Limits	Product to be Tested
Acetone Butanes Ethanol***	< 1,000 Parts Per Million (PPM) < 1,000 PPM < 1,000 PPM	 Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate;
Heptanes Isopropyl Alcohol	< 1,000 PPM < 1,000 PPM	 Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate; Industrial Hemp Product (if a
Propane Benzene** Toluene**	< 1,000 PPM < 2 PPM < 180 PPM	solvent was used)
Pentane Hexane**	< 1,000 PPM < 60 PPM	
Total Xylenes (m,p, o- xylenes)**	< 430 PPM	
Methanol** Ethyl Acetate	< 600 PPM < 1000 PPM	
Any other solvent not permitted for use pursuant to Rules 5-315 and 6-315.	None Detected	

** Note: These solvents are not approved for use. Due to their possible presence in the solvents approved for use per Rule 6-315, limits have been listed here accordingly.

***Note: Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate and Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate that exceeds the acceptable limit for ethanol may only be used in Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Medical Marijuana Product, or Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product, which intended use is oral consumption, skin and body products, a vaporizer delivery device, pressurized metered dose inhaler, or Audited Product.

4. <u>Elemental Impurities</u>

Substance	Acceptable Limits Based on Intended Use	Product to be Tested
Elemental Impurities (Arsenic, Cadmium, Lead and Mercury)	Inhaled Product or Audited Product: administration by metered dose nasal spray Lead – Max Limit: < .5 PPM Arsenic – Max Limit: < 0.2 PPM Cadmium – Max Limit: < 0.2 PPM Mercury – Max Limit: < 0.1 PPM Topical and/or Transdermal Lead – Max Limit: < 10 PPM Arsenic – Max Limit: < 3 PPM Cadmium – Max Limit: < 3 PPM Cadmium – Max Limit: < 3 PPM Oral Consumption or Audited Product: rectal or vaginal administration Lead – Max Limit: < 1 PPM Arsenic – Max Limit: < 1.5 PPM Cadmium – Max Limit: < 0.5 PPM Mercury – Max Limit: < 1.5 PPM	 Regulated Marijuana flower, shake, trim, and wet whole plant; Physical Separation- Based, Food-Based, Heat/Pressure-Based, and Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate; Physical Separation- Based, Food-Based, Heat/Pressure-Based and Solvent Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate; Regulated Marijuana Product; Pre-Rolled Marijuana; Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana; Pressurized Metered Dose Inhaler; Vaporizer Delivery Device; Audited Product; Industrial-Hemp Product

5. <u>Pesticides</u>.

a. Effective January 1, 2023, the following pesticides are currently subject to required testing, at the associated action limits:

<u>Substance</u>	Action Limit	Product to be Tested
Abamectin (Avermectins: B1a & B1b)	< 0.1 PPM	Regulated Marijuana
Azoxystrobin	< 0.02 PPM	flower, shake, trim, and wet whole plant;
Bifenazate	< 0.02 PPM	Physical Separation-
Etoxazole	< 0.02 PPM	Based, Food-Based,
Imazalil	< 0.05 PPM	Heat/Pressure-Based, and Solvent-Based
Imidacloprid	< 0.02 PPM	Medical Marijuana
Malathion	< 0.02 PPM	Concentrate;
Myclobutanil	< 0.02 PPM	Physical Separation-
Permethrin (mix of isomers)	< 0.5 PPM	Based, Food-Based, Heat/Pressure-Based,
Spinosad (Mixture of A and D)	< 0.1 PPM	and Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana

Spiromesifen	< 3.0 PPM	Concentrate;
Spirotetramat	< 0.02 PPM	Pre-Rolled Marijuana;
Tebuconazole	< 0.05 PPM	 Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana.
		Industrial-Hemp Product

b. Effective July 1, 2023, the following pesticides will be subject to required testing, at the associated action limits:

<u>Substance</u>	Action Limit	Product To Be Tested
Abamectin (Avermectins B1a & B1b)	< 0.1 PPM	
Azoxystrobin	< 0.02 PPM	
Bifenthrin	< 1.0 PPM	_
Bifenazate	< 0.02 PPM	_
Boscalid	< 0.02 PPM	
Carbaryl	< 0.05 PPM	Regulated Marijuana
Chlorpyrifos	< 0.04 PPM	flower, shake, trim, and wet whole plant;
Clothianidin	< 0.05 PPM	Dhuning! Conception
Cyhalothrin lambda	< 0.25 PPM	Physical Separation- Based, Food-Based,
Dichlorvos	< 0.1 PPM	Heat/Pressure-Based, and Solvent-Based
Dimethoate	< 0.02 PPM	Medical Marijuana
Dinotefuran	< 0.1 PPM	Concentrate;
Diuron	< 0.125 PPM	Physical Separation-
Etoxazole	< 0.02 PPM	Based, Food-Based, Heat/Pressure-Based,
Imazalil	< 0.05 PPM	and Solvent-Based
Imidacloprid	< 0.02 PPM	Retail Marijuana Concentrate;
Malathion	< 0.02 PPM	
Metalaxyl	< 0.02 PPM	 Pre-Rolled Marijuana;
Myclobutanil	< 0.02 PPM	 Infused Pre-Rolled
Permethrins	< 0.5 PPM	Marijuana.
Propiconazole	< 0.1 PPM	Industrial Hemp Product
Pyriproxyfen	< 0.01 PPM	
Spinosad	< 0.1 PPM	
Spriomesifen	< 3.0 PPM	
Spirotetramat	< 0.02 PPM	
Tebuconazole	< 0.05 PPM	

Thiabendazole	< 0.02 PPM	
Thiamethoxam	< 0.02 PPM	

c. Effective July 1, 2024, the following pesticides will be subject to required testing, at the associated action limits:

Substance	Action Limit	Product To Be Tested
Abamectin (Avermectins B1a & B1b)	< 0.1 PPM	
Acephate	< 0.02 PPM	
Acequinocyl	< 0.03 PPM	
Acetamiprid	< 0.1 PPM	
Aldicarb	< 1.0 PPM	
Allethrin	< 0.2 PPM	
Atrazine	< 0.025 PPM	Regulated Marijuana
Azoxystrobin	< 0.02 PPM	flower, shake, trim, and
Benzovindiflupyr	< 0.02 PPM	wet whole plant;
Bifenazate	< 0.02 PPM	Physical Separation-
Bifenthrin	< 1.0 PPM	Based, Food-Based, Heat/Pressure-Based,
Boscalid	< 0.02 PPM	and Solvent-Based
Buprofezin	< 0.02 PPM	Medical Marijuana Concentrate;
Carbaryl	< 0.05 PPM	
Carbofuran	< 0.02 PPM	Physical Separation- Based, Food-Based,
Chlorantraniliprole	< 0.02 PPM	Heat/Pressure-Based, and Solvent-Based
Chlorphenapyr	< 0.05 PPM	Retail Marijuana
Chlorpyrifos	< 0.04 PPM	Concentrate;
Clofentezine	< 0.02 PPM	Pre-Rolled Marijuana;
Clothianidin	< 0.05 PPM	Infused Pre-Rolled
Coumaphos	< 0.02 PPM	Marijuana.
Cyantraniliprole	< 0.02 PPM	Industrial Hemp Product
Cyfluthrin	< 0.2 PPM	
Cyhalothrin lambda	< 0.25 PPM	
Cypermethrin	< 0.3 PPM	
Cyprodinil	< 0.25 PPM	
Daminozide	< 0.1 PPM	
Deltamethrin	< 0.5 PPM	
Diazinon	< 0.02 PPM	

Dichlorvos	<.01 PPM
Dimethoate	< 0.02 PPM
Dimethomorph	< 0.05 PPM
Dinotefuran	< 0.1 PPM
Diuron	< 0.125 PPM
Dodemorph	< 0.05 PPM
Endosulfan sulfate	< 0.05 PPM
Endosulfan-alpha	< 0.2 PPM
Endosulfan-beta	< 0.05 PPM
Ethoprophos	< 0.02 PPM
Etofenprox	< 0.05 PPM
Etoxazole	< 0.02 PPM
Etridiazole	< 0.03 PPM
Fenhexamid	< 0.125 PPM
Fenoxycarb	< 0.02 PPM
Fenpyroximate	< 0.02 PPM
Fensulfothion	< 0.02 PPM
Fenthion	< 0.02 PPM
Fenvalerate	< 0.1 PPM
Fipronil	< 0.06 PPM
Flonicamid	< 0.05 PPM
Fludioxonil	< 0.02 PPM
Fluopyram	< 0.02 PPM
Hexythiazox	< 0.01 PPM
Imazalil	< 0.05 PPM
Imidacloprid	< 0.02 PPM
Iprodione	< 1.0 PPM
Kinoprene	< 0.5 PPM
Krosoxim-methyl	< 0.02 PPM
Malathion	< 0.02 PPM
Metalaxyl	< 0.02 PPM
Methiocarb	< 0.02 PPM
Methomyl	< 0.05 PPM
Methoprene	< 2.0 PPM
Mevinphos	< 0.05 PPM

MGK-264	< 0.05 PPM
Myclobutanil	< 0.02 PPM
Naled	< 0.1 PPM
Novaluron	< 0.05 PPM
Oxamyl	< 3.0 PPM
Paclobutrazol	< 0.02 PPM
Parathion-methyl	< 0.05 PPM
Permethrins	< 0.5 PPM
Phenothrin	< 0.05 PPM
Phosmet	< 0.02 PPM
Pirimicarb	< 0.02 PPM
Prallethrin	< 0.05 PPM
Propiconazole	< 0.1 PPM
Propoxur	< 0.02 PPM
Pyraclostrobin	< 0.02 PPM
Pyridaben	< 0.05 PPM
Pyriproxyfen	< 0.01 PPM
Quintozene	< 0.02 PPM
Resmethrin	< 0.1 PPM
Spinetoram	< 0.02 PPM
Spinosad	< 0.1 PPM
Spirodiclofen	< 0.25 PPM
Sp <mark>i</mark> riomesifen	< 3.0 PPM
Spirotetramat	< 0.02 PPM
Spiroxamine	< 0.1 PPM
Tebuconazole	< 0.05 PPM
Tebuenozide	< 0.02 PPM
Teflubenzuron	< 0.05 PPM
Tetrachlorvinphos	< 0.02 PPM
Tetramethrin	< 0.1 PPM
Thiabendazole	< 0.02 PPM
Thiacloprid	< 0.02 PPM
Thiamethoxam	< 0.02 PPM
Thiophanate-methyl	< 0.05 PPM
Trifloxystrobin	< 0.02 PPM

- 6. <u>Other Contaminants</u>. If any Test Batch is found to contain levels of any microorganism, chemical, elemental impurity, or pesticides that could be toxic if consumed or present, then the Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility must notify the Regulated Marijuana Business and the Division, in accordance with subparagraph (7) of this Rule, and initiate corrective actions with all parties.
- 7. <u>Division Notification</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility must notify the Division by timely input in the Inventory Tracking System if a Test Batch is found to contain levels of a contaminant not listed within this Rule that could be injurious to human health if consumed. See Rule 3-825.

E. <u>Potency Testing</u>.

- 1. <u>Cannabinoids Potency Profiles</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility may test and report results for any Cannabinoid provided the test is conducted in accordance with the Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility's standard operating procedure.
- 2. <u>Reporting of Results</u>.
 - a. For potency tests on Regulated Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana, results must be reported by listing a single percentage concentration for each Cannabinoid that represents an average of all Samples within the Test Batch. This includes reporting the Total THC in addition to each Cannabinoid required in Rule 4-125.
 - b. For potency tests conducted on Regulated Marijuana Product, whether conducted on each individual Production Batch or via a Reduced Testing Allowance per Rule 4-125, results must be reported by listing the total number of milligrams contained within a single Regulated Marijuana Product unit for sale for each Cannabinoid and stating whether the THC content is homogenous as defined in Paragraphs 3 and 4 of this subparagraph E.
 - c. <u>Effective Date for Reporting D8-THC, D10-THC, and Exo-THC</u>. Requirements for reporting potency test results for D8-THC, D10-THC, and Exo-THC shall take effect on July 1, 2022.
- 3. Failed Potency Tests for Medical Marijuana Product.
 - a. If the Cannabinoid content of Medical Marijuana Product is determined not to be homogeneous, then it shall be considered to have failed potency testing. A Production Batch of Medical Marijuana Product shall be considered homogeneous if a minimum of a total of four servings from two packaged units of a Test Batch has a relative standard deviation of less than 10 percent for each Cannabinoid listed on the label. A Production Batch of Medical Marijuana Product shall be considered homogenous if a minimum of a total of four servings from four individual single serve packaged units of a Test Batch has a relative standard deviation of less than 10 percent for each Cannabinoid listed on the label.
 - i. The four servings must also test within the allowed potency variance set forth in subparagraph E(5) of this Rule 4-115.
 - ii. Any Cannabinoid that makes up less than 10 percent of the total amount of Cannabinoids in the Medical Marijuana Product shall not be subject to the requirements set forth in this subparagraph (E)(3).

- b. If an individually packaged Edible Medical Marijuana Product is determined to have more than the total milligrams of THC stated on the Container, or less than the total milligrams of THC stated on the Container, then the Test Batch shall be considered to have failed potency testing. Except that the potency variance provided for in subparagraph (E)(5) of this Rule 4-115 shall apply to potency testing.
- 4. Failed Potency Tests for Retail Marijuana Product.
 - a. If the Cannabinoid content of Retail Marijuana Product is determined not to be homogeneous, then it shall be considered to have failed potency testing. A Production Batch of Retail Marijuana Product shall be considered homogeneous if a minimum of a total of four servings from two packaged units of a Test Batch has a relative standard deviation of less than 10 percent for each Cannabinoid listed on the label. A Production Batch of Retail Marijuana Product shall be considered homogenous if a minimum of a total of four servings from four individual single serve packaged units of a Test Batch has a relative standard deviation of less than 10 percent for each Cannabinoid listed on the label.
 - i. The four servings must also test within the allowed potency variance set forth in subparagraph E(5) of this Rule 4-115.
 - ii. Any Cannabinoid that makes up less than 10 percent of the total amount of Cannabinoids in the Retail Marijuana Product shall not be subject to the requirements set forth in this subparagraph (E)(4).
 - b. If an individually packaged Edible Retail Marijuana Product is determined to have more than 100 milligrams of THC within it, then the Test Batch shall be considered to have failed potency testing. If an individually packaged Edible Retail Marijuana Product is determined to have more than the total milligrams of THC stated on the Container, or less than the total milligrams of THC stated on the Container, then the Test Batch shall be considered to have failed potency testing. If a single serving in an individually packaged Edible Retail Marijuana Product is determined to have more than 10 milligrams of THC then the Test Batch shall be considered to have failed potency testing. Except that the potency variance provided for in subparagraph (E)(5) of this Rule 4-115 shall apply to potency testing.
- 5. <u>Potency Variance</u>. Regulated Marijuana Product provided to the Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility must comply with the following potency variance:
 - a. For Regulated Marijuana Product with a Target Potency or making a potency claim for any cannabinoid of more than 2.5 milligrams per serving the potency variance shall differ no more than plus or minus 15 percent.
 - b. For Regulated Marijuana Product with a Target Potency or making a potency claim for any cannabinoid of 2.5 milligrams or less per serving the potency variance shall differ no more than the greater of plus or minus 0.5 mg or 40 percent per serving.
- F. <u>Testing Regulated Marijuana Ready for Transfer</u>. All tests must occur at the time the Regulated Marijuana is ready for Transfer to another Regulated Marijuana Business, according to the required steps outlined in the standard operating procedures of the Licensee submitting the Test Batch.

G. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose – 4-120

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(g), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(f), 44-10-203(3)(d), 44-10-203(3)(e), 44-10-501(6), 44-10-502(3), 44-10-503(8), 44-10-504(1)(b), 44-10-504(2), 44-10-601(4), 44-10-602(4), 44-10-603(6), 44-10-604(1)(b), and 44-10-604(2), C.R.S. Authority also exists in the Colorado Constitution at Article XVIII, Subsection 16(5)(a)(VII). The purpose of this rule is to protect the public health and safety by establishing the contaminant testing and related Reduced Testing Allowance portion of the Division's Regulated Marijuana sampling and testing program. This Rule 4-120 was previously Rules M and R 1501, 1 CCR 212-1 and 1 CCR 212-2.

4-120 – Regulated Marijuana Testing Program: Contaminant Testing

- A. <u>Contaminant Testing Required</u>.
 - 1. A Regulated Marijuana Business shall not Transfer or process Regulated Marijuana, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate or Regulated Marijuana Product unless Test Batches from each Harvest Batch or Production Batch from which that Regulated Marijuana was derived has been tested by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility for contaminants and passed all contaminant tests required by this Rule, except as permitted in Rule 5-205(C), 6-205(C), or the cultivation or production process has achieved a Reduced Testing Allowance under this Rule.

Please Note: The following are stakeholder proposals from the Quarterly Science and Policy Forum that the MED is continuing to evaluate and seek feedback on.

- B. <u>Reduced Testing Allowance and Ongoing Testing Contaminant Testing</u>.
 - <u>Regulated Marijuana</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility's cultivation process may achieve a Reduced Testing Allowance for contaminant testing if every Harvest Batch that it produced during at least a six-week period (minimum 42 days) but no longer than a 12-week period (maximum 84 days) passed all contaminant tests required by Paragraph (C) of this Rule. This must include at least six Test Batches. The period begins from the date of the creation of the first Harvest Batch that passed reduced testing allowance testing. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility, or an Accelerator Cultivator can achieve a Reduced Testing Allowance for all contaminants listed in paragraph (C) of this Rule at the same time or separately for each contaminant.
 - a. <u>Visual Microbial Growth</u>. If a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility is aware that a Harvest Batch contains visual microbial contamination, the Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall subject the Harvest Batch to microbial contaminant testing pursuant to Rule 4-120(C)(1). If the Test Batch fails testing, then the Harvest Batch shall be subject to the requirements in Rule 4-135(C). The Licensees must also follow Rule 4-120(F)(2).
 - b. Effective January 1, 2025, to achieve a Reduced Testing Allowance for microbial contaminants, a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility must be in compliance with the above requirements and must pay for and undergo an audit by a thirdparty certifying body accredited to ISO/IEC 17065, using auditors with established competencies in GAPs and HACCP, to verify compliance with the requirements of Rules 3-310, 3-330, 3-336, 6-210(D), and 6-210(E).

- i. The Division may attempt to mutually agree upon the selection of the independent consultant with a Regulated Marijuana Business. However, the Division always retains the authority to select the independent consultant regardless of whether mutual agreement can be reached.
- ii. The Regulated Marijuana Business will be responsible for all costs associated with the independent audit.
- 2. Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana. A Regulated Marijuana Business's production process may achieve a Reduced Testing Allowance for contaminant testing if for a particular type of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, Regulated Marijuana Product, or Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana every Production Batch that it produced during at least a four-week period (minimum 28 days) but no longer than an eight-week period (maximum 56 days) passed all contaminant tests required by Paragraph (C) of this Rule, This must include Test Batches from at least four Production Batches. This period begins from the date of the creation of the first Production Bach that passed reduced testing allowance testing. If a Regulated Marijuana Concentrate or Regulated Marijuana Product is manufactured using a different extraction process or infusion process or using any different Additives or Botanically Derived Compounds, it will be considered a different type of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate or Regulated Marijuana Product and therefore must separately achieve a Reduced Testing Allowance. If Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana is produced using different input materials, such as a different marijuana category (e.g. flower or trim), different wrapper materials, different processes, or different equipment, they must achieve separate Reduced Testing Allowances.
- 3. <u>Reduced Testing Allowances are Effective for One Year</u>. Once a Regulated Marijuana Business has successfully achieved a Reduced Testing Allowance for each of the contaminants listed in paragraph (C) of this Rule, the Reduced Testing Allowance is effective for one year (365 days inclusive, or 366 days inclusive during a leap year) from the date of the first passing harvest date or production date required to satisfy the Reduced Testing Allowance requirements.
- 4. <u>Regulated Marijuana Ongoing Contaminant Testing</u>. After successfully achieving a Reduced Testing Allowance, once every 30 days a Regulated Marijuana Business shall subject at least one Harvest Batch to all contaminant testing required by Paragraph (C) of this Rule. If during any 30-day period the Regulated Marijuana Business does not possess a Harvest Batch that is ready for testing, The Regulated Marijuana Business must subject its first Harvest Batch that is ready for testing to the required contaminant testing prior to Transfer or processing of the Regulated Marijuana. If a Harvest Batch subject to ongoing contaminant testing fails contaminant testing, the Regulated Marijuana Business shall follow the procedure in Paragraph (F)(2) of this Rule. Ongoing contaminant testing pursuant to this Rule 4-120 shall be subject to the requirements in Rule 4-110. See Rule 4-110(A) Collection of Samples.
 - a. The Division may reduce the frequency of ongoing contaminant testing required if the Division has reasonable grounds to believe Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities and Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities have reached maximum capacity to perform testing required by this Rule. The Division will provide notification of any reduction to the frequency of ongoing contaminant testing to the Licensee's last electronic mailing address provided to the Division.
 - b. If the Licensee fails to comply with paragraph (B)(4) of this Rule, the Regulated Marijuana Business is no longer authorized a Reduced Testing Allowance.

- 5. <u>Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana Ongoing Contaminant Testing</u>. After successfully achieving a Reduced Testing Allowance, once every 30 days the Regulated Marijuana Business shall subject at least one Production Batch of each particular type of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana for which it has achieved a Reduced Testing Allowance to all contaminant testing required by Paragraph (C) of this Rule. If during any 30-day period the Regulated Marijuana Business does not possess a Production Batch that is ready for testing, the Regulated Marijuana Business must subject its first Production Batch that is ready for testing to the required contaminant testing prior to Transfer or processing of the Regulated Marijuana. If a Production Batch submitted for ongoing contaminant testing fails contaminant testing, the Regulated Marijuana Business shall follow the procedure in Paragraph (F)(2) of this Rule.
 - a. The Division may reduce the frequency of ongoing contaminant testing required if the Division has reasonable grounds to believe Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities and Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities have reached maximum capacity to perform testing required by this Rule. The Division will provide notification of any reduction to the frequency of ongoing contaminant testing to the Licensee's last electronic mailing address provided to the Division.
 - b. If the Licensee fails to comply with paragraph (B)(5) of this Rule, the Regulated Marijuana Business is no longer authorized under a Reduced Testing Allowance.
- 6. Reduced Testing Allowance Certification Fee. Effective January 1, 2024, a Licensee seeking to obtain Reduced Testing Allowance must first pay the fee in Rule 2-205.
 - a. A Licensee who chooses to pay the Reduced Testing Allowance fee must also submit an attestation form that at a minimum requires the Licensee attest they understand these testing Rules and requirements.
 - b. Upon the Division's receipt of payment of the fee and submission of the attestation form, a Licensee may exercise the privileges of Reduced Testing Allowance for a 12-month period.
 - c. If a Licensee is required, under these Rules, to reauthorize the Reduced Testing Allowance within the 12-month period, the Licensee is not required to pay a new fee.
 - d. Reduced Testing Allowance Certification can be renewed annually.
- C. <u>Required Contaminant Tests</u>.
 - 1. <u>Microbial Contaminant Testing</u>. Harvest Batches of Regulated Marijuana, flower, shake, and trim, re-testing of Regulated Marijuana flower, shake, and/or trim that has undergone Decontamination, Production Batches of Physical Separation-, Heat/Pressure-, or Food-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate, Production Batches of Physical Separation-, Heat/Pressure-, or Food-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate, Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate produced through Remediation, Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate produced through Remediation, Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate produced through Remediation, Regulated Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana, Industrial-Hemp Products, Pressurized Metered Dose Inhalers, Vaporizer Delivery Devices, and Audited Product must be tested for microbial contamination by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility at the frequency established by Paragraphs (A) and (B) of this Rule. The microbial contamination test must include, but need not be limited to, testing to determine the presence of and/or

amounts present of microbial contaminants listed in Rule 4-115(D)(1): Shiga-toxin producing Escherichia coli (STEC)*- Bacteria, *Aspergillus (A. fumigatus, A. flavus, A. niger, A. terreus),* Salmonella species* – Bacteria, Total Yeast and Mold, Total aerobic microbial count, *Staphylococcus Aureus, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Bile tolerant gram negative bacteria and Candida albicans.*

- a. <u>Effective Date for Required Aspergillus Testing</u>. Requirements for Aspergillus testing pursuant to this rule shall take effect on July 1, 2022.
- 1.5 <u>Water Activity Testing</u>. Harvest Batches of Regulated Marijuana, flower, shake, and trim (other than wet whole plant), re-testing of Regulated Marijuana flower, shake, and/or trim that has undergone Decontamination, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana at the frequency established by Paragraphs (A) and (B) of this Rule.
- 2. <u>Residual Solvent Contaminant Testing</u>. Production Batches of Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate, Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate, and Audited Product that contains any Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate produced by a Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer must be tested by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility for residual solvent contamination at the frequency established by Paragraphs (A) and (B) of this Rule. The residual solvent contamination test must include, but need not be limited to, testing to determine the presence of, and amounts present of acetone, butane, ethanol, heptanes, isopropyl alcohol, propane, benzene*, toluene*, pentane, hexane*, methanol*, ethyl acetate, and total xylenes* (m, p, o xylenes).

* Note: These solvents are not approved for use. Testing is required for these solvents due to their possible presence in the solvents approved for use per Rule 5-315 and 6-315.

- 3. Mycotoxin Contaminant Testing. As part of Remediation, each Production Batch of Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate produced by a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer or Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate produced by a Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer from Regulated Marijuana that failed microbial contaminant testing produced must be tested by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility for mycotoxin contamination. Each failed Harvest Batch of Regulated Marijuana flower, shake, and/or trim and each failed Production Batch of Pre-Rolled Marijuana or Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana that has undergone Decontamination must be tested by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility for mycotoxin contamination. Each Production Batch of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate produced from wet whole plant that was not tested for microbial contamination must be tested for mycotoxin contamination. The mycotoxin contaminant test must include, but need not be limited to, testing to determine the presence of, and amounts present of, aflatoxins (B1, B2, G1, and G2) and ochratoxin A. This is in addition to all other contaminant testing required by this Paragraph (C). This contaminant test cannot be exempt from testing by a Reduced Testing Allowance in accordance with subparagraph (B)(2) of this Rule, except Regulated Marijuana Concentrate produced from wet whole plant that was not tested for microbial contamination pursuant to Rule 4-121.
- 4. <u>PPesticide Contaminant Testing</u>. Harvest Batches of Regulated Marijuana, Production Batches of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate, Production Batches of Pre-Rolled Marijuana, and Production Batches of Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana must be tested for Pesticide contamination by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility at the frequency established by this Rule 4-120(A) and (B). The Pesticide contamination test must include, but need not be limited to, testing to determine the presence of, and amounts present of, the Pesticides listed in Rule 4-115(DE)(5).

- a. <u>Effective Date for Required Pesticide Contaminant Testing for Production</u> <u>Batches of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate</u>: Requirements for Pesticide contaminant testing for Production Batches of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate pursuant to this rule shall take effect on July 1, 2021.
- 5. <u>Elemental Impurities Testing</u>.
 - a. Each Harvest Batch and Production Batch of Regulated Marijuana must be tested for elemental impurities by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility at the frequency established in paragraphs (A) and (B) of this Rule. The elemental impurities test must include, but need not be limited to, testing to determine the presence of, and amounts present of, arsenic, cadmium, lead, and mercury.
 - b. <u>Emissions Testing</u>. This subsection (C)(5)(b) is effective January 1, 2022. Each Harvest Batch and Production Batch of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate in a Vaporized Delivery Device must be tested for elemental impurities via emissions testing by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility at the frequency established in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this Rule. The elemental impurities test must include, but need not be limited to, testing to determine the presence and amounts of arsenic, cadmium, lead, and mercury.
- D. <u>Additional Required Tests</u>. The Division may require additional tests to be conducted on a Harvest Batch or Production Batch prior to a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility or Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer Transferring or processing any Regulated Marijuana from that Harvest Batch or Production into a Regulated Marijuana Concentrate or Regulated Marijuana Product. Additional tests may include, but need not be limited to, screening for Pesticide, chemical contaminants, biological contaminants, or other types of microbials, molds, elemental impurities, or residual solvents.
- E. <u>Exemptions</u>.
 - 1. <u>Medical Marijuana Concentrate</u>.
 - a. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer who combines multiple Production Batches of Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate into a Production Batch of Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate shall be considered exempt from residual solvent testing pursuant to this Rule only if all original Production Batches passed residual solvent testing. This does not apply if a solvent, Additive, or any other Ingredient was introduced during the combination of the Production Batches.
 - b. A Production Batch of Medical Marijuana Concentrate shall be considered exempt from contaminant testing requirements pursuant to this Rule if the Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer that produced it does not Transfer any portion of the Production Batch and uses the entire Production Batch to manufacture Medical Marijuana Product, except that a Solvent-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate must still be submitted for residual solvent contaminant testing and Medical Marijuana Concentrate must still be submitted for pesticide contaminant testing. The manufactured Medical Marijuana Product shall be subject to mandatory testing under this Rule.
 - 2. <u>Retail Marijuana Concentrate</u>.
 - a. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer or Accelerator Manufacturer who combines multiple Production Batches of Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana

Concentrate into a Production Batch of Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate shall be considered exempt from residual solvent testing pursuant to this Rule only if all original Production Batches passed residual solvent testing. This does not apply if a solvent, Additive or any other Ingredient was introduced during the combination of the Production Batches.

- b. A Production Batch of Retail Marijuana Concentrate shall be considered exempt from contaminant testing requirements pursuant to this Rule if the Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer that produced it does not Transfer any portion of the Production Batch and uses the entire Production Batch to manufacture Retail Marijuana Product, except that a Solvent-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate must still be submitted for residual solvent contaminant testing and Retail Marijuana Concentrate must still be submitted for pesticide contaminant testing. The manufactured Retail Marijuana Product shall be subject to testing under this Rule.
- 3. <u>Regulated Marijuana Product</u>. A Regulated Marijuana Business that produces Regulated Marijuana Products with intended use for oral consumption or skin and body products, is exempt from aspergillus testing as required by these 4-100 Series Rules.
- F. <u>Events Requiring Re-Authorization for a Reduced Testing Allowance Contaminants.</u>
 - <u>Material Change</u>. If a Licensee makes a Material Change to its cultivation or production process or its standard operating procedures, then it must have the first five Harvest Batches or Production Batches produced using the new procedures tested for all of the contaminants required by Paragraph (C) of this Rule regardless of whether its process has previously achieved a Reduced Testing Allowance regarding contaminants. If any of those tests fail, then the Regulated Marijuana Business's process must achieve a new Reduced Testing Allowance.
 - a. <u>Pesticide or other Agricultural Substances</u>. It is a Material Change if a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility begins using a new or different Pesticide or other agricultural substances (e.g. nutrients, fertilizers) during its cultivation process.
 - b. <u>Solvents</u>. It is a Material Change if a Regulated Marijuana Products Manufacturer begins using a new or different solvent or combination of solvents or changes any parameters for equipment related to the solvent purging process, including but not limited to, time, temperature, or pressure.
 - c. <u>Cultivation</u>. It is a Material Change if a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility begins using a new or different method for any material part of the cultivation process, including, but not limited to, changing from one growing medium to another.
 - d. <u>Environmental Conditions</u>. It is a Material Change if a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility changes parameters associated with environmental conditions, including temperature, humidity, or lighting.
 - e. <u>Cleaning and Sanitation</u>. It is a Material Change if a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility makes changes to cleaning or sanitation processes.
 - f. <u>Inputs and Contact Surfaces</u>. It is a Material Change if a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility changes materials that have direct contact with product components, including but not limited to, ingredients, additives, or hardware such as Vaporizer Delivery Devices.

- g. <u>Testing Required Prior to Transfer or Processing</u>. When a Harvest Batch or Production Batch is required to be submitted for testing pursuant to this Rule, the Licensee that produced it may not Transfer or process Regulated Marijuana, Pre-Rolled Marijuana, Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana, Regulated Marijuana Concentrate or Regulated Marijuana Product unless the Harvest Batch or Production Batch passes all required testing.
- 2. <u>Failed Contaminant Testing and Reduced Testing Allowance</u>. Failed contaminant testing may constitute a violation of these rules.
 - a. If a Test Batch is required to be tested by these Rules or required to be tested by the Division pursuant to Rule 4-120(A) and fails contaminant testing, the Licensee shall follow the procedures in Rule 4-135(B) for any Inventory Tracking System package, Harvest Batch, or Production Batch from which the failed Sample was taken.
 - b. The Licensee shall also submit Test Batches from three new Harvest Batches or Production Batches of the Regulated Marijuana for contaminant testing by a Regulated Marijuana Testing Facility within no more than 30 days. If any one of the three submitted Test Batches fails contaminant testing, the Licensee shall achieve a new Reduced Testing Allowance for contaminants.
- G. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Part 5 – Medical Marijuana Business License Types

5-100 Series – Medical Marijuana Stores

Basis and Purpose – 5-105

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d)(I)-(VI), 44-10-313(7), 44-10-313(4), 44-10-313(14), 44-10-401(2)(a)(I), 44-10-501, and 44-10-505, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish a Medical Marijuana Store's license privileges. This Rule 5-105 was previously Rule M 401, 1 CCR 212-1.

5-105 – Medical Marijuana Store: License Privileges

- A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 Medical Marijuana Business and Retail Marijuana Business – Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Medical Marijuana Store may share a Licensed Premises with a commonly-owned Retail Marijuana Store. However, a separate license is required for each specific business or business entity, regardless of geographical location.
- B. <u>Authorized Sources of Medical Marijuana</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store may only Transfer Medical Marijuana that was obtained from a Medical Marijuana Business.
- C. <u>Authorized Transfers</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store may only Transfer Medical Marijuana to a patient, a primary caregiver, another Medical Marijuana Store, a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer, or a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility.
- <u>Samples Provided for Testing</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store may provide Samples of its products to a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility for testing and research purposes. The Medical Marijuana Store shall maintain the testing results as part of its business books and records. See Rule 3-905 – Business Records Required.

- E. <u>Authorized On-Premises Storage</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store is authorized to store inventory on the Licensed Premises. All inventory stored on the Licensed Premises must be secured in a Limited Access Area or Restricted Access Area, and tracked consistently with the inventory tracking rules.
- F. <u>Authorized Marijuana Transport</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store is authorized to utilize a licensed Medical Marijuana Transporter for transportation of its Medical Marijuana so long as the place where transportation orders are taken and delivered is a licensed Medical Marijuana Business. Nothing in this Rule prevents a Medical Marijuana Store from transporting its own Medical Marijuana.
- G. <u>Performance-Based Incentives</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store may compensate its employees using performance-based incentives, including sales-based performance-based incentives.
- H. <u>Authorized Transfers of Industrial Hemp Products</u>. This rule is effective July 1, 2020. A Medical Marijuana Store may Transfer Industrial Hemp Product to a patient only after it has verified:
 - 1. That the Industrial Hemp Product has passed all required testing pursuant to the 4-100 Series Rules at a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility; and
 - 2. That the Person Transferring the Industrial Hemp Product to the Medical Marijuana Store is registered with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment pursuant to section 25-5-426, C.R.S.
- I. <u>Medical Marijuana Store Delivery Permit</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store with a valid delivery permit may accept delivery orders and deliver Medical Marijuana to a patient who is 21 years of age or older, or the patient's parent or guardian who is also the patient's primary caregiver pursuant to Rule 3-615. A Medical Marijuana Store that does not possess a valid delivery permit cannot deliver Medical Marijuana to a patient, parent, or guardian.
- J. <u>Automated Dispensing Machines</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store may use an automated machine in the Restricted Access Area of its Licensed Premises to dispense Regulated Marijuana to patients without interaction with an Owner Licensee or Employee Licensee if the automated machine is reasonably monitored and complies with all requirements of these rules including but not limited to:
 - 1. Health and safety standards,
 - 2. Testing,
 - 3. Packaging and labeling requirements,
 - 4. Inventory tracking,
 - 5. Identification requirements, and
 - 6. Transfer limits to patients.
- K. <u>Walk-up or Drive-Up Window</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store may serve patients through a walk-up window or drive-up window pursuant to the requirements of this rule.
 - 1. Modification of Premises Required. Before accepting orders for sales of Medical Marijuana to a patient through either a walk-up window or a drive-up window, a Medical Marijuana Store shall apply for, and obtain approval of, an application for a modification of its Licensed Premises for the addition of a walk-up window or a drive-up window.

- 2. The area immediately outside the walk-up window or drive-up window must be under the Licensee's possession and control and cannot include any public property such as public streets, public sidewalks, or public parking lots.
- 3. Order and Identification Requirements.
 - a. Prior to accepting an order or Transferring Medical Marijuana to a patient, the Employee Licensee or Owner Licensee must physically view and inspect the patient's identification and the patient's registry identification card.
 - b. The Medical Marijuana Store may accept internet or telephone orders or may accept orders from the patient at the walk-up or drive-up window.
 - c. All orders received through a walk-up window or drive-up window must be placed by the patient from a menu. The Medical Marijuana Store may not display Medical Marijuana at the walk-up window or drive-up window.
- 4. <u>Payment Requirements</u>. Cash, credit, debit, cashless ATM, or other payment methods are permitted for payment for Medical Marijuana at the walk-up window or drive-up window.
- 5. <u>Video Surveillance Requirements</u>. For every Transfer of Regulated Marijuana through either a walk-up window or drive-up window, the Medical Marijuana Store's video surveillance must enable the recording of the patient's identity (and patient's vehicle in the event of drive-up window), and must enable the recording of the Licensee verifying the patient's identification, registry identification card, and completion of the transaction through the Transfer of Regulated Marijuana.
- 6. <u>Packaging and Labeling Requirements</u>. A Medical Marijuana Store utilizing a walk-up or drive-up window must ensure that all Medical Marijuana is packaged and labeled in accordance with Rules 3-1010 and Rule 3-1015 prior to Transfer to the patient.
- 7. <u>Local Restrictions</u>. Transfers of Regulated Marijuana using a walk-up window or drive-up window are subject to requirements and restrictions imposed by the relevant Local Licensing Authority.

5-200 Series – Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility: License Privileges

Please Note: The following proposed revisions seek to implement SB 23-271 statutory revisions in section 44-10-502.

Basis and Purpose – 5-205

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-401(2)(a)(II), 44-10-313, 44-10-502, and 44-10-503, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility's license privileges in addition to the privileges outlined in these rules. This Rule 5-205 was previously Rule M 501, 1 CCR 212-1.

5-205 – Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility: License Privileges

A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 – Regulated Marijuana Business – Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may share a Licensed Premises with a commonly owned Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility. However, a separate license is required for each specific business entity regardless of geographical location. In addition, a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may share and operate at the same Licensed Premises as a Marijuana Research and Development Facility so long as:

- 1. Each business or business entity holds a separate license;
- 2. The Marijuana Research and Development Facility obtains an R&D Co-Location Permit;
- 3. Both the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and the Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility comply with all terms and conditions of the R&D Co-Location Permit; and
- 4. Both the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and the Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility comply with all applicable rules. *See* 5-700 Series Rules.
- B. <u>Cultivation of Medical Marijuana and Production of Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled</u> <u>Marijuana from Physical Separation-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate Authorized</u>. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may propagate, cultivate, harvest, prepare, cure, package, store, and label Medical Marijuana and Physical Separation-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may also produce Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana from Physical Separation-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate.
- C. <u>Authorized Transfers</u>. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Medical Marijuana and Physical Separation-Based Medical Marijuana Concentrate to another Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, a Medical Marijuana Store, a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer, a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility, a Marijuana Research and Development Facility, or a Pesticide Manufacturer.
 - 1. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall not Transfer Flowering plants. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only Transfer Vegetative plants as authorized pursuant to Rule 3-605.
 - 2. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Sampling Units of Medical Marijuana or Medical Marijuana Concentrate to a designated Sampling Manager in accordance with the restrictions set forth in section 44-10-502(5), C.R.S., and Rule 5-230.
 - 3. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Medical Marijuana or Medical Marijuana Concentrate to another Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility prior to testing required by these rules only if such Transfer is in accordance with one of the two options below.
 - a. The Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Medical Marijuana or Medical Marijuana Concentrate to another Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility prior to testing if such Transfer is for the purpose of Decontamination and only after all other steps outlined in the Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility's standard operating procedures have been completed, including but not limited to drying, curing, and trimming; or
 - b. The Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Medical Marijuana or Medical Marijuana Concentrate to another Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility prior to testing, drying, curing, trimming, or completion of any other steps in the Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility's standard operating procedures, subject to the following additional requirements:

- i. The Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility receiving the Transfer is identified as a centralized processing hub in the Inventory Tracking System and must have identical Controlling Beneficial Owner(s) with the originating Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility;
- ii. An originating Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only Transfer Medical Marijuana to one receiving Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility that will be serving as a centralized processing hub.
- The Medical Marijuana or Medical Marijuana Concentrate is weighed prior to leaving the originating Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility and immediately upon receipt at the receiving Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility and in accordance with Rule 3-605;
- iv. The Transfer, weighing and entry into the Inventory Tracking System are all completed within 24 hours from initiating the Transfer;
- v. The receiving Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility is responsible for compliance with all testing requirements regardless of any testing performed prior to Transfer. If the receiving Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility is pursuing a Reduced Testing Allowance, a Reduced Testing Allowance must be achieved separately for Medical Marijuana received from each originating Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility that has achieved a Reduced Testing Allowance must maintain and produce complete testing records that can verify that facility's compliance with testing and Reduced Testing Allowance requirements; and
- vi. The standard operating procedures for the originating Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility and receiving Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility clearly reflect the steps taken by each facility to Transfer, transport, receive, process, and test Harvest Batches.
- 4. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Medical Marijuana to a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility or Accelerator Cultivator in accordance with Rules 5-235, 6-230, and 6-730.
- 5. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Immature Plants, Medical Marijuana seeds, and Genetic Material to a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility, or an Accelerator Cultivator. Transfers made under this Rule must be in compliance with the 3-800 and the 3-900 Rules Series.
- D. <u>Packaging Processed Medical Marijuana</u>. Processed Medical Marijuana plants shall be packaged in units of ten pounds or less and labeled pursuant to the 3-1000 Series Rules – Labeling, Packaging, and Product Safety, and securely sealed in a tamper-evident manner.
- E. <u>Authorized Marijuana Transport</u>. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility is authorized to utilize a licensed Medical Marijuana Transporter for transportation of its Medical Marijuana so long as the place where transportation orders are taken is a Medical Marijuana Business and the transportation order is delivered to a licensed Medical Marijuana Business or Pesticide Manufacturer. Nothing in this Rule prevents a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility from transporting its own Medical Marijuana.
- F. <u>Performance-Based Incentives</u>. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may compensate its employees using performance-based incentives, including sales-based performance-based

incentives. However, a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may not compensate a Sampling Manager using Sampling Units. See Rule 5-230 – Sampling Unit Protocols.

- G. <u>Authorized Sources of Medical Marijuana, Seeds, and Immature Plants, and Genetic Material</u>.
 - 1. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall only may obtain Medical Marijuana seeds or Immature Plants from its own Medical Marijuana, properly Transferred Retail Marijuana cultivated at a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility with at least one identical Controlling Beneficial Owner, or properly Transferred from another Medical Marijuana Business pursuant to the inventory tracking requirements in the Rule 3-800 Series. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may also receive Transfers of Retail Marijuana from a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility or Accelerator Cultivator in compliance with Rules 5-235, 6-230, and 6-730. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation facility may not bring seeds, Immature Plants, or other marijuana that is not Regulated Marijuana onto the Licensed Premises at any time.
 - 2. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may obtain Regulated Marijuana seeds, Immature Plants, and Genetic Material from:
 - a. Another Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility or Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility:
 - b. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility;
 - c. A marijuana cultivation or testing facility licensed or otherwise approved pursuant to a permit or registration issued by a government agency to operate in another state or territory of the United States; or
 - d. Pursuant to any federal legal authority allowing interstate commerce of Regulated Marijuana.
 - 3. Transfers made under subparagraph (G)(2) of this Rule must be in compliance with the 3-800 and the 3-900 Rules Series.
- H. <u>Centralized Distribution Permit</u>. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may apply to the State Licensing Authority for a Centralized Distribution Permit for authorization to temporarily store Medical Marijuana Concentrate and Medical Marijuana Product received from a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer for the sole purpose of Transfer to commonly owned Medical Marijuana Stores.
 - 1. For purposes of a Centralized Distribution Permit only, the term "commonly owned" means at least one natural person who is disclosed to the Division who has a minimum of five percent ownership in both the Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility possessing a Centralized Distribution Permit and the Medical Marijuana Store to which the Medical Marijuana Concentrate and Medical Marijuana Product will be Transferred.
 - 2. To apply for a Centralized Distribution Permit, a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may submit an addendum to its new or renewal application or a separate addendum prior to a renewal application on forms prepared by the Division to request a Centralized Distribution Permit. The Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall send a copy of its Centralized Distribution Permit addendum to the Local Licensing Authority in the jurisdiction in which the Centralized Distribution Permit is proposed at the same time it submits the addendum to the State Licensing Authority.

- 3. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility that has been issued a Centralized Distribution Permit and has obtained all required approvals from the local licensing jurisdiction where it is located, if any, may accept Transfers of Medical Marijuana Concentrate and Medical Marijuana Product from a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer for the sole purpose of temporary storage and Transfer to commonly owned Medical Marijuana Stores.
 - a. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only accept Medical Marijuana Concentrate and Medical Marijuana Product that is packaged and labeled for sale to a patient pursuant to the 3-1000 Series Rules.
 - b. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility storing Medical Marijuana Concentrate and Medical Marijuana Product pursuant to a Centralized Distribution Permit shall not store such Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Medical Marijuana Product on the Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility's Licensed Premises for more than 90 days from the date of receipt.
 - c. All Transfers of Medical Marijuana Concentrate and Medical Marijuana Product by a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall be without consideration.
- 4. All security and surveillance requirements that apply to a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility apply to activities conducted pursuant to the privileges of a Centralized Distribution Permit.
- I. <u>Transition Permit</u>. A Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only operate at two geographical locations pursuant to Rule 2-255(D).

5-300 Series – Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturers

Basis and Purpose – 5-305

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d)(I)-(VI), 44-10-313(14), and 44-10-503, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer's license privileges. This Rule 5-305 was previously Rule M 601, 1 CCR 212-1.

5-305 – Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer: License Privileges

- A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>. A separate license is required for each specific business or business entity and geographical location. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 – Regulated Marijuana Businesses: Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may share and operate at the same Licensed Premises with a commonly owned Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer. However, a separate license is required for each specific business or business entity, regardless of geographical location. In addition, a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may share, and operate at, the same Licensed Premises as a Marijuana Research and Development Facility so long as:
 - 1. Each business or business entity holds a separate license;
 - 2. The Marijuana Research and Development Facility obtains an R&D Co-Location Permit;
 - 3. Both the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and the Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer comply with all terms and conditions of the R&D Co-Location Permit; and

- 4. Both the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and the Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer comply with all applicable rules. *See* 5-700 Series Rules.
- B. <u>Authorized Transfers</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer is authorized to Transfer Medical Marijuana as follows:
 - 1. Medical Marijuana Concentrate and Medical Marijuana Product.
 - a. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may Transfer its own Medical Marijuana Product and Medical Marijuana Concentrate to Medical Marijuana Stores, other Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturers, Medical Marijuana Testing Facility, Marijuana Research and Development Facility and Pesticide Manufactures.
 - b. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may Transfer Medical Marijuana Product and Medical Marijuana Concentrate to a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility that has been issued a Centralized Distribution Permit.
 - Prior to any Transfer pursuant to this Rule 5-305(B)(1)(b), a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall verify Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility possesses a valid Centralized Distribution Permit. See Rule 5-205 – Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility: License Privileges.
 - For any Transfer pursuant to this Rule 5-305(B)(1)(b), A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall only Transfer Medical Marijuana Product and Medical Marijuana Concentrate that is packaged and labeled for Transfer to a patient. See 3-1000 Series Rules.
 - 2. <u>Medical Marijuana</u>.
 - a. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may Transfer Medical Marijuana to another Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer, a Medical Marijuana Store, a Marijuana Research and Development Facility or a Pesticide Manufacturer.
 - 3. <u>Sampling Units</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may also Transfer Sampling Units of its own Medical Marijuana Products and Medical Marijuana Concentrate to a designated Sampling Manager in accordance with the restrictions set forth in section 44-10-503(10), C.R.S., and Rule 5-320.
- C. <u>Manufacture of Medical Marijuana Concentrate, Medical Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana</u> <u>and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana Authorized</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may manufacture, prepare, package, and label Medical Marijuana Concentrate Medical Marijuana Product comprised of Medical Marijuana and other Ingredients intended for use or consumption, such as Edible Medical Marijuana Products, ointments, or tinctures. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may also produce Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana.
 - 1. <u>Industrial Hemp Product Authorized</u>. This subparagraph (C)(1) is effective July 1, 2020. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer that uses Industrial Hemp Product as an Ingredient in the manufacture and preparation of Medical Marijuana Product must comply with this subparagraph (C)(1) of this Rule.
 - a. Prior to accepting and taking possession of any Industrial Hemp Product for use as an Ingredient in a Medical Marijuana Product the Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall verify the following:

- i. That the Industrial Hemp Product has passed all required testing pursuant to the 4-100 Series Rules at a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility; and
- ii. That the Person Transferring the Industrial Hemp Product to the Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer is registered with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment pursuant to section 25-5-426, C.R.S.
- D. <u>Location Prohibited</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may not manufacture, prepare, package, store, or label Medical Marijuana Product in a location that is operating as a retail food establishment.

E. <u>Samples Provided for Testing</u>.

- A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may provide samples of its Medical Marijuana Concentrate or Medical Marijuana Product to a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility for testing and research purposes. The Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall maintain the testing results as part of its business books and records. See Rule 3-905 – Business Records Required.
- F. <u>Authorized Marijuana Transport</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer is authorized to utilize a Medical Marijuana Transporter for transportation of its Medical Marijuana Product or Medical Marijuana Concentrate so long as the place where transportation orders are taken is a licensed Medical Marijuana Business and the transportation order is delivered to a Medical Marijuana Business, or Pesticide Manufacturer. Nothing in this Rule prevents a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer from transporting its own Medical Marijuana or Medical Marijuana Concentrate.
- G. <u>Performance-Based Incentives</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may compensate its employees using performance-based incentives, including sales-based performance-based incentives. However, a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may not compensate a Sampling Manager using Sampling Units. See Rule 5-320 Sampling Unit Protocols.
- H. <u>Receipt of Retail Marijuana Concentrate</u>. A Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer may receive a Transfer of Retail Marijuana Concentrate in compliance with Rules 5-335, 6-335, and 6-730.

5-400 Series – Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities

Basis and Purpose – 5-405

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(f)(II), 44-10-203(2)(f)(IV), 44-10-203(3)(d), 44-10-203(3)(e), 44-10-313(8)(a), 44-10-313(14), 44-10-401(2)(a)(IV), 44-10-501(6), 44-10-502(3), 44-10-503(8), 44-10-504(1), and 44-10-504(2), C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish the license privileges of a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility. This Rule 5-405 was previously Rule M 701.5, 1 CCR 212-1.

5-405 - Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities: License Privileges

A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>. A separate License is required for each specific Medical Marijuana Testing Facility and only those privileges granted by the Marijuana Code and any rules promulgated pursuant to it may be exercised on the Licensed Premises. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 – Regulated Marijuana Businesses: Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility may share and operate at the same Licensed Premises with a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility with identical ownership.

- B. <u>Testing of Medical Marijuana Authorized</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility may accept Samples of Medical Marijuana from Medical Marijuana Businesses for testing and research purposes only, which purposes may include the provision of testing services for Samples submitted by a Medical Marijuana Business for the purpose of product development. The Division may require a Medical Marijuana Business to submit a Sample of Medical Marijuana to a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility upon demand.
- C. <u>Testing of Industrial Hemp Product Authorized</u>.
 - 1. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility may accept and test samples of Industrial Hemp Products.
 - 2. Before a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility accepts a sample of Industrial Hemp Product, the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall verify that the Person submitting the sample is registered with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment pursuant to section 25-5-426, C.R.S.
 - 3. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility is responsible for entering and tracking samples of Industrial Hemp Product in the inventory tracking system pursuant to the 3-800 Series Rules.
 - 4. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall be permitted to test Industrial-Hemp Product only in the category(ies) that the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility is certified to perform testing in pursuant to Rule 5-415 Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities: Certification Requirements.
 - 5. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility may provide the results of any testing performed on Industrial Hemp Product to the Person submitting the sample of Industrial Hemp Product.
 - 6. Nothing in these rules shall be construed to require a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility to accept and/or test samples of Industrial Hemp Product.
- D. <u>Testing Medical Marijuana for Patients in Research Project</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility is authorized to accept Samples of Medical Marijuana from an individual person for testing under only the following conditions:
 - 1. The individual person is:
 - a. A currently registered patient pursuant to section 25-1.5-106, C.R.S.; and
 - b. A participant in an approved clinical or observational study conducted by a Marijuana Research and Development Facility.
 - 2. The Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall require the patient to produce a valid patient registry card and a current and valid photo identification. See Rule 3-405(A) Acceptable Forms of Identification.
 - 3. The Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall require the patient to produce verification on a form approved by the Division from the Marijuana Research and Development Facility that the patient is a participant in an approved clinical or observational Research Project conducted by the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and that the testing will be in furtherance of the approved Research Project.

- 4. A primary caregiver may transport Medical Marijuana on behalf of a patient to the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall require the following documentation before accepting Medical Marijuana from a primary caregiver:
 - a. A copy of the patient registry card and valid photo identification for the patient;
 - b. A copy of the caregiver's registration with the State Department of Health pursuant to section 25-1.5-106, C.R.S. and a current and valid photo identification, see Rule 3-405 Acceptable Forms of Identification; and
 - c. A copy of the Marijuana Research and Development Facility's verification on a form approved by the Division that the patient is participating in an approved clinical or observational Research Project being conducted by the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and that the testing will be in furtherance of the approved Research Project.
- 5. The Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall report all results of testing performed pursuant to this Paragraph (C.5) to the Marijuana Research and Development Facility identified in the verification form submitted pursuant to Paragraph (D)(3) or (4)(c), or as otherwise directed by the approved Research Project being conducted by the Marijuana Research and Development Facility. Testing result reporting shall conform with the requirements under these Rules.
- E. <u>Product Development Authorized</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility may develop Medical Marijuana Product, but is not authorized to engage in the manufacturing privileges described in section 44-10-503, C.R.S. and Rule 5-305 Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer: License Privileges.
- F. <u>Transferring Samples to Another Licensed and Certified Medical Marijuana Testing Facility</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility may Transfer Samples to another Medical Marijuana Testing Facility for testing. All laboratory reports provided to or by a Medical Marijuana Business, or to a patient or primary caregiver must identify the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility that actually conducted the test.
- G. <u>Authorized Medical Marijuana Transport</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility is authorized to utilize a licensed Medical Marijuana Transporter to transport Samples of Medical Marijuana for testing, in accordance with the Marijuana Code and the rules adopted pursuant thereto, between the originating Medical Marijuana Business requesting testing services and the destination Medical Marijuana Testing Facility performing testing services. Nothing in this Rule requires a Medical Marijuana Business to utilize a Medical Marijuana Transporter to transport to transport Samples of Medical Marijuana for testing.
- H. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose – 5-410

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(f)(II), 44-10-203(2)(f)(IV), 44-10-203(3)(d), 44-10-203(3)(e), 44-10-313(8)(a), 44-10-401(2)(a)(IV), 44-10-501(6), 44-10-502(3), 44-10-503(8), 44-10-504(1), and 44-10-504(2), 44-10-701, and 35-61-105.5, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to clarify those acts that are limited in some fashion, or prohibited, by a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility. This Rule 5-410 was previously Rule M 702, 1 CCR 212-1.

5-410 – Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities: General Limitations or Prohibited Acts

- A. <u>Prohibited Financial Interest</u>. A Person who is a Controlling Beneficial Owner or Passive Beneficial Owner of a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturing Facility, Medical Marijuana Store, Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility, Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer, or a Retail Marijuana Store shall not be a Controlling Beneficial Owner or Passive Beneficial Owner of a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility.
- B. <u>Conflicts of Interest</u>. The Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall establish policies to prevent the existence of or appearance of undue commercial, financial, or other influences that may diminish the competency, impartiality, and integrity of the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility's testing processes or results, or that may diminish public confidence in the competency, impartiality, and integrity of the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility's testing processes or results. At a minimum, employees, owners or agents of a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility who participate in any aspect of the analysis and results of a Sample are prohibited from improperly influencing the testing process, improperly manipulating data, or improperly benefiting from any on-going financial, employment, personal or business relationship with the Medical Marijuana Business that provided the Sample.
- C. <u>Transfer of Medical Marijuana Prohibited</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall not Transfer Medical Marijuana to a Medical Marijuana Business, a consumer, a patient, or primary caregiver, except that a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility may Transfer a Sample to another Medical Marijuana Testing Facility.
- D. <u>Destruction of Received Samples</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall properly dispose of all Samples it receives, that are not Transferred to another Medical Marijuana Testing Facility, after all necessary tests have been conducted and any required period of storage. See Rule 3-230 – Waste Disposal.
- E. <u>Sample Rejection</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall reject any Sample where the condition of the Sample at receipt indicates that that the Sample may have been tampered with.
- F. <u>Medical Marijuana Business Requirements Applicable</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall be considered a Licensed Premises. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall be subject to all requirements applicable to Medical Marijuana Businesses.
- G. <u>Medical Marijuana Testing Facility Inventory Tracking System Required</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility must use the Inventory Tracking System to ensure all Test Batches or Samples containing Medical Marijuana are identified and tracked from the point they are Transferred from a Medical Marijuana Business, a patient, or a patient's primary caregiver through the point of Transfer, destruction, or disposal. The Inventory Tracking System reporting shall include the results of any tests that are conducted on Medical Marijuana. See Rule 3-805 Regulated Marijuana Business: Inventory Tracking System, Rule 3-825 Reporting and Inventory Tracking System, and Rule 5-405(D)(5). The Medical Marijuana Testing Facility must have the ability to reconcile its Sample records with the Inventory Tracking System and the associated transaction history. See Rule 3-905 Business Records Required and Rule 3-825 Reporting and Inventory Tracking
- H. <u>Industrial Hemp Testing Prohibited</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall not perform testing on <u>Industrial Hemp</u>.
- I. <u>Testing of Unregistered or Untracked Industrial Hemp Products Prohibited</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility is authorized to accept or test Industrial Hemp Product only if (1) the entity providing the Samples of Industrial Hemp Product is registered and regulated pursuant to Article 4 or Title 25, C.R.S., and (2) the Industrial Hemp Product being submitted for testing is tracked in the Inventory Tracking System.

J. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose – 5-420

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(f)(II), 44-10-203(2)(f)(IV), 44-10-203(3)(d), 44-10-203(3)(e), 44-10-313(8)(a), 44-10-401(2)(a)(IV), and 44-10-504, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish personnel standards for the operation of a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility. This Rule 5-420 was previously Rule M 704, 1 CCR 212-1.

5-420 – Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities: Personnel

- A. <u>Laboratory Director</u>. The laboratory director is responsible for the overall analytical operation and quality of the results reported by the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility, including the employment of personnel who are competent to perform test procedures, and record and report test results promptly, accurately, and proficiently and for assuring compliance with the standards set forth in this Rule.
 - 1. The laboratory director may also serve as a supervisory analyst or testing analyst, or both, for a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility.
 - 2. The laboratory director for a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility must meet one of the following qualification requirements:
 - a. The laboratory director must be a Medical Doctor (M.D.) licensed to practice medicine in Colorado and have at least three years of full-time laboratory experience in a regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body;
 - b. The laboratory director must hold a doctoral degree in one of the natural sciences and have at least three years of full-time laboratory experience in a regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body;
 - c. The laboratory director must hold a master's degree in one of the natural sciences and have at least five years of full-time laboratory experience in a regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body; or
 - d. The laboratory director must hold a bachelor's degree in one of the natural sciences and have at least seven years of full-time laboratory experience in a regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body.
- B. <u>What the Laboratory Director May Delegate</u>. The laboratory director may delegate the responsibilities assigned under this Rule to a qualified supervisory analyst, provided that such delegation is made in writing and a record of the delegation is maintained. See Rule 3-905 Business Records Required. Despite the designation of a responsibility, the laboratory director remains responsible for ensuring that all duties are properly performed.
- C. <u>Responsibilities of the Laboratory Director</u>. The laboratory director must:
 - 1. Ensure that the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility has adequate space, equipment, materials, and controls available to perform the tests reported;

- 2. Establish and adhere to a written standard operating procedure used to perform the tests reported;
- 3. Ensure that testing systems developed and used for each of the tests performed in the laboratory provide quality laboratory services for all aspects of test performance, which includes the preanalytic, analytic, and postanalytic phases of testing;
- 4. Ensure that the physical location and environmental conditions of the laboratory are appropriate for the testing performed and provide a safe environment in which employees are protected from physical, chemical, and biological hazards;
- 5. Ensure that the test methodologies selected have the capability of providing the quality of results required for the level of testing the laboratory is certified to perform;
- 6. Ensure that validation and verification test methods used are adequate to determine the accuracy, precision, and other pertinent performance characteristics of the method;
- 7. Ensure that testing analysts perform the test methods as required for accurate and reliable results;
- 8. Ensure that the laboratory is enrolled in and successfully participates in a Division approved Proficiency Testing program;
- 9. Ensure that the quality control and quality assessment programs are established and maintained to assure the quality of laboratory services provided and to identify failures in quality as they occur;
- 10. Ensure the establishment and maintenance of acceptable levels of analytical performance for each test system;
- 11. Ensure that all necessary remedial actions are taken and documented whenever significant deviations from the laboratory's established performance specifications are identified, and that test results are reported only when the system is functioning properly;
- 12. Ensure that reports of test results include pertinent information required for interpretation;
- 13. Ensure that consultation is available to the laboratory's clients on matters relating to the quality of the test results reported and their interpretation of said results;
- 14. Employ a sufficient number of laboratory personnel who meet the qualification requirements and provide appropriate consultation, properly supervise, and ensure accurate performance of tests and reporting of test results;
- 15. Ensure that prior to testing any samples, all testing analysts receive the appropriate training for the type and complexity of tests performed, and have demonstrated and documented that they can perform all testing operations reliably to provide and report accurate results;
- 16. Ensure that policies and procedures are established for monitoring individuals who conduct preanalytical, analytical, and postanalytical phases of testing to assure that they are competent and maintain their competency to process Samples, perform test procedures and report test results promptly and proficiently, avoid actual and apparent conflicts of interest, and whenever necessary, identify needs for remedial training or continuing education to improve skills;

- 17. Ensure that an approved standard operating procedure manual is available to all personnel responsible for any aspect of the testing process; and
- 18. Specify, in writing, the responsibilities and duties of each person engaged in the performance of the preanalytic, analytic, and postanalytic phases of testing, that identifies which examinations and procedures each individual is authorized to perform, whether supervision is required for Sample processing, test performance or results reporting, and whether consultant or laboratory director review is required prior to reporting test results.
- D. <u>Change in Laboratory Director</u>. In the event that the laboratory director leaves employment at the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility, the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall:
 - 1. Provide written notice to the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and the Division within seven days of the laboratory director's departure; and
 - 2. Designate an interim laboratory director within seven days of the laboratory director's departure. At a minimum, the interim laboratory director must meet the qualifications of a supervisory analyst.
 - 3. The Medical Marijuana Testing Facility must hire a permanent laboratory director within 60 days from the date of the previous laboratory director's departure.
 - 4. Notwithstanding the requirement of subparagraph (D)(3), the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility may submit a waiver request to the Division Director to receive an additional 60 days to hire a permanent laboratory director provided that the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility submits a detailed oversight plan along with the waiver request.
- E. <u>Supervisory Analyst</u>. Supervisory analysts must meet one of the qualifications for a laboratory director or have at least a bachelor's degree in one of the natural sciences and two years of full-time laboratory experience in a regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body. A combination of education and experience may substitute for the two years of full-time laboratory experience.

Please Note: The following revisions are clean-up from rule revisions adopted in 2022, as proposed by the Science & Policy Work Group.

- F. Laboratory Testing Analyst.
 - 1. <u>Educational Requirements</u>. An individual designated as a testing analyst must meet one of the qualifications for a laboratory director or supervisory analyst or:
 - a. Have at least a bachelor's degree in one of the natural sciences and one year of full-time experience in laboratory testing;
 - b. Have at least a bachelor's degree in one of the natural sciences;
 - e. Have earned an associated degree in a laboratory science from an accredited institution; or
 - dc. Have education and training equivalent to that specified in subparagraph (F)(1) of this Rule that includes at least 60 semester hours, or equivalent, from an accredited institution that, at a minimum, include:
 - i. 24 semester hours of science courses that include six semester hours of chemistry, six semester hours of biology, and twelve semester hours of

chemistry, biology, or cannabis laboratory sciences in any combination; and

- ii. Have a laboratory training that includes at least three months documented laboratory training each testing category in which the individual performs testing; or
- ed. Have at least five years of full time experience in laboratory testing and have laboratory training that includes at least three months documented laboratory training in each testing category in which the individual performs testing.
- 2. <u>Responsibilities</u>. In order to independently perform any test for a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility, an individual must at least meet the educational requirements for a testing analyst.
- G. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose – 5-430

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-401(2)(a)(IV), and 44-10-504, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish analytical processes standards for the operation of a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility. This Rule 5-430 was previously Rule M 706, 1 CCR 212-1.

5-430 – Medical Marijuana Testing Facilities: Analytical Processes

- A. <u>Gas Chromatography ("GC")</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility using GC must:
 - 1. Document the conditions of the gas chromatograph, including the detector response;
 - 2. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 3. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 4. Document the performance of new columns before use;
 - 5. Use an internal standard for each qualitative and quantitative analysis that has similar chemical and physical properties to that of the compound identified;
 - 6. Establish criteria of acceptability for variances between different aliquots and different columns; and
 - 7. Document the monitoring of the response (area or peak height) of the internal standard to ensure consistency overtime of the analytical system.
- B. <u>Gas Chromatography Mass Spectrometry ("GC/MS")</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility using GC/MS must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 2. Document the changes of septa as specified in the standard operating procedure;

- 3. Document liners being cleaned or replaced as specified in the standard operating procedure;
- 4. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
- 5. Maintain records of mass spectrometric tuning;
- 6. Establish written criteria for an acceptable mass-spectrometric tune;
- 7. Document corrective actions if a mass-spectrometric tune is unacceptable;
- 8. Monitor analytic analyses to check for contamination and carry-over;
- 9. Use selected ion monitoring within each run to assure that the laboratory compares ion ratios and retention times between calibrators, controls and samples for identification of an analyte;
- 10. Use an internal standard for qualitative and quantitative analysis that has similar chemical and physical properties to that of the compound identified and is isotopically labeled when available or appropriate for the assay;
- 11. Document the monitoring of the response (area or peak height) for the internal standard to ensure consistency overtime of the analytical system;
- 12. Define the criteria for designating qualitative results as positive;
- 13. When a library is used to qualitatively identify an analyte, the identity of the analyte must be confirmed before reporting results by comparing the relative retention time and mass spectrum to that of a known standard or control run on the same system; and
- 14. Evaluate the performance of the instrument after routine and preventive maintenance (*e.g.* clipping or replacing the column or cleaning the source) prior to analyzing subject Samples.
- C. <u>Immunoassays</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility using Immunoassays must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Validate any changes or modifications to a manufacturer's approved assays or testing methods when a sample is not included within the types of samples approved by the manufacturer; and
 - 4. Define acceptable separation or measurement units (absorbance intensity or counts per minute) for each assay, which must be consistent with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. <u>Thin Layer Chromatography ("TLC")</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility using TLC must:
 - 1. Apply unextracted standards to each thin layer chromatographic plate;
 - 2. Include in their written procedure the preparation of mixed solvent systems, spray reagents and designation of lifetime;

- Include in their written procedure the storage of unused thin layer chromatographic plates;
- 4. Evaluate, establish, and document acceptable performance for new thin layer chromatographic plates before placing them into service;
- 5. Verify that the spotting technique used precludes the possibility of contamination and carry-over;
- 6. Measure all appropriate RF values for qualitative identification purposes;
- 7. Use and record sequential color reactions, when applicable;
- 8. Maintain records of thin layer chromatographic plates; and
- 9. Analyze an appropriate matrix blank with each batch of samples analyzed.
- E. <u>High Performance Liquid Chromatography ("HPLC")</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility using HPLC must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Monitor and document the performance of the HPLC instrument each day of testing;
 - 4. Evaluate the performance of new columns before use;
 - 5. Create written standards for acceptability when eluting solvents are recycled;
 - 6. Use an internal standard for each qualitative and quantitative analysis that has similar chemical and physical properties to that of the compound identified when available or appropriate for the assay; and
 - 7. Document the monitoring of the response (area or peak height) of the internal standard to ensure consistency overtime of the analytical system.
- F. <u>Liquid Chromatography Mass Spectroscopy ("LC/MS")</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility using LC/MS must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Maintain records of mass spectrometric tuning;
 - 4. Document corrective actions if a mass-spectrometric tune is unacceptable;
 - 5. Use an internal standard with each qualitative and quantitative analysis that has similar chemical and physical properties to that of the compound identified and is isotopically labeled when available or appropriate for the assay;

- 6. Document the monitoring of the response (area or peak height) of the internal standard to ensure consistency overtime of the analytical system;
- 7. Compare two transitions and retention times between calibrators, controls and samples within each run;
- 8. Document and maintain records when changes in source, source conditions, eluent, or column are made to the instrument; and
- 9. Evaluate the performance of the instrument when changes in: source, source conditions, eluent, or column are made prior to reporting test results.
- G. <u>Microbial Assays</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility using microbial assays must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer and standard operating procedures;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Validate any changes or modifications to a manufacturer's approved assays or testing methods when a test sample submitted for testing is not included within the types of Test Batches approved by the manufacturer;
 - 4. Verify the method at the action levels for each analyte. Verification at the qualitative presence/absence limit shall include a fractional recovery study unless otherwise completed by the manufacturer and approved by an independent scientific body.
 - Include controls for each batch of test samples. Quantitative microbial methods shall use controls of a specific known value or set of values that lies within the quantifiable range of the method;
 - 6. For molecular methods, the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility shall include controls for each individual analytical run. Quantitative molecular methods shall use controls of a specific known value or set of values that lies within the quantifiable range of the method;
 - 7. PCR-based and qPCR-based methods must include validated internal amplification controls;
 - 8. Microbial methods must include steps to confirm presumptive positive results; confirmation methods may be molecular or cultural or both. Confirmation methods must include quality controls that match the organism which is being confirmed.
- H. <u>Water Activity</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility analyzing water activity must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer and standard operating procedures;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Specify all unique method parameters, such as temperature, test sample surface area, volatile compound interferences, including but not limited to temperature;

- 4. Evaluate the performance of the method after routine and preventive maintenance prior to analyzing the Test Batch;
- 5. Establish criteria for acceptable instrument performance.
- I. <u>Analytical Methodology</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility must validate new methodology and revalidate any changes to approved methodology prior to testing Test Batches. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility must:
 - Implement a performance based measurement system for the selected methodology and validate the method following good laboratory practices prior to reporting results. Validation of other or new methodology must include when applicable, but is not limited to:
 - a. Verification of Accuracy
 - b. Verification of Precision
 - c. Verification of Analytical Sensitivity
 - d. Verification of Analytical Specificity
 - e. Verification of the LOD
 - f. Verification of the LOQ
 - g. Verification of the Reportable Range
 - h. Identification of Interfering Substances
 - 2. Validation of the other or new methodology must be documented.
 - 3. Prior to use, other or new methodology must have a standard operating procedure approved and signed by the laboratory director.
 - 4. Testing analysts must have documentation of competency assessment prior to testing samples.
 - 5. Any changes to the approved other or new methodology must be revalidated and documented prior to testing samples.
- J. <u>Testing and Validation of Complex Matrices</u>. A Medical Marijuana Testing Facility must include a variety of matrices as part of the validation/verification process. During method validation/verification, a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility must:
 - 1. Select matrices which best represent each category of products to be tested as listed in Rule 4-115(D). The laboratory shall independently determine the category of matrix a product falls within; properties to consider include fat content, cannabinoid content, pH, salt content, sugar content, water activity, the presence of know chemical compounds, microbial flora and antimicrobial compounds.
 - 2. Perform a new matrix validation, prior to reporting results, on matrices which are either a new category of matrix or are considerably different from the original matrix validated within the category.

- a. For example, the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility intends to receive the topical product "bath bombs" for testing, but previous validation studies for topical product included lotion and massage oil. A new validation should be performed for the product prior to testing since salt content and other properties differ vastly from the original matrices validated.
- 3. Perform a matrix verification (a client matrix spike or similar consisting of the target analyte(s) at the time of analysis) on matrices submitted for testing which differ slightly from those initially validated but which fall within a category already validated.
 - a. For example, the Medical Marijuana Testing Facility laboratory receives a new edible type matrix for testing (snickerdoodle cookies) but previous validation included gummies and hard candy. A spike of a portion of the submitted material must be analyzed prior to, or at the time of, sample analysis.
- K. All Test Batches and Industrial Hemp Product must be tested as received, must not be manipulated, and tested in a manner that ensures results are representative of sample as received.
- L. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Part 6 – Retail Marijuana Business License Types

6-100 Series – Retail Marijuana Stores

Basis and Purpose – 6-105

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(dd), 44-10-313(14), 44-10-401(2)(b)(I), 44-10-601, and 44-10-605, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to the license privileges of a Retail Marijuana Store licensee. This Rule 6-105 was previously Rule R 401.

6-105 – Retail Marijuana Store: License Privileges

- A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 Regulated Marijuana Business– Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Retail Marijuana Store may share, and operate at, the same Licensed Premises with a commonly-owned Medical Marijuana Store. However, a separate license is required for each specific business or business entity, regardless of geographical location.
- B. <u>Authorized Sources of Retail Marijuana</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store may only Transfer Retail Marijuana that was obtained from another Retail Marijuana Business.
- C. <u>Samples Provided for Testing</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store may provide Samples of its products for testing and research purposes to a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility. The Retail Marijuana Store shall maintain the testing results as part of its business books and records. *See* Rule 3-905 Business Records Required.
- D. <u>Authorized On-Premises Storage</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store is authorized to store inventory on the Licensed Premises. All inventory stored on the Licensed Premises must be secured in a Limited Access Area or Restricted Access Area, and tracked consistently with the inventory tracking rules.

- E. <u>Authorized Marijuana Transport</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store is authorized to utilize a licensed Retail Marijuana Transporter for transportation of its Retail Marijuana so long as the place where transportation orders are taken and delivered is a licensed Retail Marijuana Business. Nothing in this Rule prevents a Retail Marijuana Store from transporting its own Retail Marijuana.
- F. <u>Performance-Based Incentives</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store may compensate its employees using performance-based incentives, including sales-based performance-based incentives.
- G. <u>Authorized Transfers of Industrial Hemp Products</u>. This rule is effective July 1, 2020. A Retail Marijuana Store may Transfer Industrial Hemp Product to a consumer only after it has confirmed:
 - 1. That the Industrial Hemp Product has passed all required testing pursuant to the 4-100 Series Rules at a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility; and
 - 2. That the Person Transferring the Industrial Hemp Product to the Retail Marijuana Store is registered with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment pursuant to section 25-5-426, C.R.S.
- H. Retail Marijuana Store Delivery Permit.
 - 1. Prior to January 2, 2021, all Retail Marijuana Stores are prohibited from delivering Regulated Marijuana to consumers.
 - 2. After January 2, 2021, a Retail Marijuana Store with a valid delivery permit may accept delivery orders deliver Retail Marijuana to consumers pursuant to Rule 3-615.
 - 3. A Retail Marijuana Store that does not possess a valid delivery permit cannot deliver Retail Marijuana.
- I. <u>Automated Dispensing Machines</u>: A Retail Marijuana Store may use an automated machine in the Restricted Access Area of its Licensed Premises to dispense Regulated Marijuana to consumers without interaction with an Owner Licensee or Employee Licensee if the automated machine is reasonably monitored and complies with all requirements of these rules including but not limited to:
 - 1. Health and safety standards,
 - 2. Testing,
 - 3. Packaging and labeling requirements,
 - 4. Inventory tracking,
 - 5. Identification requirements, and
 - 6. Transfer limits to consumers.
- J. <u>Walk-up Window or Drive-up Window</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store may serve customers through a walk-up window or drive-up window pursuant to the requirements of this rule.
 - 1. Modification of Premises Required. Before accepting orders for sales of Retail Marijuana to a customer through either a walk-up window or drive-up window, a Retail Marijuana Store shall apply for, and obtain approval of, an application for a modification of its Licensed Premises for the addition of a walk-up window or drive-up window.

- 2. The area immediately outside the walk-up window or drive-up window must be under the Licensee's possession and control and cannot include any public property such as public streets, public sidewalks, or public parking lots.
- 3. Order and Identification Requirements.
 - a. Prior to accepting an order or Transferring Retail Marijuana to a customer, the Employee Licensee or Owner Licensee must physically view and inspect the consumer's identification and ensure that the consumer is 21 years of age or older.
 - b. The Retail Marijuana Store may accept telephone or internet orders or may accept orders from the customer at the walk-up window or drive-up window. Retail Marijuana Stores may not accept payment for Retail Marijuana over the internet.
 - c. All orders received through a walk-up window or a drive-up window must be placed by the customer from a menu. The Retail Marijuana Store may not display Retail Marijuana at the walk-up or drive-up window.
- 4. Payment Requirements. Cash, credit, debit, cashless ATM, or other payment methods are permitted for payments for Retail Marijuana at the walk-up window or drive-up window.
- 5. Video Surveillance Requirements. For every Transfer of Regulated Marijuana through either a walk-up window or drive-up window, the Retail Marijuana Store's video surveillance must enable the recording of the consumer's identity (and consumer's vehicle in the event of drive-up window), and must enable the recording of the Licensee verifying the consumer's identification and completion of the transaction through the Transfer of Regulated Marijuana.
- 6. Packaging and Labeling Requirements. A Retail Marijuana Store utilizing a walk-up window or drive-up window must ensure that all Retail Marijuana is packaged and labeled in accordance with Rule 3-1010 and Rule 3-1015 prior to Transfer to the consumer.
- 7. Local Restrictions. Transfers of Regulated Marijuana using a walk-up window or drive-up window are subject to requirements and restrictions imposed by the relevant Local Jurisdiction.

Basis and Purpose – 6-110

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(g), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(4)(b), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-401(2)(b)(I), 44-10-701(1)(a), 44-10-701(3)(d) and (f), and 44-10-601, C.R.S. Authority also exists in the Colorado Constitution at Article XVIII, Subsections 16(3)(a), 16(5)(a)(V) and 16(5)(a)(VIII). The purpose of this rule is to clarify those acts that are limited in some fashion, or prohibited, by a licensed Retail Marijuana Store.

Regarding quantity limitations on sales, equivalencies for Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product to Retail Marijuana flower have been included in this rule pursuant to the mandate of House Bill 14-1361. The establishment of equivalencies also provides information to stakeholders including Licensees, the general public, and law enforcement to aid in the enforcement of and compliance with the lawful personal possession limit of one ounce or less of marijuana. Setting these equivalencies provides Retail Marijuana Stores and their employees with necessary information to avoid being complicit in a patron acquiring more marijuana than is lawful to possess under the Colorado Constitution pursuant to Article XVIII, Subsection 16(3)(a).

This Rule 6-110 was previously Rule R 402, 1 CCR 212-2.

6-110 – Retail Marijuana Sales: General Limitations or Prohibited Acts

- A. <u>Sales to Persons Under 21 Years</u>. Licensees are prohibited from Transferring, giving, or distributing Retail Marijuana to persons under 21 years of age. Licensees are prohibited from permitting a person under the age of 21 years of age from entering the Restricted Access Area.
- B. <u>Age Verification</u>. Licensees must verify on two separate occasions that a Person is 21 years of age or older. First, prior to permitting a Person to enter the Restricted Access Area, a Licensee must verify that the Person has a valid government-issued photo identification showing that the Person is 21 years of age or older. Second, prior to initiating the Transfer of Retail Marijuana, a Licensee must verify that the purchaser has a valid government-issued photo identification showing that the purchaser is 21 years of age or older.
- C. Quantity Limitations On Sales.
 - 1. A Retail Marijuana Store and its employees are prohibited from Transferring more than one ounce of Retail Marijuana flower or its equivalent in Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product to a consumer in a single transaction. A Retail Marijuana Store may also Transfer up to six (6) seeds in addition to the one ounce of Retail Marijuana flower or its equivalent in Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product to a consumer in a single transaction. A single transaction includes multiple Transfers to the same consumer during the same business day where the Retail Marijuana Store employee knows or reasonably should know that such Transfer would result in that consumer possessing more than one ounce of marijuana. In determining the imposition of any penalty for violation of this Rule 6-110(C), the State Licensing Authority will consider any mitigating and aggravating factors set forth in Rule 8-235(C).
 - 2. <u>Equivalency</u>. Non-edible, non-psychoactive Retail Marijuana Products including ointments, lotions, balms, and other non-transdermal topical products are exempt from the one-ounce quantity limit on Transfers. For all other Retail Marijuana Products or Retail Marijuana Concentrate, the following equivalency applies for the one ounce quantity Transfer limit:
 - a. One ounce of Retail Marijuana flower shall be equivalent to eight grams of Retail Marijuana Concentrate.
 - b. One ounce of Retail Marijuana flower shall be equivalent to 80 ten-milligram servings of THC in Retail Marijuana Product.
- C.5. <u>Educational Resource</u>. When completing a sale of Retail Marijuana Concentrate, a Retail Marijuana Store shall provide the consumer with the tangible educational resource created by the State Licensing Authority regarding the use of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate.
- D. <u>Licensees May Refuse Sales</u>. Nothing in these rules prohibits a Licensee from refusing to Transfer Retail Marijuana to a consumer.
- E. <u>Sales over the Internet</u>. Only a Retail Marijuana Store holding a valid delivery permit taking orders for delivery may make sales over the internet. Only a Retail Marijuana Store holding a valid delivery permit and/or a Retail Marijuana Transporter holding a valid delivery permit may deliver Retail Marijuana to a private residence. All other Retail Marijuana Store and Retail Marijuana Transporter Licensees are prohibited from selling Retail Marijuana over the internet.

- F. <u>Delivery Outside Colorado Prohibited</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store holding a valid delivery permit shall not deliver Retail Marijuana to an address that is outside the state of Colorado.
- G. <u>Prohibited Items</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store is prohibited from selling or giving away any consumable product that is not a Retail Marijuana Product or an <u>Industrial</u> Hemp Product including, but not limited to, cigarettes or tobacco products, alcohol beverages, and food products or non-alcohol beverages that are not Retail Marijuana Product.
- H. <u>Free Product Prohibited</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store may not give away Retail Marijuana to a consumer for any reason.
- I. <u>Nicotine or Alcohol Prohibited</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store is prohibited from Transferring Retail Marijuana that contain nicotine or alcohol, if the sale of the alcohol would require a license pursuant to Articles 3, 4, or 5 of Title 44, C.R.S.
- J. <u>Storage and Display Limitations</u>.
 - 1. A Retail Marijuana Store shall not display Retail Marijuana outside of a designated Restricted Access Area or in a manner in which Retail Marijuana can be seen from outside the Licensed Premises. Storage of Retail Marijuana shall otherwise be maintained in Limited Access Areas or Restricted Access Area.
 - 2. Any Retail Marijuana Concentrate displayed in a Retail Marijuana Store must include the potency of the concentrate on a sign next to the name of the product.
 - a. The font on the sign must be large enough for a consumer to reasonably see from the location where a consumer would usually view the concentrate.
 - b. The potency displayed on the sign must be within plus or minus fifteen percent of the concentrate's actual potency.
- K. <u>Transfer of Expired Product Prohibited</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store shall not Transfer any expired Retail Marijuana Product to a consumer.
- L. <u>Transfer Restriction</u>.
 - 1. <u>Sampling Units</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store may not possess or Transfer Sampling Units.
 - 2. <u>Research Transfers Prohibited</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store shall not Transfer any Retail Marijuana to a Pesticide Manufacturer, or a Marijuana Research and Development Facility.
- L.5. <u>Standard Operating Procedures</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store must establish written standard operating procedures for the management and storage of Retail Marijuana inventory and the sale of Retail Marijuana to consumers. A written copy of the standard operating procedures must be maintained on the Licensed Premises.
 - 1. A Retail Marijuana Store must provide adequate training to every Owner Licensee and Employee Licensee who performs a task or set of tasks that are referenced in the standard operating procedures. Adequate training must include, but need not be limited to, providing a copy of the standard operating procedures for that Licensed Premises detailing at least all of the topics required to be included in the standard operating procedures.
- M. Edibles Prohibited that are Shaped like a Human, Animal, or Fruit.

- 1. The sale of Edible Retail Marijuana Products in the following shapes is prohibited:
 - a. The distinct shape of a human, animal, or fruit; or
 - b. A shape that bears the likeness or contains characteristics of a realistic or fictional human, animal, or fruit, including artistic, caricature, or cartoon renderings.
- 2. The prohibition on human, animal, and fruit shapes does not apply to the logo of a licensed Retail Marijuana Business. Nothing in this subparagraph (M)(2) alters or eliminates a Licensee's obligation to comply with the requirements of the 3-1000 Series Rules Labeling, Packaging, and Product Safety.
- 3. Edible Retail Marijuana Products that are geometric shapes and simply fruit flavored are not considered fruit and are permissible; and
- 4. Edible Retail Marijuana Products that are manufactured in the shape of a marijuana leaf are permissible.
- N. <u>Adverse Health Event Reporting</u>. A Retail Marijuana Store must report Adverse Health Events pursuant to Rule 3-920.
- O. <u>Corrective and Preventive Action</u>. This paragraph O shall be effective January 1, 2021. A Retail Marijuana Store shall establish and maintain written procedures for implementing Corrective Action and Preventive Action. The written procedures shall include the requirements listed below as determined by the Licensee. All activities required under this Rule, and their results, shall be documented and kept as business records. *See* Rule 3-905. The written procedures shall include requirements, as appropriate, for:
 - 1. What constitutes a Nonconformance in the Licensee's business operation;
 - 2. Analyzing processes, work operations, reports, records, service records, complaints, returned product, and/or other sources of data to identify existing and potential root causes of Nonconformances or other quality problems;
 - 3. Investigating the root cause of Nonconformances relating to product, processes, and the quality system;
 - 4. Identifying the action(s) needed to correct and prevent recurrence of Nonconformance and other quality problems;
 - 5. Verifying the Corrective Action or Preventive Action to ensure that such action is effective and does not adversely affect finished products;
 - 6. Implementing and recording changes in methods and procedures needed to correct and prevent identified quality problems;
 - 7. Ensuring the information related to quality problems or Nonconformances is disseminated to those directly responsible for assuring the quality of products or the prevention of such problems; and
 - 8. Submitting relevant information on identified quality problems and Corrective Action and Preventive Action documentation, and confirming the result of the evaluation, for management review.

P. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

6-200 Series – Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facilities

Please Note: The following proposed revisions seek to implement SB 23-271 statutory revisions in section 44-10-602.

Basis and Purpose – 6-205

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(2)(j), 44-10-203(2)(r), 44-10-203(3)(c), 44-10-313(14), 44-10-401(2)(b)(II), and 44-10-602, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish the license privileges granted by the State Licensing Authority to a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility. This Rule 6-205 was previously Rule R 501, 1 CCR 212-2.

6-205 - Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility: License Privileges

- A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 Regulated Marijuana Businesses: Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may share, and operate at, the same Licensed Premises with a commonly owned Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility. However, a separate license is required for each specific business or business entity, regardless of geographical location. In addition, a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may share, and operate at, the same Licensed Premises as a Marijuana Research and Development Facility so long as:
 - 1. Each business or business entity holds a separate license;
 - 2. The Marijuana Research and Development Facility obtains an R&D Co-Location Permit;
 - Both the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility comply with all terms and conditions of the R&D Co-Location Permit; and
 - 4. Both the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility comply with all applicable rules. *See* 5-700 Series Rules.
- B. <u>Cultivation of Retail Marijuana and Production of Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled</u> <u>Marijuana from Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate Authorized</u>. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may propagate, cultivate, harvest, prepare, cure, package, store, and label Retail Marijuana and Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may also produce Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana from Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate.
- C. <u>Authorized Transfers</u>. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only Transfer Retail Marijuana and Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate to another Retail Marijuana Business. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility and an Accelerator Cultivator may also Transfer to a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility in compliance with Rules 6-230 and 6-730.
 - A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall not Transfer Flowering plants. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only Transfer Vegetative plants as authorized pursuant to Rule 3-605.

- 2. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Sampling Units of Retail Marijuana or Retail Marijuana Concentrate to a designated Sampling Manager in accordance with the restrictions set forth in section 44-10-602(6), C.R.S., and Rule 6-225.
- 3. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Retail Marijuana or Retail Marijuana Concentrate to another Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility prior to testing required by these rules only if such Transfer is in accordance with one of the two options below.
 - a. The Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Retail Marijuana or Retail Marijuana Concentrate to another Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility prior to testing if such Transfer is for the purpose of Decontamination and only after all other steps outlined in the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility's standard operating procedures have been completed, including but not limited to drying, curing, and trimming; or
 - b. The Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Retail Marijuana or Retail Marijuana Concentrate to another Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility prior to testing, drying, curing, trimming, or completion of any other steps in the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility's standard operating procedures, subject to the following additional requirements:
 - i. The Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility receiving the Transfer is identified as a centralized processing hub in the Inventory Tracking System and must have identical Controlling Beneficial Owner(s) with the originating Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility;
 - An originating Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only Transfer Retail Marijuana to one receiving Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility that will be serving as a centralized processing hub;
 - iii. The Retail Marijuana or Retail Marijuana Concentrate is weighed prior to leaving the originating Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility and immediately upon receipt at the receiving Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility and in accordance with Rule 3-605;
 - iv. The Transfer, weighing and entry into the Inventory Tracking System are all completed within 24 hours from initiating the Transfer;
 - v. The receiving Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility is responsible for compliance with all testing requirements regardless of any testing performed prior to Transfer. If the receiving Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility is pursuing a Reduced Testing Allowance, a Reduced Testing Allowance must be achieved separately for marijuana received from each originating Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility that has achieved a Reduced Testing Allowance must maintain and produce complete testing records that can verify that facility's compliance with testing and Reduced Testing Allowance requirements; and
 - vi. The standard operating procedures for the originating Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility and receiving Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility clearly reflect the steps taken by each facility to Transfer, transport, receive, process, and test Harvest Batches.

- 4. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may transfer Retail Marijuana to a Pesticide Manufacturer.
- 5. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Retail Marijuana to a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility in accordance with Rules 5-235 and 6-230.
- 6. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may Transfer Immature Plants, Retail Marijuana seeds, and Genetic Material to a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility, or an Accelerator Cultivator. Transfers made under this Rule must be in compliance with the 3-800 and the 3-900 Rules Series.
- D. <u>Authorized On-Premises Storage</u>. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility is authorized to store inventory on the Licensed Premises. All inventory stored on the Licensed Premises must be secured in a Limited Access Area and tracked consistently with the inventory tracking rules.
- E. <u>Samples Provided for Testing</u>. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may provide Samples of its Retail Marijuana to a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility for testing and research purposes. The Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall maintain the testing results as part of its business books and records. See Rule 3-905 Business Records Required.
- F. <u>Authorized Marijuana Transport</u>. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility is authorized to utilize a licensed Retail Marijuana Transporter for transportation of its Retail Marijuana so long as the place where transportation orders are taken and delivered is a licensed Retail Marijuana Business. Nothing in this Rule prevents a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility from transporting its own Retail Marijuana.
- G. <u>Performance-Based Incentives</u>. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may compensate its employees using performance-based incentives, including sales-based performance-based incentives. However, a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may not compensate a Sampling Manager using Sampling Units. See Rule 6-225 Sampling Unit Protocols.
- H. <u>Authorized Sources of Retail Marijuana, Seeds, and Immature Plants, and Genetic Material</u>.
 - 1. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall onlymay obtain Retail Marijuana seeds or Immature Plants from its own Retail Marijuana, properly Transferred Medical Marijuana cultivated at a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility with at least one identical Controlling Beneficial Owner, or properly Transferred from another Retail Marijuana Business pursuant to the inventory tracking requirements in the 3-800 Series Rules. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation facility may not bring seeds, Immature Plants, or other marijuana that is not Regulated Marijuana onto the Licensed Premises at any time.
 - 2. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may obtain Regulated Marijuana seeds, Immature Plants, and Genetic Material from:
 - a. Another Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility or Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility;
 - b. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility;
 - c. A marijuana cultivation or testing facility licensed or otherwise approved pursuant to a permit or registration issued by a government agency to operate in another state or territory of the United States;
 - d. Pursuant to any federal legal authority allowing interstate commerce of Regulated Marijuana.

- 3. Transfers made under subparagraph (H)(2) of this Rule must be in compliance with the 3-800 and the 3-900 Rules Series.
- I. <u>Centralized Distribution Permit</u>. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may apply to the State Licensing Authority for a Centralized Distribution Permit for authorization to temporarily store Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product received from a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer for the sole purpose of Transfer to commonly owned Retail Marijuana Stores.
 - 1. For purposes of a Centralized Distribution Permit only, the term "commonly owned" means at least one natural person has a minimum of five percent ownership in both the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility possessing a Centralized Distribution Permit and the Retail Marijuana Store to which the Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product will be Transferred.
 - 2. To apply for a Centralized Distribution Permit, a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may submit an addendum to its new or renewal application or a separate addendum prior to a renewal application on forms prepared by the Division to request a Centralized Distribution Permit. The Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall send a copy of its Centralized Distribution Permit addendum to the Local Licensing Authority in the jurisdiction in which the Centralized Distribution Permit is proposed at the same time it submits the addendum to the State Licensing Authority.
 - 3. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility that has been issued a Centralized Distribution Permit and has obtained all required approvals from the local licensing jurisdiction where it is located, if any, may accept Transfers of Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product from a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer for the sole purpose of temporary storage and Transfer to commonly owned Retail Marijuana Stores.
 - a. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only accept Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product that is packaged and labeled for sale to a consumer pursuant to the 3-1000 Series Rules.
 - b. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility storing Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product pursuant to a Centralized Distribution Permit shall not store such Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product on the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility's Licensed Premises for more than 90 days from the date of receipt.
 - c. All Transfers of Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product by a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility shall be without consideration.
 - 4. All security and surveillance requirements that apply to a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility apply to activities conducted pursuant to the privileges of a Centralized Distribution Permit.
- J. <u>Transition Permit</u>. A Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may only operate at two geographical locations pursuant to Rule 2-255(D).

6-300 Series – Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturing Facilities

Basis and Purpose – 6-305

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(f), 44-10-203(2)(g), 44-10-203(2)(i), 44-10-203(2)(y), 44-10-307(1)(j), 44-10-203(2)(g), 44-10-203(2)(

10-313(14), 44-10-401(2)(b)(III), and 44-10-603, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish the license privileges granted by the State Licensing Authority to a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer. This Rule 6-305 was previously Rule R 601, 1 CCR 212-2.

6-305 – Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer: License Privileges

- A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>. A separate license is required for each specific business or business entity and geographical location. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 – Regulated Marijuana Businesses: Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may share, and operate at, the same Licensed Premises with a commonly owned Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer. However, a separate license is required for each specific business or business entity, regardless of geographical location. In addition, a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may share, and operate at, the same Licensed Premises as a Marijuana Research and Development Facility so long as:
 - 1. Each business or business entity holds a separate license;
 - 2. The Marijuana Research and Development Facility obtains an R&D Co-Location Permit;
 - Both the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and the Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer comply with all terms and conditions of the R&D Co-Location Permit; and
 - 4. Both the Marijuana Research and Development Facility and the Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer comply with all applicable rules. See 5-700 Series Rules.
- B. <u>Authorized Transfers</u>. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer is authorized to Transfer Retail Marijuana as follows:
 - 1. <u>Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product</u>.
 - A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may Transfer Retail Marijuana
 Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product to Retail Marijuana Stores, other Retail
 Marijuana Products Manufacturers, Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities, Retail
 Marijuana Hospitality and Sales Businesses, and Pesticide Manufacturers.
 - b. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may Transfer Retail Marijuana Product and Retail Marijuana Concentrate to a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility that has been issued a Centralized Distribution Permit.
 - Prior to any Transfer pursuant to this Rule 6-305(B)(1)(b), a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall verify the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility possesses a valid Centralized Distribution Permit. See Rule 6-205 – Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility: License Privileges.
 - ii. For any Transfer pursuant to this Rule 6-305(B)(1)(b), a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall only Transfer Retail Marijuana Product and Retail Marijuana Concentrate that is packaged and labeled for Transfer to a consumer. See 3-1000 Series Rules.
 - c. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer and Accelerator Manufacturer may Transfer Retail Marijuana Concentrate to a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer in compliance with Rules 6-335 and 6-830.

- 2. <u>Retail Marijuana</u>. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may Transfer Retail Marijuana to other Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer, Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities, and Retail Marijuana Stores.
- 3. <u>Sampling Units</u>. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may also Transfer Sampling Units of its own Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product to a designated Sampling Manager in accordance with the restrictions set forth in section 44-10-603(10), C.R.S., and Rule 6-320.
- C. <u>Manufacture of Retail Marijuana Concentrate, Retail Marijuana Product, Pre-Rolled Marijuana,</u> <u>and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana Authorized</u>. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may manufacture, prepare, package, store, and label Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product comprised of Retail Marijuana and other Ingredients intended for use or consumption, such as Edible Retail Marijuana Products, ointments, or tinctures. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may also produce Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana.
 - 1. <u>Industrial Hemp Product Authorized</u>. This subparagraph (C)(1) is effective July 1, 2020. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer that uses Industrial Hemp Product as an Ingredient in the manufacture and preparation of Retail Marijuana Product must comply with this subparagraph (C)(1) of this Rule.
 - a. Prior to accepting and taking possession of any Industrial Hemp Product for use as an Ingredient in a Retail Marijuana Product the Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall verify the following:
 - i. That the Industrial Hemp Product has passed all required testing pursuant to the 4-100 Series Rules at a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility; and
 - ii. That the Person Transferring the Industrial Hemp Product to the Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer is registered with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment pursuant to section 25-5-426, C.R.S.
- D. <u>Location Prohibited</u>. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may not manufacture, prepare, package, store, or label Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product in a location that is operating as a retail food establishment.
- E. <u>Samples Provided for Testing</u>. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may provide samples of its Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product to a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility for testing and research purposes. The Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall maintain the testing results as part of its business books and records. *See* Rule 3-905 Business Records Required.
- F. <u>Authorized Marijuana Transport</u>. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer is authorized to utilize a Retail Marijuana Transporter for transportation of its Retail Marijuana so long as the place where transportation orders are taken is a Retail Marijuana Business and the transportation order is delivered to a Retail Marijuana Business, or Pesticide Manufacturer. Nothing in this Rule prevents a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer from transporting its own Retail Marijuana.
- G. <u>Performance-Based Incentives</u>. A Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may compensate its employees using performance-based incentives, including sales-based performance-based incentives. However, a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may not compensate a Sampling Manager using Sampling Units. *See* Rule 6-320 Sampling Unit Protocols.

6-400 Series – Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities

Please Note: The following proposed revisions seek to implement SB 23-271 statutory revisions in section 44-10-602.

Basis and Purpose – 6-405

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(a), 44-10-202(1)(b), 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-202(4), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(3)(c), 44-10-203(3)(d), 44-10-313(8)(a), 44-10-313(14), 44-10-401(2)(b)(IV), 44-10-604, 35-61-104, and 35-61-105.5, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish the license privileges granted by the State Licensing Authority to Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities. This Rule 6-405 was previously Rule R 701.

6-405 – Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities: License Privileges

- A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>. A separate License is required for each specific Retail Marijuana Testing Facility and only those privileges granted by the Marijuana Code and any rules promulgated pursuant to it may be exercised on the Licensed Premises. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 – Regulated Marijuana Businesses: Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may share and operate at the same Licensed Premises with a Medical Marijuana Testing Facility with identical ownership.
- B. <u>Testing of Retail Marijuana Authorized</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may accept Samples of Retail Marijuana from Retail Marijuana Businesses for testing and research purposes only. The Division may require a Retail Marijuana Business to submit a Sample of Retail Marijuana to a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility upon demand.
- C. <u>Product Development Authorized</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may develop Retail Marijuana Product, but is not authorized to engage in the manufacturing privileges described in section 44-10-603, C.R.S., and Rule 6-305 – Retail Marijuana Manufacturing Facilities: License Privileges.
- D. <u>Transferring Samples to Another Licensed and Certified Retail Marijuana Testing Facility</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may Transfer Samples to another Retail Marijuana Testing Facility for testing. All laboratory reports provided to or by a Retail Marijuana Business must identify the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility that actually conducted the test.
- E. <u>Testing of Registered and Tracked Industrial Hemp Authorized</u>.
 - 1. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may accept and test Industrial Hemp as regulated by Article 61 of Title 35, C.R.S.
 - 2. Before a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility accepts a sample of Industrial-Hemp, the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall verify that the Person submitting the sample is registered with the Commissioner of the Colorado Department of Agriculture, pursuant to section 35-61-104, C.R.S.
 - 3. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility is responsible for entering tracking samples of Industrial-Hemp in the Inventory Tracking System pursuant to the 3-800 Series Rules.
 - 4. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall be permitted to test Industrial Hemp only in the category(ies) that the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility is certified to perform testing in pursuant to Rule 6-415 Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities: Certification Requirements.

- 5. In accordance with section 35-61-105.5, C.R.S., a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall provide the results of any testing performed on Industrial-Hemp to the Person submitting the sample of Industrial-Hemp and to the Colorado Department of Agriculture.
- 6. Nothing in these rules shall be construed to require a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility to accept and/or test Samples of Industrial Hemp.
- F. <u>Testing of Industrial Hemp Product Authorized</u>.
 - 1. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may accept and test samples of Industrial Hemp Products.
 - 2. Before a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility accepts a sample of Industrial-Hemp Product, the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall verify that the Person submitting the sample is registered with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment pursuant to section 25-5-426, C.R.S.
 - A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility is responsible for entering and tracking samples of Industrial Hemp Product in the inventory tracking system pursuant to the 3-800 Series Rules.
 - 4. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall be permitted to test Industrial Hemp Product only in the category(ies) that the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility is certified to perform testing in pursuant to Rule 6-415 Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities: Certification Requirements.
 - 5. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may provide the results of any testing performed on Industrial Hemp Product to the Person submitting the sample of Industrial Hemp Product.
 - 6. Nothing in these rules shall be construed to require a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility to accept and/or test samples of Industrial Hemp Product.
- G. <u>Authorized Retail Marijuana Transport</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility is authorized to utilize a licensed Retail Marijuana Transporter to transport Samples of Retail Marijuana for testing, in accordance with the Marijuana Code and Marijuana Rules, between the originating Retail Marijuana Business requesting testing services and the destination Retail Marijuana Testing Facility performing testing services. Nothing in this Rule requires a Retail Marijuana Business to utilize a Retail Marijuana Transporter to transport Samples of Retail Marijuana for testing.
- H. <u>Authorized Transfers.</u>
 - 1. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may Transfer Immature Plants, Regulated Marijuana seeds, and Genetic Material to a Regulated Marijuana Cultivation Facility. Any Transfers made under this Rule must be in compliance with the 3-800 and the 3-900 Rules Series.
 - 2. It shall be considered a conflict of interest and a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall not perform testing required under the 4-100 Series Rules for a Regulated Marijuana Business Licensee that the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility has Transferred Immature Plants, Regulated Marijuana seeds, or Genetic Material to.
- I. Violation Affecting Public Safety. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose – 6-410

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(a), 44-10-202(1)(b), 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-401(2)(b)(IV), 44-10-604, 44-10-701, 35-61-104, and 35-61-105.5, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to clarify those acts that are limited in some fashion, or prohibited, by a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility. This Rule 6-410 was previously Rule R 702, 1 CCR 212-2.

6-410 – Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities: General Limitations or Prohibited Acts

- A. <u>Prohibited Financial Interest</u>. A Person who is Controlling Beneficial Owner or Passive Beneficial of a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility, Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer, Retail Marijuana Store, Medical Marijuana Store, Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, or a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer shall not be a Controlling Beneficial Owner or Passive Beneficial Owner of a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility.
- B. <u>Conflicts of Interest</u>. The Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall establish policies to prevent the existence of or appearance of undue commercial, financial, or other influences that may diminish the competency, impartiality, and integrity of the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility's testing processes or results, or that may diminish public confidence in the competency, impartiality and integrity of the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility's testing processes or results. At a minimum, employees, owners or agents of a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility who participate in any aspect of the analysis and results of a Sample or Test Batch are prohibited from improperly influencing the testing process, improperly manipulating data, or improperly benefiting from any on-going financial, employment, personal or business relationship with the Retail Marijuana Business that provided the Sample.
- C. <u>Transfer of Retail Marijuana Prohibited</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall not Transfer Retail Marijuana to another Retail Marijuana Business or a consumer, except that a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may Transfer a Sample to another Retail Marijuana Testing Facility.
- D. <u>Destruction of Received Samples</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall properly dispose of all Samples it receives, that are not Transferred to another Retail Marijuana Testing Facility, after all necessary tests have been conducted and any required period of storage. See Rule 3-230 Waste Disposal.
- E. <u>Sample Rejection</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall reject any Sample where the condition of the Sample at receipt indicates that the Sample may have been tampered with.
- F. <u>Retail Marijuana Business Requirements Applicable</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall be considered a Licensed Premises. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall be subject to all requirements applicable to Retail Marijuana Businesses.
- G. <u>Retail Marijuana Testing Facility Inventory Tracking System Required</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility must use the Inventory Tracking System to ensure all Test Batches or Samples containing Retail Marijuana are identified and tracked from the point they are Transferred from a Retail Marijuana Business through the point of Transfer or destruction or disposal. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility that performs testing on Industrial Hemp must use the Inventory Tracking System to ensure all samples of Industrial Hemp are identified and tracked from the point they are Transferred from a cultivator registered with the Commissioner of the Colorado Department of Agriculture, pursuant to section 35-61-104, C.R.S., to the point of Transfer or destruction or disposal. The Inventory Tracking System reporting shall include the results of any tests that are conducted on Retail Marijuana or Industrial Hemp. See also Rule 3-805 Regulated Marijuana Businesses: Inventory Tracking System and Rule 3-825 Reporting and Inventory Tracking System. The Retail Marijuana Testing Facility must have the ability to reconcile its Sample records with the Inventory Tracking System and Rule 3-825.

- H. <u>Testing of Unregistered or Untracked Industrial Hemp or Industrial Hemp Products Prohibited.</u>
 - 1. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility is authorized to accept or test Industrial-Hemp only if (1) the entity providing the Samples of Industrial-Hemp is regulated by Article 61 of Title 35, C.R.S., (2) the Industrial-Hemp is submitted by a registered cultivator, and (3) the Industrial-Hemp is tracked in the Inventory Tracking System.
 - 2. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility is authorized to accept or test Industrial Hemp Product only if (1) the entity providing the Samples of Industrial Hemp Product is registered and regulated pursuant to Article 4 or Title 25, C.R.S., and (2) the Industrial Hemp Product being submitted for testing is tracked in the Inventory Tracking System.
- I. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose - 6-420

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(a), 44-10-202(1)(b), 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(c), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(3)(d), 44-10-401(2)(b)(IV), 44-10-604, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish personnel standards for the operation of a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility. This Rule 6-420 was previously Rule R 704, 1 CCR 212-2.

6-420 – Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities: Personnel

- A. <u>Laboratory Director</u>. The laboratory director is responsible for the overall analytical operation and quality of the results reported by the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility, including the employment of personnel who are competent to perform test procedures, and record and report test results promptly, accurately, and proficiently and for assuring compliance with the standards set forth in this Rule.
 - 1. The laboratory director may also serve as a supervisory analyst or testing analyst, or both, for a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility.
 - 2. The laboratory director for a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility must meet one of the following qualification requirements:
 - a. The laboratory director must be a Medical Doctor (M.D.) licensed to practice medicine in Colorado and have at least three years of full-time laboratory experience in a regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body; or
 - b. The laboratory director must hold a doctoral degree in one of the natural sciences and have at least three years of full-time laboratory experience in a regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body;
 - c. The laboratory director must hold a master's degree in one of the natural sciences and have at least five years of full-time laboratory experience in a regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body; or
 - d. The laboratory director must hold a bachelor's degree in one of the natural sciences and have at least seven years of full-time laboratory experience in a

regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body.

- B. <u>What the Laboratory Director May Delegate</u>. The laboratory director may delegate the responsibilities assigned under this Rule to a qualified supervisory analyst, provided that such delegation is made in writing and a record of the delegation is maintained. See Rule 3-905 Business Records Required. Despite the designation of a responsibility, the laboratory director remains responsible for ensuring that all duties are properly performed.
- C. <u>Responsibilities of the Laboratory Director</u>. The laboratory director must:
 - 1. Ensure that the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility has adequate space, equipment, materials, and controls available to perform the tests reported;
 - 2. Establish and adhere to a written standard operating procedure used to perform the tests reported;
 - 3. Ensure that testing systems developed and used for each of the tests performed in the laboratory provide quality laboratory services for all aspects of test performance, which includes the preanalytic, analytic, and postanalytic phases of testing;
 - 4. Ensure that the physical location and environmental conditions of the laboratory are appropriate for the testing performed and provide a safe environment in which employees are protected from physical, chemical, and biological hazards;
 - 5. Ensure that the test methodologies selected have the capability of providing the quality of results required for the level of testing the laboratory is certified to perform;
 - 6. Ensure that validation and verification test methods used are adequate to determine the accuracy, precision, and other pertinent performance characteristics of the method;
 - 7. Ensure that testing analysts perform the test methods as required for accurate and reliable results;
 - 8. Ensure that the laboratory is enrolled in and successfully participates in a Division approved Proficiency Testing program;
 - 9. Ensure that the quality control and quality assessment programs are established and maintained to assure the quality of laboratory services provided and to identify failures in quality as they occur;
 - 10. Ensure the establishment and maintenance of acceptable levels of analytical performance for each test system;
 - 11. Ensure that all necessary remedial actions are taken and documented whenever significant deviations from the laboratory's established performance specifications are identified, and that test results are reported only when the system is functioning properly;
 - 12. Ensure that reports of test results include pertinent information required for interpretation;
 - 13. Ensure that consultation is available to the laboratory's clients on matters relating to the quality of the test results reported and their interpretation of said results;

- 14. Employ a sufficient number of laboratory personnel who meet the qualification requirements and provide appropriate consultation, properly supervise, and ensure accurate performance of tests and reporting of test results;
- 15. Ensure that prior to testing any samples, all testing analysts receive the appropriate training for the type and complexity of tests performed, and have demonstrated and documented that they can perform all testing operations reliably to provide and report accurate results;
- 16. Ensure that policies and procedures are established for monitoring individuals who conduct preanalytical, analytical, and postanalytical phases of testing to assure that they are competent and maintain their competency to process Samples, perform test procedures and report test results promptly and proficiently, avoid actual and apparent conflicts of interests, and whenever necessary, identify needs for remedial training or continuing education to improve skills;
- 17. Ensure that an approved standard operating procedure manual is available to all personnel responsible for any aspect of the testing process; and
- 18. Specify, in writing, the responsibilities and duties of each person engaged in the performance of the preanalytic, analytic, and postanalytic phases of testing, that identifies which examinations and procedures each individual is authorized to perform, whether supervision is required for Sample processing, test performance or results reporting, and whether consultant or laboratory director review is required prior to reporting test results.
- D. <u>Change in Laboratory Director</u>. In the event that the laboratory director leaves employment at the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility, the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall:
 - 1. Provide written notice to the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and the Division within seven days of the laboratory director's departure; and
 - 2. Designate an interim laboratory director within seven days of the laboratory director's departure. At a minimum, the interim laboratory director must meet the qualifications of a supervisory analyst.
 - 3. The Retail Marijuana Testing Facility must hire a permanent laboratory director within 60 days from the date of the previous laboratory director's departure.
 - 4. Notwithstanding the requirement of subparagraph (D)(3), the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility may submit a waiver request to the Division Director to receive an additional 60 days to hire a permanent laboratory director provided that the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility submits a detailed oversight plan along with the waiver request.
- E. <u>Supervisory Analyst</u>. Supervisory analysts must meet one of the qualifications for a laboratory director or have at least a bachelor's degree in one of the natural sciences and two years of full-time laboratory experience in a regulated laboratory environment performing analytical scientific testing in which the testing methods were recognized by an accrediting body. A combination of education and experience may substitute for the two years of full-time laboratory experience.

Please Note: The following revisions are clean-up from rule revisions adopted in 2022, as proposed by the Science & Policy Work Group.

F. Laboratory Testing Analyst.

- 1. <u>Educational Requirements</u>. An individual designated as a testing analyst must meet one of the qualifications for a laboratory director or supervisory analyst or:
 - a. Have at least a bachelor's degree in one of the natural sciences and one year of full-time experience in laboratory testing;
 - b. Have at least a bachelor's degree in one of the natural sciences;
 - eb. Have earned an associated degree in a laboratory science from an accredited institution; or
 - dc. Have education and training equivalent to that specified in subparagraph (F)(1) of this Rule that includes at least 60 semester hours, or equivalent, from an accredited institution that, at a minimum, include:
 - 24 semester hours of science courses that include six semester hours of chemistry, six semester hours of biology, and twelve semester hours of chemistry biology, or cannabis laboratory sciences in any combination; and
 - ii. Have a laboratory training that includes at least three months documented laboratory training each testing category in which the individual performs testing; or
 - ed. Have at least five years of full time experience in laboratory testing and have laboratory training that includes at least three months documented laboratory training in each testing category in which the individual performs testing.
- <u>Responsibilities</u>. In order to independently perform any test for a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility, an individual must at least meet the educational requirements for a testing analyst.
- G. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose – 6-425

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-202(4), 44-10-401(2)(b)(IV), and 44-10-604, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish standard operating procedure manual standards for the operation of a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility. This Rule 6-425 was previously Rule R 705, 1 CCR 212-2.

6-425 – Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities: Standard Operating Procedure Manual

- A. A standard operating procedure manual must include, but need not be limited to, procedures for:
 - 1. Test Batch receiving;
 - 2. Test Batch accessioning;
 - 3. Test Batch storage;
 - 4. Identifying, rejecting, and reporting unacceptable Test Batches;
 - 5. Recording and reporting discrepancies during Test Batch receiving an accessioning;

- 6. Security of Test Batches, aliquots and extracts and records;
- 7. Validating a new or revised method prior to testing of Test Batches to include: accuracy, precision, analytical sensitivity, analytical specificity (interferences), LOD, LOQ, and verification of the reportable range;
- 8. Test Batch preparation, including but not limited to, sub-sampling for testing, homogenization, and aliquoting Test Batches to avoid contamination and carry-over;
- 9. Test Batch archive retention to assure stability, as follows:
 - a. For Test Batches submitted for testing other than Pesticide contaminant testing, Test Batch retention for 14 days;
 - b. For Test Batch submitted for Pesticide contaminant testing, Test Batch retention for 90 days.
- 10. Disposal of Test Batches;
- 11. The theory and principles behind each assay;
- 12. Preparation and identification of reagents, standards, calibrators and controls and ensure all standards are traceable to National Institute of Standards of Technology ("NIST");
- 13. Special requirements and safety precautions involved in performing assays;
- 14. Frequency and number of control and calibration materials;
- 15. Recording and reporting assay results;
- 16. Protocol and criteria for accepting or rejecting analytical Procedure to verify the accuracy of the final report;
- 17. Pertinent literature references for each method;
- 18. Current step-by-step instructions with sufficient detail to perform the assay to include equipment operation and any abbreviated versions used by a testing analyst;
- 19. Acceptability criteria for the results of calibration standards and controls as well as between two aliquots or columns;
- 20. A documented system for reviewing the results of testing calibrators, controls, standards, and Test Batch results, as well as reviewing for clerical errors, analytical errors and any unusual analytical results and are corrective actions implemented and documented, and does the laboratory contact the requesting entity
- 21. Policies and procedures to follow when Test Batch are requested for referral and testing by another certified Retail Marijuana Testing Facility or an approved local or state agency's laboratory;
- 22. Testing Industrial Hemp, if the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility tests Industrial Hemp;
- 23. Investigating and documenting existing or potential Nonconformances and implementing Corrective Actions and/or Preventive Actions;

- 24. Contacting the requesting entity about existing Nonconformances; and
- 25. Retesting or additional analyses of Test Batches, including but need not be limited to, when it is appropriate to retest or perform an additional analysis of the Test Batch, when it is appropriate to request a new Test Batch from the requesting entity, and when it is appropriate for the requesting entity to request retesting (e.g., after failing Pesticide testing or elemental impurity testing on Regulated Marijuana flower, trim, shake, or wet whole plant as permitted by Rule 4-135(d) and 4-135(D.1));
- B. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

Basis and Purpose – 6-430

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-202(4), 44-10-401(2)(b)(IV), and 44-10-604, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish analytical processes standards for the operation of a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility. This Rule 6-430 was previously Rule R 706, 1 CCR 212-2.

6-430 – Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities: Analytical Processes

- A. <u>Gas Chromatography ("GC")</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility using GC must:
 - 1. Document the conditions of the gas chromatograph, including the detector response;
 - 2. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 3. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 4. Document the performance of new columns before use;
 - 5. Use an internal standard for each qualitative and quantitative analysis that has similar chemical and physical properties to that of the compound identified;
 - 6. Establish criteria of acceptability for variances between different aliquots and different columns; and
 - 7. Document the monitoring of the response (area or peak height) of the internal standard to ensure consistency overtime of the analytical system.
- B. <u>Gas Chromatography Mass Spectrometry ("GC/MS")</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility using GC/MS must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 2. Document the changes of septa as specified in the standard operating procedure;
 - 3. Document liners being cleaned or replaced as specified in the standard operating procedure;
 - 4. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 5. Maintain records of mass spectrometric tuning;

- 6. Establish written criteria for an acceptable mass-spectrometric tune;
- 7. Document corrective actions if a mass-spectrometric tune is unacceptable;
- 8. Monitor analytic analyses to check for contamination and carry-over;
- 9. Use selected ion monitoring within each run to assure that the laboratory compares ion ratios and retention times between calibrators, controls and samples for identification of an analyte;
- 10. Use an internal standard for qualitative and quantitative analysis that has similar chemical and physical properties to that of the compound identified and is isotopically labeled when available or appropriate for the assay;
- 11. Document the monitoring of the response (area or peak height) for the internal standard to ensure consistency overtime of the analytical system;
- 12. Define the criteria for designating qualitative results as positive;
- 13. When a library is used to qualitatively identify an analyte, the identity of the analyte must be confirmed before reporting results by comparing the relative retention time and mass spectrum to that of a known standard or control run on the same system; and
- 14. Evaluate the performance of the instrument after routine and preventive maintenance (*e.g.* clipping or replacing the column or cleaning the source) prior to analyzing subject samples.
- C. <u>Immunoassays</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility using Immunoassays must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Validate any changes or modifications to a manufacturer's approved assays or testing methods when a sample is not included within the types of samples approved by the manufacturer; and
 - 4. Define acceptable separation or measurement units (absorbance intensity or counts per minute) for each assay, which must be consistent with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. <u>Thin Layer Chromatography ("TLC")</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility using TLC must:
 - 1. Apply unextracted standards to each thin layer chromatographic plate;
 - 2. Include in their written procedure the preparation of mixed solvent systems, spray reagents and designation of lifetime;
 - 3. Include in their written procedure the storage of unused thin layer chromatographic plates;
 - 4. Evaluate, establish, and document acceptable performance for new thin layer chromatographic plates before placing them into service;

- 5. Verify that the spotting technique used precludes the possibility of contamination and carry-over;
- 6. Measure all appropriate RF values for qualitative identification purposes;
- 7. Use and record sequential color reactions, when applicable;
- 8. Maintain records of thin layer chromatographic plates; and
- 9. Analyze an appropriate matrix blank with each batch of Samples analyzed.
- E. <u>High Performance Liquid Chromatography ("HPLC")</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility using HPLC must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Monitor and document the performance of the HPLC instrument each day of testing;
 - 4. Evaluate the performance of new columns before use;
 - 5. Create written standards for acceptability when eluting solvents are recycled;
 - 6. Use an internal standard for each qualitative and quantitative analysis that has similar chemical and physical properties to that of the compound identified when available or appropriate for the assay; and
 - 7. Document the monitoring of the response (area or peak height) of the internal standard to ensure consistency overtime of the analytical system.
- F. <u>Liquid Chromatography Mass Spectroscopy ("LC/MS"</u>). A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility using LC/MS must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Maintain records of mass spectrometric tuning;
 - 4. Document corrective actions if a mass-spectrometric tune is unacceptable;
 - 5. Use an internal standard with each qualitative and quantitative analysis that has similar chemical and physical properties to that of the compound identified and is isotopically labeled when available or appropriate for the assay;
 - 6. Document the monitoring of the response (area or peak height) of the internal standard to ensure consistency overtime of the analytical system;
 - 7. Compare two transitions and retention times between calibrators, controls and samples within each run;

- 8. Document and maintain records when changes in source, source conditions, eluent, or column are made to the instrument; and
- 9. Evaluate the performance of the instrument when changes in: source, source conditions, eluent, or column are made prior to reporting test results.
- G. <u>Microbial Assays</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility using microbial assays must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer and standard operating procedures;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Validate any changes or modifications to a manufacturer's approved assays or testing methods when a test sample is not included within the types of Test Batches approved by the manufacturer;
 - 4. Verify the method at the action levels for each analyte. Verification at the qualitative presence/absence limit shall include a fractional recovery study unless otherwise completed by the manufacturer and approved by an independent scientific body.
 - Include controls for each batch of test samples. Quantitative microbial methods shall use controls of a specific known value or set of values that lies within the quantifiable range of the method;
 - For molecular methods, the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility shall include controls for each individual analytical run. Quantitative molecular methods shall use controls of a specific known value or set of values that lies within the quantifiable range of the method;
 - 7. PCR-based and qPCR-based methods must include validated internal amplification controls;
 - 8. Microbial methods must include steps to confirm presumptive positive results; confirmation methods may be molecular or cultural or both. Confirmation methods must include quality controls that match the organism which is being confirmed.
- H. <u>Water Activity</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility analyzing water activity must:
 - 1. Perform and document preventive maintenance as required by the manufacturer and standard operating procedures;
 - 2. Ensure that records are maintained and readily available to the staff operating the equipment;
 - 3. Specify all unique method parameters, such as temperature, sample surface area, volatile compound interferences, including but not limited to temperature;
 - 4. Evaluate the performance of the method after routine and preventive maintenance prior to analyzing the Test Batch;
 - 5. Establish criteria for acceptable instrument performance.

- I. <u>Analytical Methodology</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility must validate new methodology and revalidate any changes to approved methodology prior to testing Test Batches. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility must:
 - Implement a performance based measurement system for the selected methodology and validate the method following good laboratory practices prior to reporting results. Validation of other or new methodology must include when applicable, but is not limited to:
 - a. Verification of Accuracy
 - b. Verification of Precision
 - c. Verification of Analytical Sensitivity
 - d. Verification of Analytical Specificity
 - e. Verification of the LOD
 - f. Verification of the LOQ
 - g. Verification of the Reportable Range
 - h. Identification of Interfering Substances
 - 2. Validation of the other or new methodology must be documented.
 - 3. Prior to use, other or new methodology must have a standard operating procedure approved and signed by the laboratory director.
 - 4. Testing analysts must have documentation of competency assessment prior to testing Samples.
 - 5. Any changes to the approved other or new methodology must be revalidated and documented prior to testing Samples.
- J. <u>Testing Validation of Complex Matrices</u>. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility must include a variety of matrices as part of the validation/verification process. During method validation/verification, a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility must:
 - 1. Select matrices which best represent each category of products to be tested as listed in Rule 4-115(D). The laboratory shall independently determine the category of matrix a product falls within; properties to consider include fat content, cannabinoid content, pH, salt content, sugar content, water activity, the presence of know chemical compounds, microbial flora and antimicrobial compounds.
 - 2. Perform a new matrix validation, prior to reporting results, on matrices which are either A) a new category of matrix or B) considerably different from the original matrix validated within the category.
 - a. For example, the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility intends to receive the topical product "bath bombs" for testing, but previous validation studies for topical product included lotion and massage oil. A new validation should be performed for the product prior to testing since salt content and other properties differ vastly from the original matrices validated.

- 3. Perform a matrix verification (a client matrix spike or similar consisting of the target analyte(s) at the time of analysis) on matrices submitted for testing which differ slightly from those initially validated but which fall within a category already validated.
 - a. For example, the Retail Marijuana Testing Facility receives a new edible type matrix for testing (snickerdoodle cookies) but previous validation included gummies and hard candy. A spike of a portion of the submitted material must be analyzed prior to, or at the time of, sample analysis.
- K. All Test Batches and Industrial Hemp Product must be tested as received, must not be manipulated, and tested in a manner that ensures results are representative of sample as received.
- L. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.

6-700 Series – Accelerator Cultivator Licenses

Please Note: The following proposed revisions seek to implement SB 23-271 statutory revisions in section 44-10-602.

Basis and Purpose – 6-705

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(2)(j), 44-10-203(2)(r), 44-10-203(2)(aa), 44-10-203(3)(c), 44-10-401(2)(b)(VII), 44-10-602, and 44-10-607 C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish the license privileges granted by the State Licensing Authority to an Accelerator Cultivator licensee.

6-705 – Accelerator Cultivator: License Privileges

- A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>.
 - 1. <u>Shared Licensed Premises</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator may operate on the same Licensed Premises as a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility that is an Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee pursuant to the 3-1100 Series Rules.
 - 2. <u>Separate Licensed Premises</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator may operate on a separate premises in the possession of a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility that is an Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee pursuant to the 3-1100 Series Rules.
 - 3. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 Regulated Marijuana Businesses: Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility may share, and operate at, the same Licensed Premises with a commonly owned Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility. However, a separate license is required for each specific business or business entity, regardless of geographical location. A Regulated Marijuana Business that is operating at the same premises as a commonly owned Medical Marijuana Business may become an Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee. An Accelerator Cultivator may operate at the premises where the Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee operates along with the commonly owned Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility.
- B. <u>Cultivation of Retail Marijuana and Production of Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled</u> <u>Marijuana from Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate Authorized</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator may propagate, cultivate, harvest, prepare, cure, package, store, and label Retail Marijuana and Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate. An Accelerator

Cultivator may also produce Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana from Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate.

- C. <u>Authorized Transfers</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator may only Transfer Retail Marijuana and Physical Separation-Based Retail Marijuana Concentrate to another Retail Marijuana Business or to a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility in compliance with Rule 6-230.
 - 1. An Accelerator Cultivator shall not Transfer Flowering plants. An Accelerator Cultivator may only Transfer Vegetative plants as authorized pursuant to Rule 3-605.
 - 2. An Accelerator Cultivator may Transfer Sampling Units of Retail Marijuana or Retail Marijuana Concentrate to a designated Sampling Manager in accordance with the restrictions set forth in section 44-10-602(6), C.R.S., and Rule 6-725.
 - 3. An Accelerator Cultivator may Transfer Retail Marijuana or Retail Marijuana Concentrate to another Accelerator Cultivator or Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility prior to testing required by these rules for the purpose of Decontamination only after all other steps outlined in the Accelerator Cultivator's standard operating procedures have been completed, including but not limited to drying, curing, and trimming.
 - 4. An Accelerator Cultivator may Transfer Immature Plants, Retail Marijuana seeds, and <u>Genetic Material to a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility, a Retail Marijuana Cultivation</u> <u>Facility, or an Accelerator Cultivator. Transfers made under this Rule must be in</u> <u>compliance with the 3-800 and the 3-900 Rules Series.</u>
- D. <u>Authorized On-Premises Storage</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator is authorized to store inventory on the Licensed Premises. All inventory stored on the Licensed Premises must be secured in a Limited Access Area and tracked consistently with the inventory tracking rules.
- E. <u>Samples Provided for Testing</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator may provide Samples of its Retail Marijuana to a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility for testing and research purposes. The Accelerator Cultivator shall maintain the testing results as part of its business books and records. See Rule 3-905 – Business Records Required.
- F. <u>Authorized Marijuana Transport</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator is authorized to utilize a licensed Retail Marijuana Transporter for transportation of its Retail Marijuana so long as the place where transportation orders are taken and delivered is a licensed Retail Marijuana Business. Nothing in this Rule prevents an Accelerator Cultivator from transporting its own Retail Marijuana.
- G. <u>Performance-Based Incentives</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator may compensate its employees using performance-based incentives, including sales-based performance-based incentives. However, an Accelerator Cultivator may not compensate a Sampling Manager using Sampling Units. See Rule 6-725 Sampling Unit Protocols.
- H. <u>Authorized Sources of Retail Marijuana, Seeds, and Immature Plants, and Genetic Material</u>.
 - 1. An Accelerator Cultivator shall onlymay obtain Retail Marijuana seeds or Immature Plants from its own Retail Marijuana, properly Transferred Medical Marijuana cultivated at a Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility with at least one identical Controlling Beneficial Owner, or properly Transferred from another Retail Marijuana Business pursuant to the inventory tracking requirements in the 3-800 Series Rules. An Accelerator Cultivator may not bring seeds, Immature Plants, or other marijuana that is not Regulated Marijuana onto the Licensed Premises at any time.

- 2. An Accelerator Cultivator may obtain Retail Marijuana seeds, Immature Plants, and Genetic Material from:
 - a. Another Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facility or Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility;
 - b. A Retail Marijuana Testing Facility;
 - c. A marijuana cultivation or testing facility licensed or otherwise approved pursuant to a permit or registration issued by a government agency to operate in another state or territory of the United States; or
 - d. Pursuant to any federal legal authority allowing interstate commerce of Regulated Marijuana.
- 3. Transfers made under subparagraph (H)(2) of this Rule must be in compliance with the 3-800 and the 3-900 Rules Series.
- I. <u>Centralized Distribution Permit</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator may apply to the State Licensing Authority for a Centralized Distribution Permit for authorization to temporarily store Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product received from a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer for the sole purpose of Transfer to commonly owned Accelerator Stores.
 - 1. For purposes of a Centralized Distribution Permit only, the term "commonly owned" means at least one natural person has a minimum of five percent ownership in both the Accelerator Cultivator possessing a Centralized Distribution Permit and the Accelerator Store to which the Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product will be Transferred.
 - 2. To apply for a Centralized Distribution Permit, an Accelerator Cultivator may submit an addendum to its new or renewal application or a separate addendum prior to a renewal application on forms prepared by the Division to request a Centralized Distribution Permit. The Accelerator Cultivator shall send a copy of its Centralized Distribution Permit addendum to the Local Licensing Authority in the jurisdiction in which the Centralized Distribution Permit is proposed at the same time it submits the addendum to the State Licensing Authority.
 - 3. An Accelerator Cultivator that has been issued a Centralized Distribution Permit and has obtained all required approvals from the local licensing jurisdiction where it is located, if any, may accept Transfers of Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product from a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer for the sole purpose of temporary storage and Transfer to commonly owned Accelerator Stores.
 - a. An Accelerator Cultivator may only accept Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product that is packaged and labeled for sale to a consumer pursuant to the 3-1000 Series Rules.
 - b. An Accelerator Cultivator storing Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product pursuant to a Centralized Distribution Permit shall not store such Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product on the Accelerator Cultivator's Licensed Premises for more than 90 days from the date of receipt.

- c. All Transfers of Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product by an Accelerator Cultivator pursuant to a Centralized Distribution Permit shall be without consideration.
- 4. All security and surveillance requirements that apply to an Accelerator Cultivator apply to activities conducted pursuant to the privileges of a Centralized Distribution Permit.
- J. <u>Transition Permit</u>. An Accelerator Cultivator may only operate at two geographical locations pursuant to Rule 2-255(D).

6-800 Series – Accelerator Manufacturer Licenses

Basis and Purpose – 6-805

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(a), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(d), 44-10-203(2)(g), 44-10-203(2)(i), 44-10-203(2)(y), 44-10-203(2)(a), 44-10-307(1)(j), 44-10-401(2)(b)(VIII), 44-10-603 and 44-10-608, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish the license privileges granted by the State Licensing Authority to an Accelerator Manufacturer.

6-805 – Accelerator Manufacturer: License Privileges

- A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>.
 - 1. <u>Shared Licensed Premises</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer may operate on the same Licensed Premises as a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer that is an Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee pursuant to the 3-1100 Series Rules.
 - 2. <u>Separate Licensed Premises</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer may operate on a separate premises in the possession of a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer that is an Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee pursuant to the 3-1100 Series Rules.
 - 3. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 Regulated Marijuana Businesses: Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, a Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer may share, and operate at, the same Licensed Premises with a commonly owned Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer Facility. However, a separate license is required for each specific business or business entity, regardless of geographical location. A Regulated Marijuana Business that is operating at the same premises as a commonly owned Medical Marijuana Business may become an Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee. An Accelerator Manufacturer may operate at the premises where the Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee operates along with the commonly owned Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer.
- B. <u>Authorized Transfers</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer is authorized to Transfer Retail Marijuana as follows:
 - 1. <u>Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product</u>.
 - a. An Accelerator Manufacturer may Transfer Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product to Retail Marijuana Stores, Accelerator Stores, other Accelerator Manufacturers, Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturers, Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities, Retail Marijuana Hospitality and Sales Businesses, and Pesticide Manufacturers.

- b. An Accelerator Manufacturer may Transfer Retail Marijuana Product and Retail Marijuana Concentrate to a Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility that has been issued a Centralized Distribution Permit.
 - i. Prior to any Transfer pursuant to this Rule 6-805(B)(1)(b), an Accelerator Manufacturer shall verify the Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility possesses a valid Centralized Distribution Permit. See Rule 6-205 – Retail Marijuana Cultivation Facility: License Privileges.
 - ii. For any Transfer pursuant to this Rule 6-805(B)(1)(b), an Accelerator Manufacturer shall only Transfer Retail Marijuana Product and Retail Marijuana Concentrate that is packaged and labeled for Transfer to a consumer. See 3-1000 Series Rules.
- c. An Accelerator Manufacturer may Transfer Retail Marijuana Concentrate to a Medical Marijuana Products Manufacturer in compliance with Rule 6-335.
- 2. <u>Retail Marijuana</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer may Transfer Retail Marijuana to other Accelerator Manufacturers, Retail Marijuana Products Manufacturer, Retail Marijuana Testing Facilities, Accelerator Stores, and Retail Marijuana Stores.
- 3. <u>Sampling Units</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer may also Transfer Sampling Units of its own Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product to a designated Sampling Manager in accordance with the restrictions set forth in section 44-10-603(10), C.R.S., and Rule 6-820.
- C. <u>Manufacture of Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product and Production of</u> <u>Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana Authorized</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer may manufacture, prepare, package, store, and label Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product comprised of Retail Marijuana and other Ingredients intended for use or consumption, such as Edible Retail Marijuana Products, ointments, or tinctures. An Accelerator Manufacturer may also produce Pre-Rolled Marijuana and Infused Pre-Rolled Marijuana.
 - 1. <u>Industrial-Hemp Product Authorized</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer that uses <u>Industrial</u> Hemp Product as an Ingredient in the manufacture and preparation of Retail Marijuana Product must comply with this subparagraph (C)(1) of this Rule.
 - a. Prior to accepting and taking possession of any Industrial Hemp Product for use as an Ingredient in a Retail Marijuana Product the Accelerator Manufacturer shall verify the following:
 - i. That the Industrial Hemp Product has passed all required testing pursuant to the 4-100 Series Rules at a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility; and
 - ii. That the Person Transferring the Industrial Hemp Product to the Accelerator Manufacturer is registered with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment pursuant to section 25-5-426, C.R.S.
- D. <u>Location Prohibited</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer may not manufacture, prepare, package, store, or label Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product in a location that is operating as a retail food establishment.
- E. <u>Samples Provided for Testing</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer may provide samples of its Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product to a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility for

testing and research purposes. The Accelerator Manufacturer shall maintain the testing results as part of its business books and records. See Rule 3-905 – Business Records Required.

- F. <u>Authorized Marijuana Transport</u>. An Accelerator Manufacturer is authorized to utilize a Retail Marijuana Transporter for transportation of its Retail Marijuana so long as the place where transportation orders are taken is a Retail Marijuana Business and the transportation order is delivered to a Retail Marijuana Business or Pesticide Manufacturer. Nothing in this Rule prevents an Accelerator Manufacturer from transporting its own Retail Marijuana.
- G. <u>Performance-Based Incentives</u> An Accelerator Manufacturer may compensate its employees using performance-based incentives, including sales-based performance-based incentives. However, an Accelerator Manufacturer may not compensate a Sampling Manager using Sampling Units. See Rule 6-820 – Sampling Unit Protocols.

6-1100 Series – Accelerator Store Licenses

Basis and Purpose – 6-1105

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(aa), 44-10-203(2)(dd), 44-10-401(2)(b)(I), 44-10-601, 44-10-605, and 44-10-611, C.R.S. The purpose of this rule is to establish the license privileges of an Accelerator Store.

6-1105 – Accelerator Store: License Privileges

- A. <u>Licensed Premises</u>.
 - 1. <u>Shared Licensed Premises</u>. An Accelerator Store may operate on the same Licensed Premises as a Retail Marijuana Store that is an Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee pursuant to the 3-1100 Series Rules.
 - 2. <u>Separate Licensed Premises</u>. An Accelerator Store may operate on a separate premises in the possession of a Retail Marijuana Store that is an Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee pursuant to the 3-1100 Series Rules.
 - 3. To the extent authorized by Rule 3-215 Regulated Marijuana Business– Shared Licensed Premises and Operational Separation, an Accelerator Store may share, and operate at, the same Licensed Premises as an Accelerator-Endorsed Licensee's Retail Marijuana Store that shares a Licensed Premises with a Medical Marijuana Store.
- B. <u>Authorized Sources of Retail Marijuana</u>. An Accelerator Store may only Transfer Retail Marijuana that was obtained from another Retail Marijuana Business.
- C. <u>Samples Provided for Testing</u>. An Accelerator Store may provide Samples of its products for testing and research purposes to a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility. The Accelerator Store shall maintain the testing results as part of its business books and records. *See* Rule 3-905 Business Records Required.
- D. <u>Authorized On-Premises Storage.</u> An Accelerator Store is authorized to store inventory on the Licensed Premises. All inventory stored on the Licensed Premises must be secured in a Limited Access Area or Restricted Access Area, and tracked consistently with the inventory tracking rules.
- E. <u>Authorized Marijuana Transport</u>. An Accelerator Store is authorized to utilize a licensed Retail Marijuana Transporter for transportation of its Retail Marijuana so long as the place where

transportation orders are taken and delivered is a licensed Retail Marijuana Business. Nothing in this Rule prevents an Accelerator Store from transporting its own Retail Marijuana.

- F. <u>Performance-Based Incentives</u>. An Accelerator Store may compensate its employees using performance-based incentives, including sales-based performance-based incentives.
- G. <u>Authorized Transfers of Industrial Hemp Products</u>. An Accelerator Store may Transfer Industrial Hemp Product to a consumer only after it has confirmed:
 - 1. That the Industrial Hemp Product has passed all required testing pursuant to the 4-100 Series Rules at a Retail Marijuana Testing Facility; and
 - 2. That the Person Transferring the Industrial Hemp Product to the Retail Marijuana Store is registered with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment pursuant to section 25-5-426, C.R.S.
- H. <u>Automated Vending Machine</u>. An Accelerator Store may use an automated machine in the Restricted Access Area of its Licensed Premises to dispense Regulated Marijuana to consumers without interaction with an Owner Licensee or Employee Licensee if the automated machine is reasonably monitored and complies with all requirements of these rules including but not limited to:
 - 1. Health and safety standards,
 - 2. Testing,
 - 3. Packaging and labeling requirements,
 - 4. Inventory tracking,
 - 5. Identification requirements, and
 - 6. Transfer limits to consumers.
- I. <u>Walk-up Window or Drive-up Window</u>. An Accelerator Store may serve customers through a walk-up window or drive-up window pursuant to the requirements of this rule.
 - 1. Modification of Premises Required. Before accepting orders for sales of Retail Marijuana to a customer through either a walk-up window or drive-up window, an Accelerator Store shall apply for, and obtain approval of, an application for a modification of its Licensed Premises for the addition of a walk-up window or drive-up window.
 - 2. The area immediately outside the walk-up window or drive-up window must be under the Licensee's possession and control and cannot include any public property such as public streets, public sidewalks, or public parking lots.
 - 3. Order and Identification Requirements.
 - a. Prior to accepting an order or Transferring Retail Marijuana to a customer, the Employee Licensee or Owner Licensee must physically view and inspect the consumer's identification and ensure that the consumer is 21 years of age or older.

- b. The Accelerator Store may accept telephone orders or may accept orders from the customer at the walk-up window or drive-up window. Accelerator Stores may not accept orders or payment for Retail Marijuana over the internet.
- c. All orders received through a walk-up window or a drive-up window must be placed by the customer from a menu. The Accelerator Store may not display Retail Marijuana at the walk-up or drive-up window.
- 4. Payment Requirements. Cash, credit, debit, cashless ATM, or other payment methods are permitted for payments for Retail Marijuana at the walk-up window or drive-up window.
- 5. Video Surveillance Requirements. For every Transfer of Regulated Marijuana through either a walk-up window or drive-up window, the Accelerator Store's video surveillance must enable the recording of the consumer's identity (and consumer's vehicle in the event of drive-up window), and must enable the recording of the Licensee verifying the consumer's identification and completion of the transaction through the Transfer of Regulated Marijuana.
- 6. Packaging and Labeling Requirements. An Accelerator Store utilizing a walk-up window or drive-up window must ensure that all Retail Marijuana is packaged and labeled in accordance with Rule 3-1010 and Rule 3-1015 prior to Transfer to the consumer.
- 7. Local Restrictions. Transfers of Regulated Marijuana using a walk-up window or drive-up window are subject to requirements and restrictions imposed by the relevant Local Jurisdiction.

Basis and Purpose – 6-1110

The statutory authority for this rule includes but is not limited to sections 44-10-202(1)(c), 44-10-203(2)(g), 44-10-203(2)(h), 44-10-203(4)(b), 44-10-203(1)(k), 44-10-203(2)(aa), 44-10-401(2)(b)(l), 44-10-601, 44-10-611, 44-10-701(1)(a), and 44-10-701(3)(d) and (f), C.R.S. Authority also exists in the Colorado Constitution at Article XVIII, Subsections 16(3)(a), 16(5)(a)(V) and 16(5)(a)(VIII). The purpose of this rule is to clarify those acts that are limited in some fashion, or prohibited, by an Accelerator Store. Such limitations include, but are not limited to, quantity limitations on sales and equivalencies for Retail Marijuana Concentrate and Retail Marijuana Product to Retail Marijuana flower. The establishment of equivalencies also provides information to stakeholders including Licensees, the general public, and law enforcement to aid in the enforcement of and compliance with the lawful personal possession limit of one ounce or less of marijuana. Setting these equivalencies provides Accelerator Stores and their employees with necessary information to avoid being complicit in a patron acquiring more marijuana than is lawful to possess under the Colorado Constitution pursuant to Article XVIII, Subsection 16(3)(a).

6-1110 – Accelerator Store: General Limitations or Prohibited Acts

- A. <u>Sales to Persons Under 21 Years</u>. Licensees are prohibited from Transferring, giving, or distributing Retail Marijuana to persons under 21 years of age. Licensees are prohibited from permitting a person under the age of 21 years of age from entering the Restricted Access Area.
- B. <u>Age Verification</u>. Prior to initiating the Transfer of Retail Marijuana, a Licensee must verify that the purchaser has a valid government-issued photo identification showing that the purchaser is 21 years of age or older.
- C. <u>Quantity Limitations On Sales</u>.

- 1. An Accelerator Store and its employees are prohibited from Transferring more than one ounce of Retail Marijuana flower or its equivalent in Retail Marijuana Concentrate or Retail Marijuana Product or more than six Retail Marijuana seeds in a single transaction to a consumer. A single transaction includes multiple Transfers to the same consumer during the same business day where the Accelerator Store employee knows or reasonably should know that such Transfer would result in that consumer possessing more than one ounce of marijuana. In determining the imposition of any penalty for violation of this Rule 6-1110(C), the State Licensing Authority will consider any mitigating and aggravating factors set forth in Rule 8-235(C).
- 2. <u>Equivalency</u>. Non-edible, non-psychoactive Retail Marijuana Products including ointments, lotions, balms, and other non-transdermal topical products are exempt from the one-ounce quantity limit on Transfers. For all other Retail Marijuana Products or Retail Marijuana Concentrate, the following equivalency applies for the one ounce quantity Transfer limit:
 - a. One ounce of Retail Marijuana flower shall be equivalent to eight grams of Retail Marijuana Concentrate.
 - b. One ounce of Retail Marijuana flower shall be equivalent to 80 ten-milligram servings of THC in Retail Marijuana Product.
- C.5. <u>Educational Resource</u>. When completing a sale of Retail Marijuana Concentrate, an Accelerator Store shall provide the consumer with the tangible educational resource created by the State Licensing Authority regarding the use of Regulated Marijuana Concentrate.
- D. <u>Licensees May Refuse Sales</u>. Nothing in these rules prohibits a Licensee from refusing to Transfer Retail Marijuana to a consumer.
- E. <u>Sales over the Internet</u>. Only an Accelerator Store holding a valid delivery permit taking orders for delivery may make sales over the internet. Only a Retail Marijuana Store holding a valid delivery permit and/or a Retail Marijuana Transporter holding a valid delivery permit may deliver Retail Marijuana to a private residence. All other Retail Marijuana Store and Retail Marijuana Transporter Licensees are prohibited from selling Retail Marijuana over the internet.
- F. <u>Delivery Outside Colorado Prohibited</u>. An Accelerator Store holding a valid delivery permit shall not deliver Retail Marijuana to an address that is outside the state of Colorado.
- G. <u>Prohibited Items</u>. An Accelerator Store is prohibited from selling or giving away any consumable product that is not a Retail Marijuana Product or an <u>Industrial</u> Hemp Product including, but not limited to, cigarettes or tobacco products, alcohol beverages, and food products or non-alcohol beverages that are not Retail Marijuana Product.
- H. <u>Free Product Prohibited</u>. An Accelerator Store may not give away Retail Marijuana to a consumer for any reason.
- I. <u>Nicotine or Alcohol Prohibited</u>. An Accelerator Store is prohibited from Transferring Retail Marijuana that contain nicotine or alcohol, if the sale of the alcohol would require a license pursuant to Articles 3, 4, or 5 of Title 44, C.R.S.
- J. <u>Storage and Display Limitations</u>.
 - 1. An Accelerator Store shall not display Retail Marijuana outside of a designated Restricted Access Area or in a manner in which Retail Marijuana can be seen from outside the

Licensed Premises. Storage of Retail Marijuana shall otherwise be maintained in Limited Access Areas or Restricted Access Area.

- 2. Any Retail Marijuana Concentrate displayed in an Accelerator Store must include the potency of the concentrate on a sign next to the name of the product.
 - a. The font on the sign must be large enough for a consumer to reasonably see from the location where a consumer would usually view the concentrate.
 - b. The potency displayed on the sign must be within plus or minus fifteen percent of the concentrate's actual potency.
- K. <u>Transfer of Expired Product Prohibited</u>. An Accelerator Store shall not Transfer any expired Retail Marijuana Product to a consumer.
- L. <u>Transfer Restriction</u>.
 - 1. <u>Sampling Units</u>. An Accelerator Store may not possess or Transfer Sampling Units.
 - <u>Research Transfers Prohibited</u>. An Accelerator Store shall not Transfer any Retail Marijuana to a Pesticide Manufacturer or a Marijuana Research and Development Facility.
- L.5. <u>Standard Operating Procedures</u>. An Accelerator Store must establish written standard operating procedures for the management and storage of Retail Marijuana inventory and the sale of Retail Marijuana to consumers. A written copy of the standard operating procedures must be maintained on the Licensed Premises.
 - 1. An Accelerator Store must provide adequate training to every Owner Licensee and Employee Licensee who performs a task or set of tasks that are referenced in the standard operating procedures. Adequate training must include, but need not be limited to, providing a copy of the standard operating procedures for that Licensed Premises detailing at least all of the topics required to be included in the standard operating procedures.
- M. Edibles Prohibited that are Shaped like a Human, Animal, or Fruit.
 - 1. The sale of Edible Retail Marijuana Products in the following shapes is prohibited:
 - a. The distinct shape of a human, animal, or fruit; or
 - b. A shape that bears the likeness or contains characteristics of a realistic or fictional human, animal, or fruit, including artistic, caricature, or cartoon renderings.
 - The prohibition on human, animal, and fruit shapes does not apply to the logo of a licensed Retail Marijuana Business. Nothing in this subparagraph (M)(2) alters or eliminates a Licensee's obligation to comply with the requirements of the 3-1000 Series Rules – Labeling, Packaging, and Product Safety.
 - 3. Edible Retail Marijuana Products that are geometric shapes and simply fruit flavored are not considered fruit and are permissible; and
 - 4. Edible Retail Marijuana Products that are manufactured in the shape of a marijuana leaf are permissible.

- N. <u>Adverse Health Event Reporting</u>. An Accelerator Store must report Adverse Health Events pursuant to Rule 3-920.
- O. <u>Corrective and Preventive Action</u>. An Accelerator Store shall establish and maintain written procedures for implementing Corrective Action and Preventive Action. The written procedures shall include the requirements listed below as determined by the Licensee. All activities required under this Rule, and their results, shall be documented and kept as business records. *See* Rule 3-905. The written procedures shall include requirements, as appropriate, for:
 - 1. What constitutes a Nonconformance in the Licensee's business operation;
 - Analyzing processes, work operations, reports, records, service records, complaints, returned product, and/or other sources of data to identify existing and potential root causes of Nonconformances or other quality problems;
 - 3. Investigating the root cause of Nonconformances relating to product, processes, and the quality system;
 - 4. Identifying the action(s) needed to correct and prevent recurrence of Nonconformance and other quality problems;
 - 5. Verifying the Corrective Action or Preventive Action to ensure that such action is effective and does not adversely affect finished products;
 - 6. Implementing and recording changes in methods and procedures needed to correct and prevent identified quality problems;
 - 7. Ensuring the information related to quality problems or Nonconformances is disseminated to those directly responsible for assuring the quality of products or the prevention of such problems; and
 - 8. Submitting relevant information on identified quality problems and Corrective Action and Preventive Action documentation, and confirming the result of the evaluation, for management review.
- P. <u>Violation Affecting Public Safety</u>. Failure to comply with this Rule may constitute a license violation affecting public safety.